

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 14.271, 10.334)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 14.271, 10.334) contains.

CIELCh(90, 14.185, 9.949)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(90, 14.185, 9.949)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD9DE
RGB	255, 217, 222
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 87%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1483, 0.1287
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.13, 0.00
HSL	352°, 100%, 93%
HSV	352°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	79.3828, 76.3034, 79.7837
YIQ	228.9320, 21.0430, 9.6110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _{YB}	255, 217, 222
Decimal	16767454
CIE _{Lab}	90.00, 13.97, 2.45
CIE _{LCh}	90, 14.185, 9.949
Y _{xy}	76.3034, 0.3371, 0.3240
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957534 (0xFFFFD9DE)
Y _{UV}	228.9320, -3.4175, 22.8616
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 9.3501, 6.9931

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 14.185, 9.949** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 13.131, 187.369**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 14.241, 9.719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 24.338, 11.091**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 4.454, 8.828**.

Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

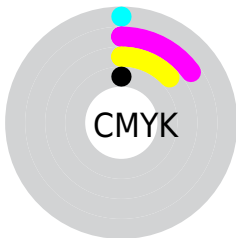
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (87%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90, 14.185, 9.949

 90, 14.185, 9.949

 100, 14.185, 9.949

 80, 14.185, 9.949

 70, 14.185, 9.949

 60, 14.185, 9.949

 50, 14.185, 9.949

 40, 14.185, 9.949

 30, 14.185, 9.949

 20, 14.185, 9.949

 10, 14.185, 9.949

 0, 14.185, 9.949

90, 14.185, 9.949

90, 14.185, 9.949

83, 24.338, 11.091

97, 4.454, 8.828

77, 35.057, 12.549

100, 0.012,
296.813

71, 46.100, 14.371

66, 57.192, 16.682

61, 67.958, 19.625

58, 77.999, 23.324

55, 87.011, 27.783

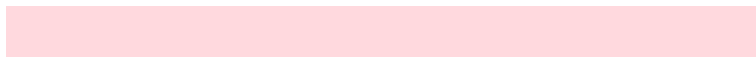
54, 94.768, 32.686

53, 98.264, 35.048

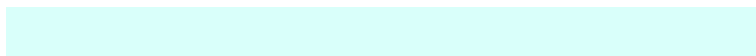
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 14.185, 9.949



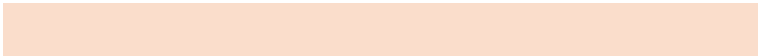
97, 13.131, 187.369

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



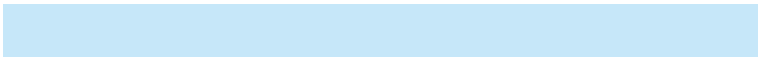
90, 14.185, 9.949



90, 14.185, 59.949



90, 14.185, 189.949



90, 14.185, 239.949

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 14.111, 9.896



97, 3.682, 8.725



90, 22.768, 321.457



51, 2.623, 8.819



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

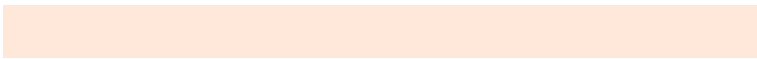
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 14.111, 9.896



88, 17.297, 10.253



93, 11.384, 58.422



50, 5.323, 9.331



40, 78.389, 34.181



10, 32.390, 21.772

Inverse Universe

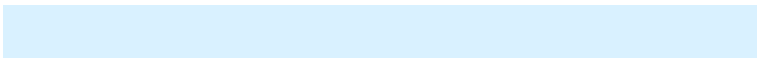
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 14.111, 9.896



88, 17.297, 10.253



94, 10.611, 241.480



50, 5.323, 9.331



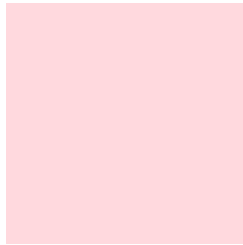
40, 78.389, 34.181



10, 32.390, 21.772

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

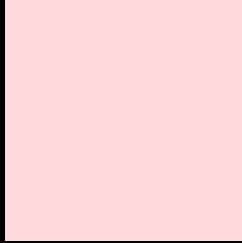
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

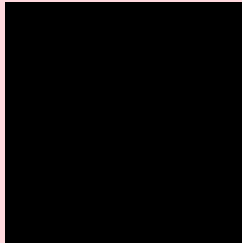
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 14.185, 9.949

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949.

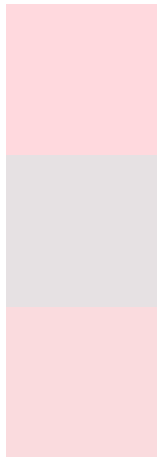


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.185, 9.949.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 14.185, 9.949

Protanopia

90, 2.084, 349.371

Deuteranopia

90, 11.456, 12.428



Tritanopia
90, 16.348, 350.200

Trichromacy



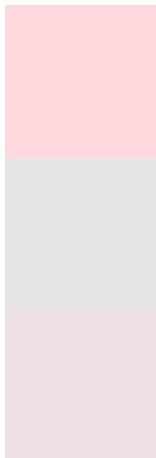
Original Color
90, 14.185, 9.949

Protanomaly
90, 6.352, 5.618

Deuteranomaly
90, 12.632, 10.890

Tritanomaly
90, 15.476, 356.922

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 14.185, 9.949

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 4.804, 7.191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 14.185, 9.949 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 217, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 217, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 217, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 217, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.185, 9.949 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 217, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 217, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 217, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 217, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 217, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 217,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.185, 9.949 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 217, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
217, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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