

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 1.264, 329.594)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 1.264, 329.594) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 1.276, 324.268)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E2E4
RGB	228, 226, 228
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1068, 0.1147, 0.1068
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	300°, 4%, 89%
HSV	300°, 1%, 89%
XYZ	73.0184, 76.3034, 84.1018
YIQ	226.8260, 0.5500, 1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	228, 226, 228
Decimal	15000292
CIELab	90.00, 1.04, -0.75
CIElCh	90, 1.276, 324.268
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3128, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293190372 (0xFFE4E2E4)
YUV	226.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -3.6553, 4.0622

Details

The CIELCh color $90, 1.276, 324.268$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90, 1.255, 144.619$, and the grayscale version is $90, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $70, 1.342, 324.332$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84, 15.820, 325.021$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $96, 13.014, 143.972$.

Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (89%)

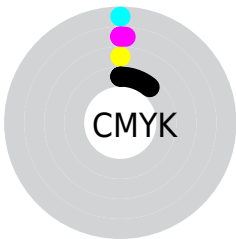
Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 1.276, 324.268

■ 90, 1.276, 324.268

100, 1.276,
324.268

■ 80, 1.276, 324.268

■ 70, 1.276, 324.268

■ 60, 1.276, 324.268

■ 50, 1.276, 324.268

■ 40, 1.276, 324.268

■ 30, 1.276, 324.268

■ 20, 1.276, 324.268

■ 10, 1.276, 324.268

■ 0, 1.276, 324.268

90, 1.276, 324.268

90, 1.276, 324.268

84, 15.820,
325.021

96, 13.014,
143.972

79, 30.463,
325.578

97, 17.006,
143.816

74, 44.959,
326.116

97, 17.005,
143.816

69, 58.960,
326.624

97, 17.005,
143.815

65, 72.008,
327.086

97, 17.005,
143.815

61, 83.559,
327.484

97, 17.005,
143.814

58, 93.046,
327.804

97, 17.005,
143.813

56, 100.008,
328.034

97, 17.005,
143.813

■ 55,104.242,
328.171

■ 97,17.005,
143.812

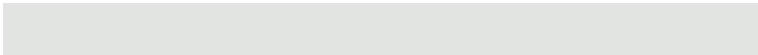
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 1.276, 324.268



90, 1.255, 144.619

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 1.276, 324.268



90, 1.276, 14.268



90, 1.276, 144.268



90, 1.276, 194.268

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 1.274, 324.267

100, 0.012, 296.813



90, 1.029, 289.671



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 1.274, 324.267



99, 1.592, 324.302



90, 0.904, 342.348



48, 0.830, 324.287



42, 88.428, 328.231



9, 37.108, 328.232

Inverse Universe

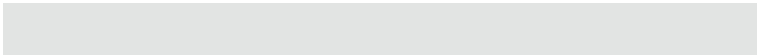
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 0.715, 18.608



99, 0.895, 18.726



90, 0.888, 163.190



48, 0.466, 18.675



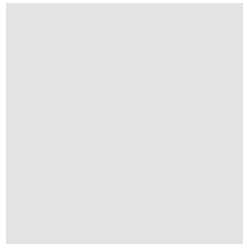
37, 79.983, 39.970



6, 27.105, 21.756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

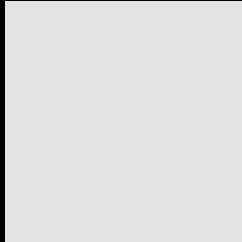
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

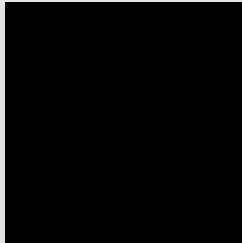
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

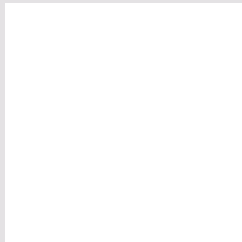
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 1.276, 324.268

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268.

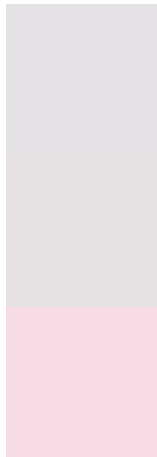


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 1.276, 324.268.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 1.276, 324.268

Protanopia

90, 2.084, 349.371

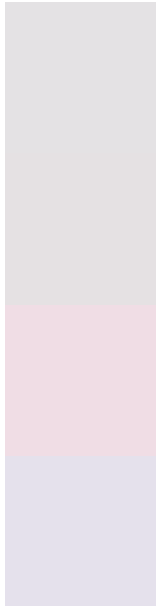
Deuteranopia

90, 11.384, 353.156



Tritanopia
90, 9.120, 304.147

Trichromacy



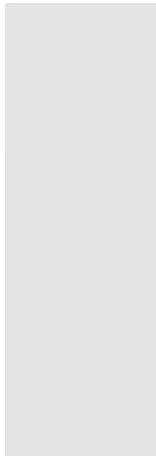
Original Color
90, 1.276, 324.268

Protanomaly
90, 1.784, 343.542

Deuteranomaly
90, 8.022, 348.783

Tritanomaly
90, 5.914, 304.400

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 1.276, 324.268

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 1.276, 324.268 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 226, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 226, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 226, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 226, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 1.276, 324.268 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 226, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 226, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 226, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 226, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 226, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 226,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 1.276, 324.268 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 226, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
226, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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