

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 15.058, 258.244)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 15.058, 258.244)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 15.024, 259.330)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDE5FE
RGB	205, 229, 254
RGB Percent	80%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.1954, 0.1013, 0.0032
CMYK	0.19, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	211°, 97%, 90%
HSV	211°, 19%, 100%
XYZ	71.2075, 76.3034, 104.8871
YIQ	224.6740, -22.3290, 2.6870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

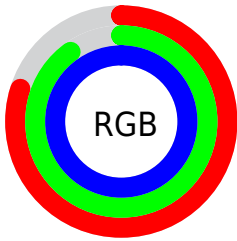
Format	Color
RYB	205, 221, 254
Decimal	13493758
CIELab	90.00, -2.78, -14.76
CIELCh	90, 15.024, 259.330
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2821, 0.3023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291683838 (0xFFCDE5FE)
YUV	224.6740, 14.4577, -17.2541
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -7.3560, -10.0458

Details

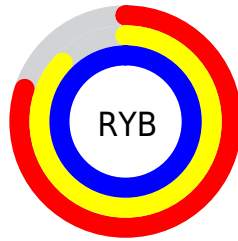
The CIELCh color **90, 15.024, 259.330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 15.759, 74.071**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 14.794, 257.761** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 22.691, 261.165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 7.264, 257.797**.

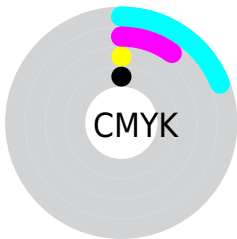
Distribution



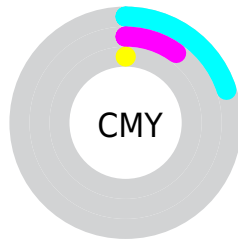
- Red (80%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 15.024,
259.330

■ 90, 15.024,
259.330

■ 100, 15.024,
259.330

■ 80, 15.024,
259.330

■ 70, 15.024,
259.330

■ 60, 15.024,
259.330

■ 50, 15.024,
259.330

■ 40, 15.024,
259.330

■ 30, 15.024,
259.330

■ 20, 15.024,

259.330

■ 10, 15.024,
259.330

■ 0, 15.024, 259.330

■ 90, 15.024,
259.330

■ 90, 15.024,
259.330

■ 85, 22.691,
261.165

■ 95, 7.264, 257.797

■ 80, 30.245,
263.365

100, 0.407,
109.957

■ 75, 37.670,
265.982

■ 71, 44.977,
269.070

■ 66, 52.211,
272.656

■ 62, 59.458,
276.716

■ 58, 66.828,
281.140

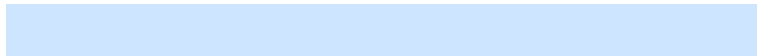
■ 54, 74.433,
285.680

■ 54, 74.994,
285.990

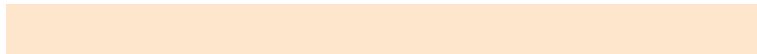
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



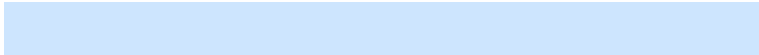
90, 15.024, 259.330



93, 15.759, 74.071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



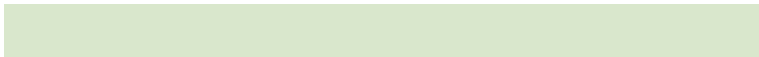
90, 15.024, 259.330



90, 15.024, 309.330



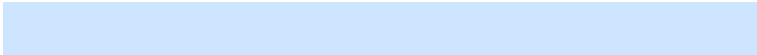
90, 15.024, 79.330



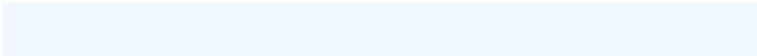
90, 15.024, 129.330

Sweetspot

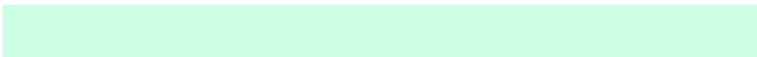
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 15.023, 259.324



97, 4.717, 257.374



96, 21.289, 161.960



51, 3.128, 257.454



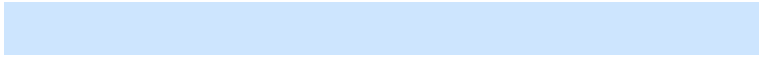
0, 0.000, 0.000



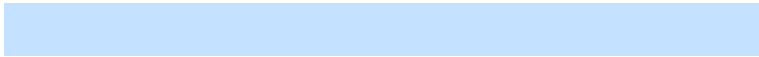
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 15.023, 259.324



88, 17.935, 259.971



84, 25.888, 292.366



51, 4.462, 257.828



41, 59.507, 285.169



12, 24.173, 278.696

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 21.675, 345.911



85, 26.008, 346.294



99, 24.750, 108.296



50, 6.340, 344.966



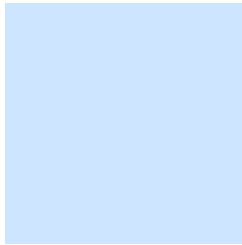
41, 68.151, 3.085



10, 31.776, 357.328

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

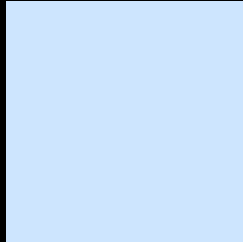
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

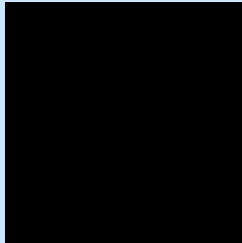
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

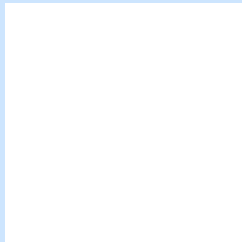
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 15.024, 259.330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330.



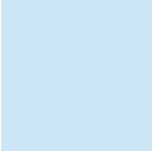
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.024, 259.330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 12.586, 247.244

Trichromacy



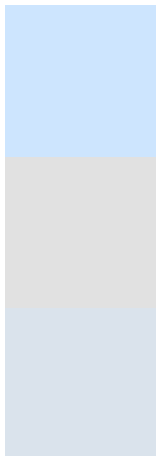
Original Color
90, 15.024, 259.330

Protanomaly
90, 13.787, 278.577

Deuteranomaly
90, 16.671, 292.681

Tritanomaly
90, 13.331, 250.507

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 15.024, 259.330

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 5.581, 256.475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 15.024, 259.330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 229, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 229, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 229, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 229, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.024, 259.330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 229, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 229, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 229, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 229, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 229, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 229,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.024, 259.330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 229, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
229, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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