

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 14.904, 254.974)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 14.904, 254.974)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 14.698, 253.738)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBE6FD
RGB	203, 230, 253
RGB Percent	80%, 90%, 99%
CMY	0.2043, 0.0984, 0.0083
CMYK	0.20, 0.09, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	208°, 92%, 89%
HSV	208°, 20%, 99%
XYZ	70.5817, 76.3034, 103.8483
YIQ	224.5490, -23.4750, 1.4290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

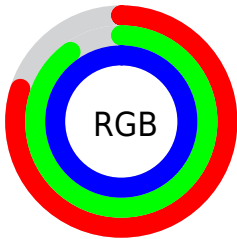
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 221, 253
Decimal	13362941
CIE Lab	90.00, -4.12, -14.11
CIE LCh	90, 14.698, 253.738
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2815, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291553021 (0xFFCBE6FD)
YUV	224.5490, 14.0263, -18.8985
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -8.6347, -9.3407

Details

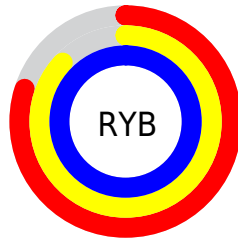
The CIELCh color `90, 14.698, 253.738` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `91, 15.700, 68.608`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `70, 14.484, 251.775` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 21.893, 255.532`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `95, 7.330, 252.256`.

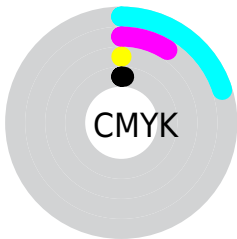
Distribution



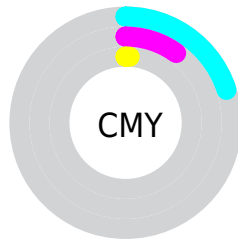
- Red (80%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 14.698,
253.738

■ 90, 14.698,
253.738

■ 100, 14.698,
253.738

■ 80, 14.698,
253.738

■ 70, 14.698,
253.738

■ 60, 14.698,
253.738

■ 50, 14.698,
253.738

■ 40, 14.698,
253.738

■ 30, 14.698,
253.738

■ 20, 14.698,

253.738

■ 10, 14.698,
253.738

■ 0, 14.698, 253.738

■ 90, 14.698,
253.738

■ 90, 14.698,
253.738

■ 85, 21.893,
255.532

■ 95, 7.330, 252.256

■ 99, 0.166, 68.065

■ 81, 28.880,
257.706

■ 100, 1.056,
110.026

■ 76, 35.630,
260.319

■ 72, 42.141,
263.436

■ 68, 48.449,
267.097

■ 64, 54.639,
271.291

■ 60, 60.846,
275.924

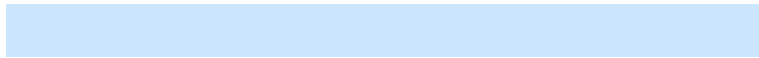
■ 57, 67.235,
280.731

■ 57, 67.387,
280.837

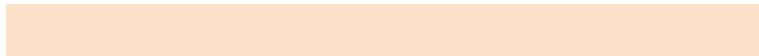
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



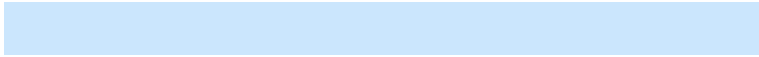
90, 14.698, 253.738



91, 15.700, 68.608

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 14.698, 253.738



90, 14.698, 303.738



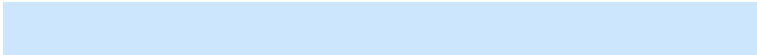
90, 14.698, 73.738



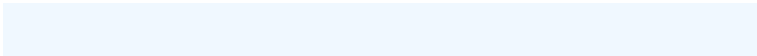
90, 14.698, 123.738

Sweetspot

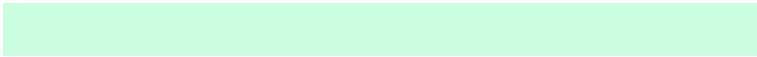
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 14.697, 253.732



97, 4.548, 251.794



95, 22.577, 159.375



51, 3.015, 251.869



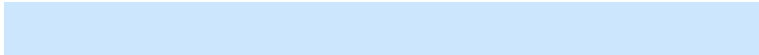
0, 0.000, 0.000



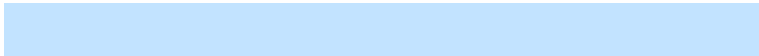
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 14.697, 253.732



89, 17.884, 254.454



84, 25.088, 290.434



51, 4.296, 252.222



44, 53.755, 279.971



13, 22.082, 273.116

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 22.872, 343.221



85, 28.030, 343.632



98, 24.072, 106.090



50, 6.558, 342.284



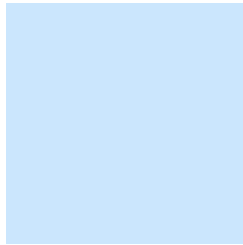
41, 68.846, 358.349



11, 32.303, 353.382

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

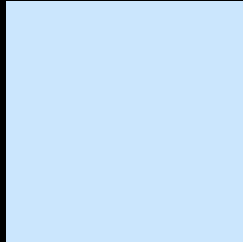
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

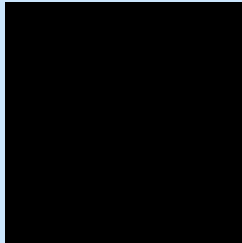
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

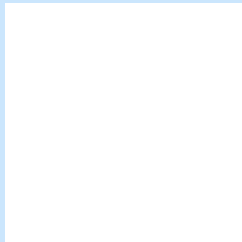
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 14.698, 253.738

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.698, 253.738.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

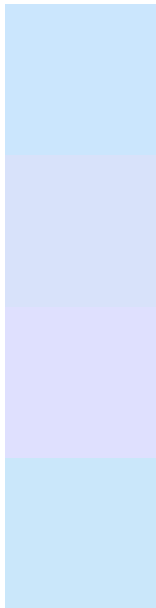
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 13.239, 244.103

Trichromacy



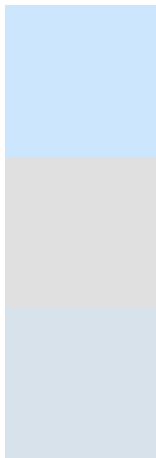
Original Color
90, 14.698, 253.738

Protanomaly
90, 12.855, 275.966

Deuteranomaly
90, 15.608, 290.200

Tritanomaly
90, 13.584, 245.789

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 14.698, 253.738

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 5.779, 253.608

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 14.698, 253.738 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 230, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 230, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 230, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 230, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.698, 253.738 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 230, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 230, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 230, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 230, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 230, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 230,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.698, 253.738 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 230, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
230, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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