

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 15.627, 350.573)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 15.627, 350.573)
contains.

CIELCh(90, 15.461, 350.423)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(90, 15.461, 350.423)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED9E8
RGB	254, 217, 232
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 91%
CMY	0.0051, 0.1501, 0.0913
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.09, 0.01
HSL	336°, 93%, 92%
HSV	336°, 15%, 99%
XYZ	80.0288, 76.3034, 86.6391
YIQ	229.7730, 17.2370, 12.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

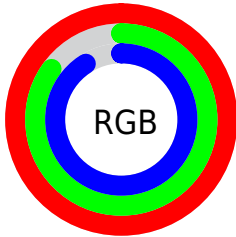
Format	Color
R_{YB}	254, 217, 232
Decimal	16701928
CIE Lab	90.00, 15.25, -2.57
CIE LCh	90, 15.461, 350.423
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3294, 0.3140
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294892008 (0xFF FED9E8)
YUV	229.7730, 1.0979, 21.2471
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 10.6702, 2.3400

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 15.461, 350.423** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 15.028, 167.779**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 15.357, 351.075** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 26.391, 351.541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 4.782, 349.384**.

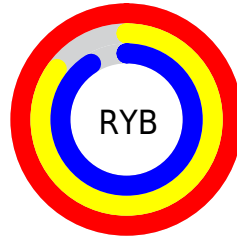
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

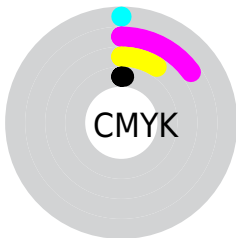
Blue (91%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (91%)

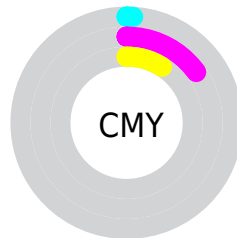


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)


Magenta (15%)


Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 15.461,
350.423


 90, 15.461,
350.423


 100, 15.461,
350.423


 80, 15.461,
350.423

 70, 15.461,
350.423

 60, 15.461,
350.423

 50, 15.461,
350.423

 40, 15.461,
350.423

 30, 15.461,
350.423

 20, 15.461,

350.423

■ 10, 15.461,
350.423

■ 0, 15.461, 350.423

■ 90, 15.461,
350.423

■ 90, 15.461,
350.423

■ 84, 26.391,
351.541

■ 97, 4.782, 349.384

■ 78, 37.404,
352.820

100, 0.449,
200.851

■ 72, 48.214,
354.330

■ 67, 58.409,
356.155

■ 62, 67.465,
358.418

■ 59, 74.830, 1.278

■ 56, 80.112, 4.919

■ 55, 83.333, 9.491

■ 54, 84.581, 12.277

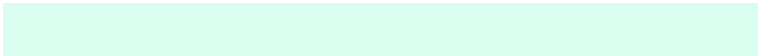
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 15.461, 350.423



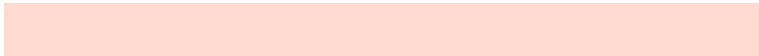
97, 15.028, 167.779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 15.461, 350.423



90, 15.461, 40.423



90, 15.461, 170.423



90, 15.461, 220.423

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 15.458, 350.427



97, 4.192, 349.316



89, 20.751, 312.549



52, 2.982, 349.404



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

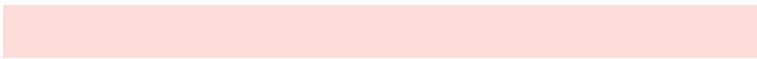
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 15.458, 350.427



89, 18.162, 350.685



90, 12.660, 27.441



50, 6.008, 349.904



41, 68.263, 11.288



10, 31.312, 4.335

Inverse Universe

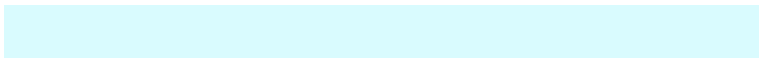
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 15.458, 350.427



89, 18.162, 350.685



96, 11.483, 206.683



50, 6.008, 349.904



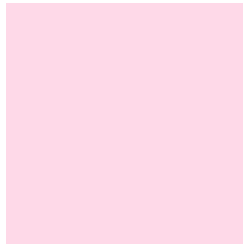
41, 68.263, 11.288



10, 31.312, 4.335

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

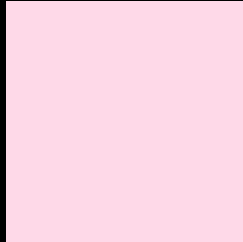
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

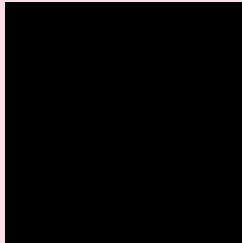
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 15.461, 350.423

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.461, 350.423.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 15.461, 350.423

Protanopia

90, 6.348, 300.225

Deuteranopia

90, 10.983, 348.928



Tritanopia
90, 16.293, 347.923

Trichromacy



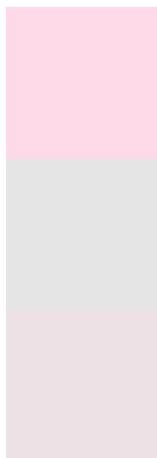
Original Color
90, 15.461, 350.423

Protanomaly
90, 8.650, 328.643

Deuteranomaly
90, 12.496, 350.495

Tritanomaly
90, 16.293, 347.923

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 15.461, 350.423

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 5.355, 350.769

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 15.461, 350.423 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 217, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 217, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 217, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 217, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.461, 350.423 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 217, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 217, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 217, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 217, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 217, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 217,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.461, 350.423 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 217, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
217, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor