

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 10.672, 345.315)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 10.672, 345.315)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 10.659, 344.437)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4DCE8
RGB	244, 220, 232
RGB Percent	96%, 86%, 91%
CMY	0.0428, 0.1369, 0.0899
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.05, 0.04
HSL	330°, 52%, 91%
HSV	330°, 10%, 96%
XYZ	77.5244, 76.3034, 87.0429
YIQ	228.5440, 10.4520, 8.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

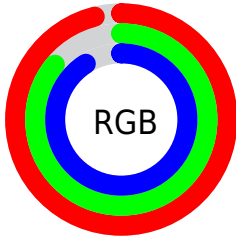
Format	Color
RYB	244, 220, 232
Decimal	16047336
CIELab	90.00, 10.27, -2.86
CIElCh	90, 10.659, 344.437
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3219, 0.3168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294237416 (0xFFFF4DCE8)
YUV	228.5440, 1.7038, 13.5549
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 5.5525, 2.0659

Details

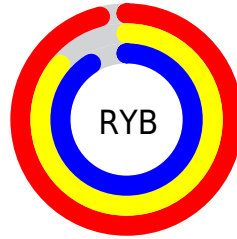
The CIELCh color **90, 10.659, 344.437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **94, 10.517, 162.870**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 10.603, 345.851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 21.724, 345.398**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 0.172, 166.390**.

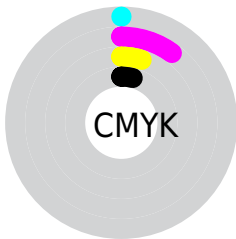
Distribution



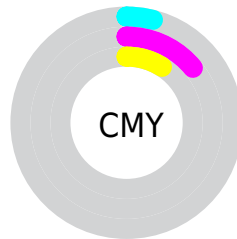
- Red (96%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (4%)





- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 10.659,
344.437


 90, 10.659,
344.437


 100, 10.659,
344.437


 80, 10.659,
344.437


 70, 10.659,
344.437

 60, 10.659,
344.437

 50, 10.659,
344.437

 40, 10.659,
344.437

 30, 10.659,
344.437

 20, 10.659,

344.437

■ 10, 10.659,
344.437

■ 0, 10.659, 344.437

■ 90, 10.659,
344.437

■ 90, 10.659,
344.437

■ 84, 21.724,
345.398

■ 96, 0.172, 166.390

■ 78, 32.878,
346.455

■ 99, 3.772, 199.342

■ 72, 43.871,
347.659

■ 67, 54.333,
349.064

■ 62, 63.770,
350.745

■ 59, 71.602,
352.813

■ 56, 77.298,
355.411

■ 54, 80.582,
358.708

■ 53, 81.861, 2.768

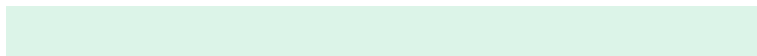
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 10.659, 344.437



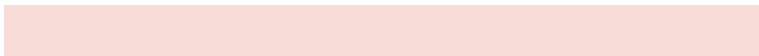
94, 10.517, 162.870

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 10.659, 344.437



90, 10.659, 34.437



90, 10.659, 164.437



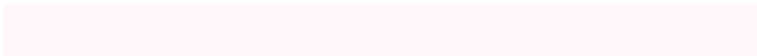
90, 10.659, 214.437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 10.656, 344.441



98, 3.343, 343.756



89, 13.243, 309.502



52, 2.536, 343.854



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

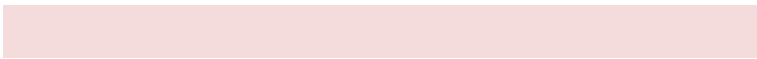
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 10.656, 344.441



92, 13.511, 344.646



90, 8.780, 19.968



48, 6.172, 344.409



40, 66.896, 2.033



9, 30.256, 355.907

Inverse Universe

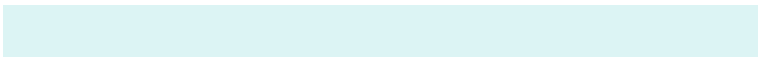
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 10.656, 344.441



92, 13.511, 344.646



95, 8.248, 198.944



48, 6.172, 344.409



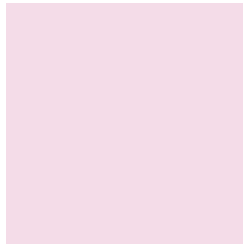
40, 66.896, 2.033



9, 30.256, 355.907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

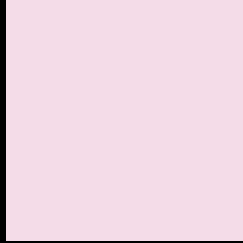
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

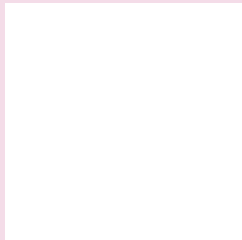
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 10.659, 344.437

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437.

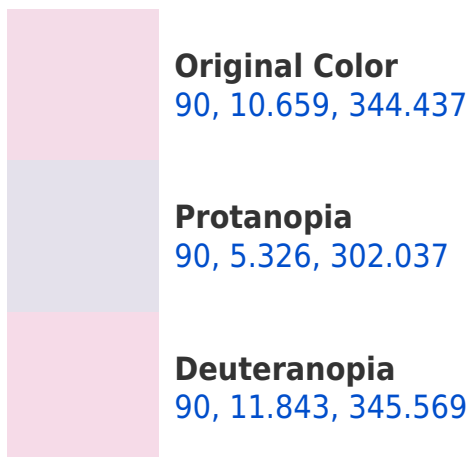


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 10.659, 344.437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

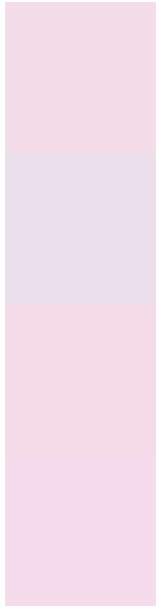
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 13.202, 335.307

Trichromacy



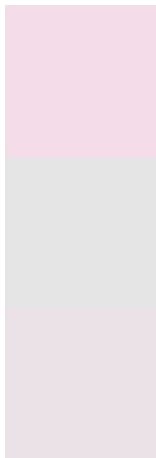
Original Color
90, 10.659, 344.437

Protanomaly
90, 6.965, 324.659

Deuteranomaly
90, 11.549, 344.510

Tritanomaly
90, 12.502, 338.687

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 10.659, 344.437

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 3.555, 343.803

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 10.659, 344.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 220, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 220, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 220, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 220, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 10.659, 344.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 220, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 220, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 220, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 220, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 220, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 220,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 10.659, 344.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 220, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
220, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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