

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 15.776, 246.701)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 15.776, 246.701)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 16.063, 247.260)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5E7FE
RGB	197, 231, 254
RGB Percent	77%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.2268, 0.0935, 0.0033
CMYK	0.22, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	204°, 97%, 88%
HSV	204°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	69.6073, 76.3034, 104.9671
YIQ	223.4560, -27.6470, -0.0550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

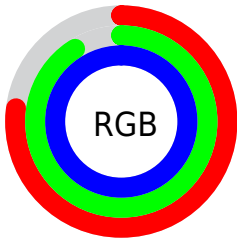
Format	Color
RYB	197, 218, 254
Decimal	12969982
CIELab	90.00, -6.21, -14.81
CIELCh	90, 16.063, 247.260
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2775, 0.3041
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291160062 (0xFFC5E7FE)
YUV	223.4560, 15.0582, -23.2019
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -10.6259, -10.1001

Details

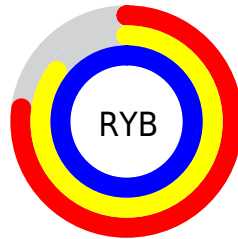
The CIELCh color `90, 16.063, 247.260` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `90, 17.712, 61.980`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.347, 201.292`, and `70, 16.083, 247.656` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `86, 22.813, 249.018`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `94, 9.036, 245.825`.

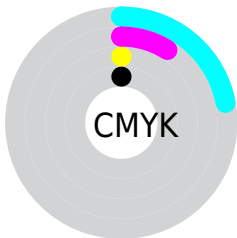
Distribution



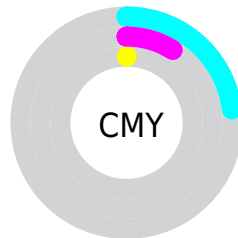
- Red (77%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 16.063,
247.260

■ 90, 16.063,
247.260

■ 100, 16.063,
247.260

■ 80, 16.063,
247.260

■ 70, 16.063,
247.260

■ 60, 16.063,
247.260

■ 50, 16.063,
247.260

■ 40, 16.063,
247.260

■ 30, 16.063,
247.260

■ 20, 16.063,

247.260

■ 10, 16.063,
247.260

■ 0, 16.063, 247.260

■ 90, 16.063,
247.260

■ 90, 16.063,
247.260

■ 86, 22.813,
249.018

■ 94, 9.036, 245.825

■ 99, 1.793, 244.865

■ 82, 29.236,
251.180

100, 0.409,
109.958

■ 78, 35.287,
253.815

■ 74, 40.955,
256.999

■ 70, 46.273,
260.784

■ 67, 51.337,
265.168

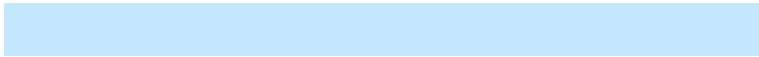
■ 64, 56.306,
270.057

■ 61, 60.149,
273.893

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



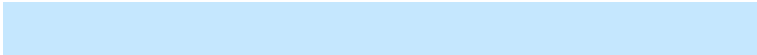
90, 16.063, 247.260



90, 17.712, 61.980

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 16.063, 247.260



90, 16.063, 297.260



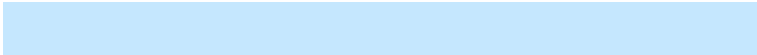
90, 16.063, 67.260



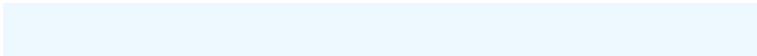
90, 16.063, 117.260

Sweetspot

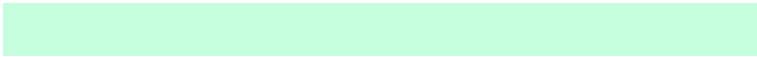
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 16.062, 247.254



97, 5.142, 245.192



95, 26.707, 156.764



51, 3.338, 245.256



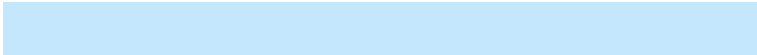
0, 0.000, 0.000



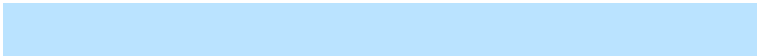
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 16.062, 247.254



88, 19.237, 248.017



83, 27.184, 288.606



51, 4.162, 245.469



47, 47.885, 272.957



14, 20.015, 265.780

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 27.093, 340.595



83, 32.753, 341.015



97, 26.090, 103.409



50, 6.820, 339.485



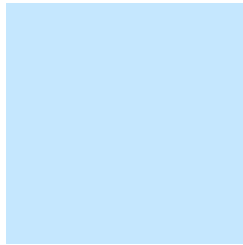
42, 70.252, 353.280



11, 33.095, 349.204

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

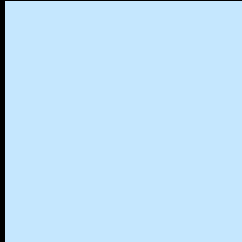
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

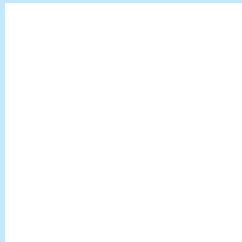
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 16.063, 247.260

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260.

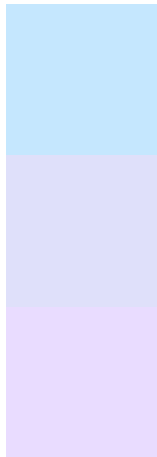


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 16.063, 247.260.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
90, 16.063, 247.260

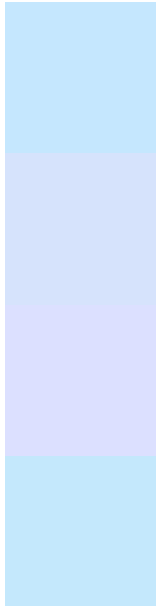
Protanopia
90, 13.530, 289.834

Deuteranopia
90, 18.835, 305.204



Tritanopia
90, 14.872, 237.975

Trichromacy



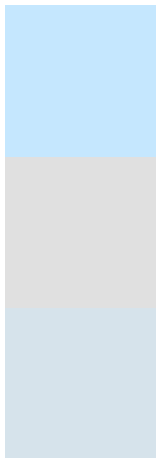
Original Color
90, 16.063, 247.260

Protanomaly
90, 13.606, 272.528

Deuteranomaly
90, 16.162, 286.718

Tritanomaly
90, 15.480, 241.217

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 16.063, 247.260

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 6.074, 242.606

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 16.063, 247.260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 231, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 231, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 231, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 231, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 16.063, 247.260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

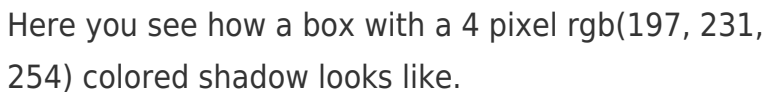
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 231, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 231, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 231, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 231, 254); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 231, 254); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 231, 254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 16.063, 247.260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 231, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
231, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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