

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 13.146, 20.344)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 13.146, 20.344) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 13.301, 20.325)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEDADA
RGB	254, 218, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 85%
CMY	0.0038, 0.1449, 0.1449
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	0°, 95%, 93%
HSV	0°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	78.6272, 76.3034, 76.9386
YIQ	228.7640, 21.4560, 7.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

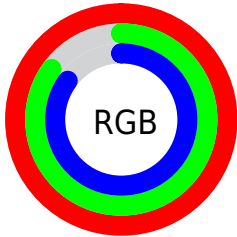
Format	Color
R _Y B	254, 218, 218
Decimal	16702170
CIE Lab	90.00, 12.47, 4.62
CIE LCh	90, 13.301, 20.325
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3391, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294892250 (0xFFFE _D A _D A)
YUV	228.7640, -5.3067, 22.1320
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 7.8060, 8.9242

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 13.301, 20.325** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 12.132, 198.704**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 13.326, 20.572** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 23.595, 21.284**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 3.762, 19.495**.

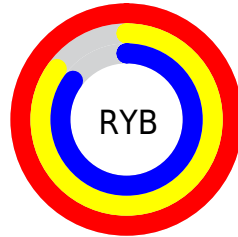
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

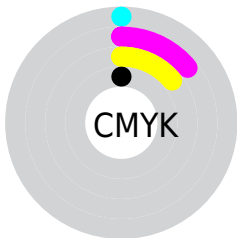
Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (85%)

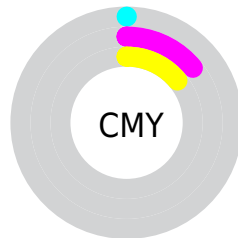


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (14%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90, 13.301, 20.325

 90, 13.301, 20.325

 100, 13.301,
20.325

 80, 13.301, 20.325

 70, 13.301, 20.325

 60, 13.301, 20.325

 50, 13.301, 20.325

 40, 13.301, 20.325

 30, 13.301, 20.325

 20, 13.301, 20.325

 10, 13.301, 20.325

 0, 13.301, 20.325

90, 13.301, 20.325

90, 13.301, 20.325

83, 23.595, 21.284

97, 3.762, 19.495

77, 34.632, 22.505

100, 0.334,
201.369

71, 46.312, 24.104

66, 58.426, 26.192

61, 70.643, 28.874

57, 82.498, 32.161

55, 93.253, 35.778

53, 101.306,
38.826

53, 104.275,
40.001

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 13.301, 20.325



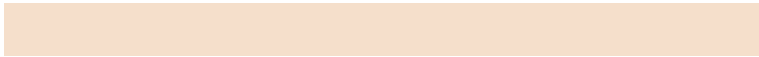
97, 12.132, 198.704

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



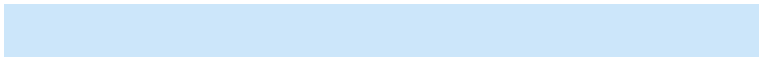
90, 13.301, 20.325



90, 13.301, 70.325



90, 13.301, 200.325



90, 13.301, 250.325

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 13.299, 20.335



97, 3.616, 19.476



91, 22.557, 325.212



51, 2.578, 19.553



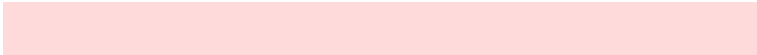
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

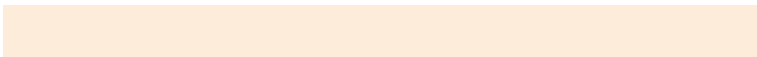
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 13.299, 20.335



88, 16.184, 20.582



94, 11.371, 73.632



49, 5.253, 19.953



40, 84.228, 40.001



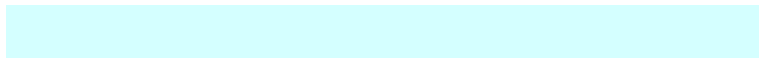
10, 33.365, 27.182

Inverse Universe

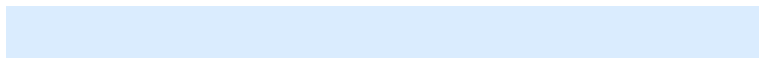
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 12.132, 198.704



97, 14.476, 198.552



93, 10.968, 257.400



52, 4.945, 198.973



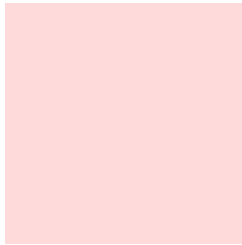
70, 40.358, 196.405



24, 18.567, 196.403

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

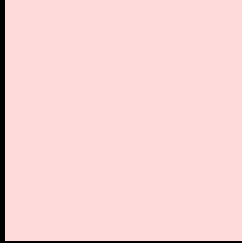
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

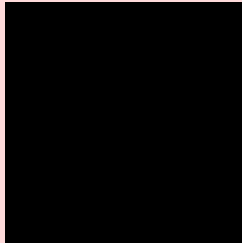
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

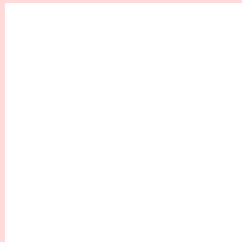
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 13.301, 20.325

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325.

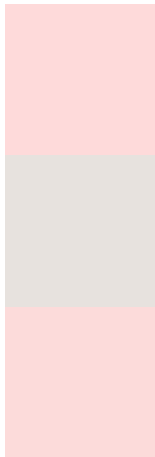


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 13.301, 20.325.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 13.301, 20.325

Protanopia

90, 2.729, 68.566

Deuteranopia

90, 12.191, 22.652



Tritanopia
90, 16.348, 350.200

Trichromacy



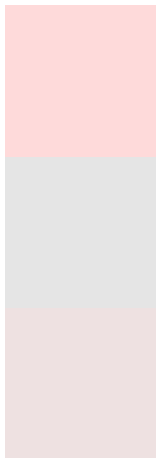
Original Color
90, 13.301, 20.325

Protanomaly
90, 5.908, 29.784

Deuteranomaly
90, 12.568, 22.607

Tritanomaly
90, 14.771, 0.021

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 13.301, 20.325

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 4.697, 19.607

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 13.301, 20.325 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 218, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 218, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 218, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 218, 218) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 13.301, 20.325 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 218, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 218, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 218, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 218, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 218, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 218,  
218) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 13.301, 20.325 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 218, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
218, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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