

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 16.174, 254.815)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 16.174, 254.815)
contains.

CIELCh(90, 15.865, 254.321)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(90, 15.865, 254.321)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C9E6FF
RGB	201, 230, 255
RGB Percent	79%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.2114, 0.0976, 0.0000
CMYK	0.21, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	208°, 100%, 89%
HSV	208°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	70.5015, 76.3034, 105.7024
YIQ	224.1790, -25.3090, 1.6270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

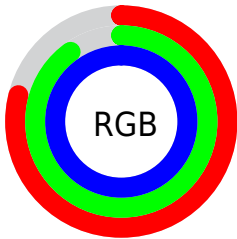
Format	Color
R _Y B	201, 220, 255
Decimal	13231871
CIE Lab	90.00, -4.29, -15.27
CIE LCh	90, 15.865, 254.321
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2792, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291421951 (0xFFC9E6FF)
YUV	224.1790, 15.1948, -20.3280
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -8.7986, -10.5992

Details

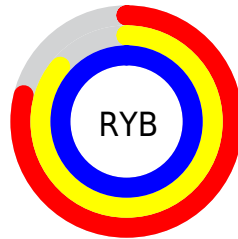
The CIELCh color `90, 15.865, 254.321` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `92, 16.980, 68.666`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `70, 15.682, 252.674` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 23.058, 256.047`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `95, 8.416, 252.670`.

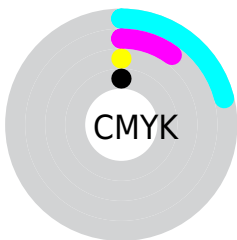
Distribution



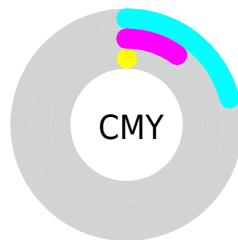
- Red (79%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 15.865,
254.321


 90, 15.865,
254.321


 100, 15.865,
254.321


 80, 15.865,
254.321


 70, 15.865,
254.321

 60, 15.865,
254.321

 50, 15.865,
254.321

 40, 15.865,
254.321

 30, 15.865,
254.321

 20, 15.865,

254.321

■ 10, 15.865,
254.321

■ 0, 15.865, 254.321

■ 90, 15.865,
254.321

■ 90, 15.865,
254.321

■ 85, 23.058,
256.047

■ 95, 8.416, 252.670

■ 81, 30.081,
258.281

■ 99, 0.874, 251.863

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 76, 36.867,
260.964

■ 72, 43.420,
264.157

■ 68, 49.782,
267.895

■ 64, 56.049,
272.158

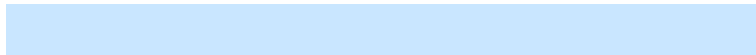
■ 60, 62.358,
276.832

■ 57, 68.121,
281.080

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



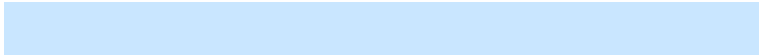
90, 15.865, 254.321



92, 16.980, 68.666

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 15.865, 254.321



90, 15.865, 304.321



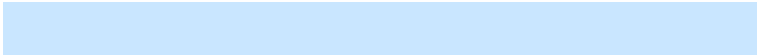
90, 15.865, 74.321



90, 15.865, 124.321

Sweetspot

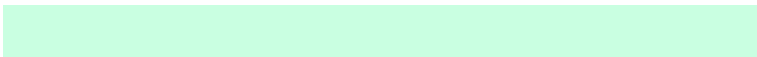
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 15.824, 254.194



97, 4.554, 252.023



96, 24.297, 159.240



51, 3.019, 252.098



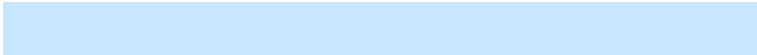
0, 0.000, 0.000



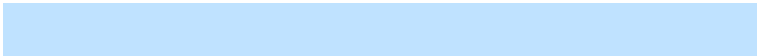
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 15.824, 254.194



88, 18.640, 254.868



83, 27.081, 290.626



51, 4.302, 252.452



43, 53.975, 280.195



13, 22.161, 273.353

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 24.613, 343.458



84, 29.175, 343.838



98, 25.904, 105.948



50, 6.549, 342.387



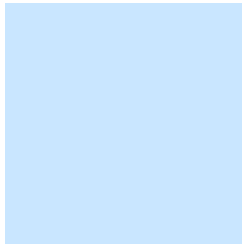
41, 68.808, 358.534



11, 32.279, 353.534

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

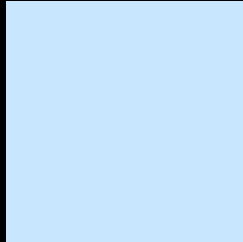
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

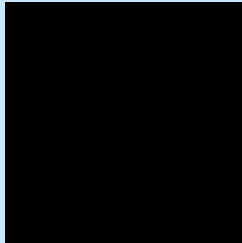
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

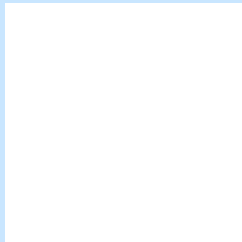
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 15.865, 254.321

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321.



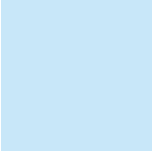
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 15.865, 254.321.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

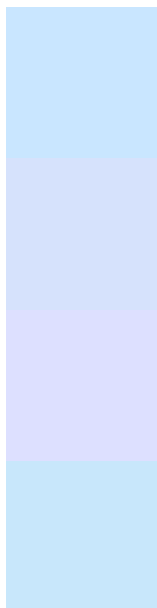
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 13.695, 242.196

Trichromacy



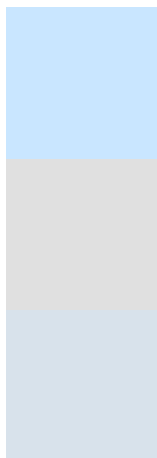
Original Color
90, 15.865, 254.321

Protanomaly
90, 14.016, 274.582

Deuteranomaly
90, 16.144, 287.902

Tritanomaly
90, 14.369, 245.487

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 15.865, 254.321

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 5.779, 253.608

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 15.865, 254.321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(201, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(201, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(201, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(201, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.865, 254.321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(201, 230, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(201, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(201, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 230, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 230, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(201, 230, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 15.865, 254.321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(201, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(201,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor