

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 15.003, 47.396)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 15.003, 47.396) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 14.855, 46.985)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEDBCE
RGB	254, 219, 206
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 81%
CMY	0.0033, 0.1406, 0.1916
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.19, 0.00
HSL	16°, 97%, 90%
HSV	16°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	77.4576, 76.3034, 69.1314
YIQ	227.9830, 25.0330, 3.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

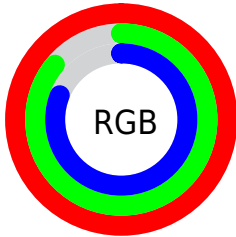
Format	Color
RYB	254, 224, 206
Decimal	16702414
CIELab	90.00, 10.13, 10.86
CIELCh	90, 14.855, 46.985
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3475, 0.3423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294892494 (0xFFFEDBCE)
YUV	227.9830, -10.8376, 22.8169
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 5.4160, 14.2234

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 14.855, 46.985** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 13.239, 229.378**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 14.844, 46.381** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 23.655, 46.638**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 6.718, 47.411**.

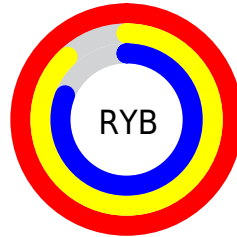
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (86%)

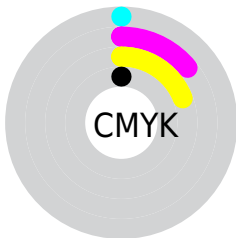
Blue (81%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (81%)

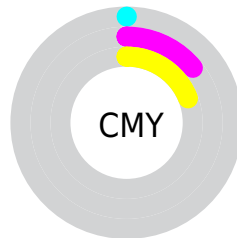


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (19%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90, 14.855, 46.985

 90, 14.855, 46.985

 100, 14.855,
46.985

 80, 14.855, 46.985

 70, 14.855, 46.985

 60, 14.855, 46.985

 50, 14.855, 46.985

 40, 14.855, 46.985

 30, 14.855, 46.985

 20, 14.855, 46.985

 10, 14.855, 46.985

 0, 14.855, 46.985

90, 14.855, 46.985

90, 14.855, 46.985

85, 23.655, 46.638

95, 6.718, 47.411

80, 33.167, 46.390

100, 0.294,
201.643

76, 43.402, 46.281

71, 54.313, 46.326

67, 65.722, 46.501

63, 77.190, 46.690

60, 87.712, 46.564

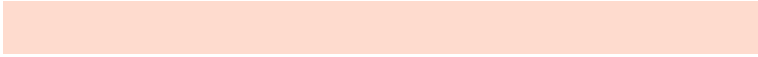
58, 95.651, 45.602

57, 96.446, 45.512

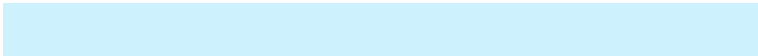
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



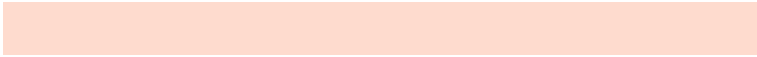
90, 14.855, 46.985



93, 13.239, 229.378

Rectangle

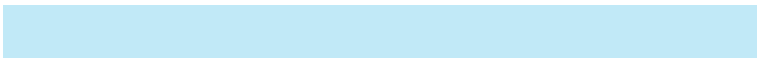
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 14.855, 46.985



90, 14.855, 96.985



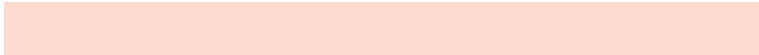
90, 14.855, 226.985



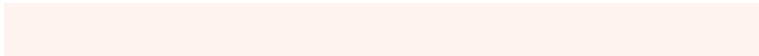
90, 14.855, 276.985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 14.854, 46.996



97, 4.495, 47.512



88, 25.043, 334.248



51, 2.989, 47.492



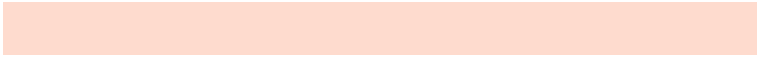
0, 0.000, 0.000



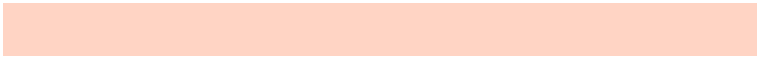
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 14.854, 46.996



88, 18.439, 46.838



96, 19.225, 96.063



50, 4.319, 47.386



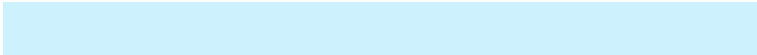
44, 77.388, 46.032



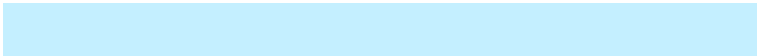
13, 28.952, 41.698

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 13.239, 229.378



92, 15.979, 229.770



87, 19.528, 280.861



51, 4.090, 228.658



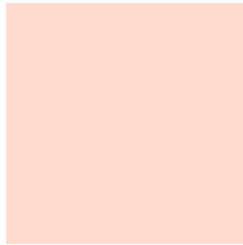
54, 37.836, 250.631



17, 16.758, 243.934

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

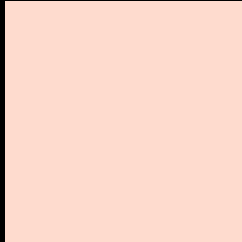
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

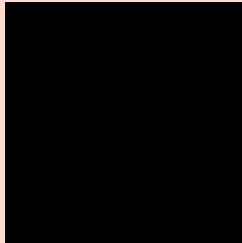
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 14.855, 46.985

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985.

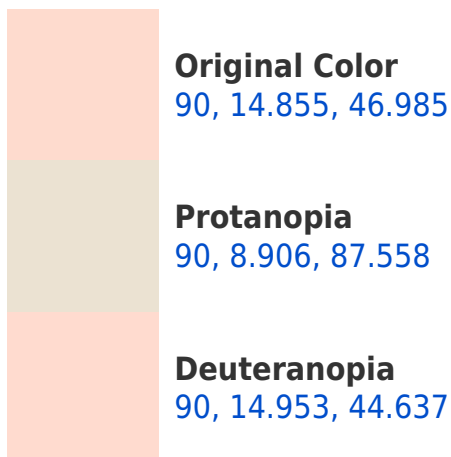


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 14.855, 46.985.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

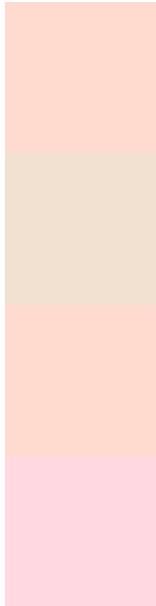
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 16.348, 350.200

Trichromacy



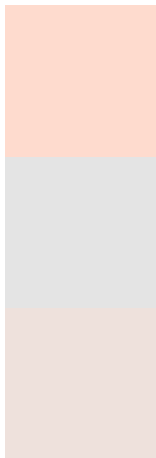
Original Color
90, 14.855, 46.985

Protanomaly
90, 10.250, 68.717

Deuteranomaly
90, 14.953, 44.637

Tritanomaly
90, 14.266, 7.902

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 14.855, 46.985

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 5.381, 48.280

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 14.855, 46.985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 219, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 219, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 219, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 219, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.855, 46.985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 219, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 219, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 219, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 219, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 219, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 219,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 14.855, 46.985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 219, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
219, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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