

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 16.248, 24.169)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 16.248, 24.169) contains.

CIELCh(89, 14.555, 24.472)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(89, 14.555, 24.472)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FED7D5
RGB	254, 215, 213
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 84%
CMY	0.0057, 0.1584, 0.1663
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.16, 0.01
HSL	3°, 93%, 91%
HSV	3°, 16%, 99%
XYZ	76.8636, 74.1641, 72.9495
YIQ	226.4330, 23.8860, 7.6460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

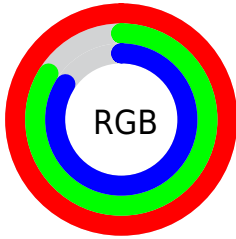
Format	Color
RYB	254, 215, 213
Decimal	16701397
CIELab	89.00, 13.25, 6.03
CIELCh	89, 14.555, 24.472
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3432, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294891477 (0xFF FED7D5)
YUV	226.4330, -6.6225, 24.1763
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, 8.6095, 10.0596

Details

The CIELCh color **89, 14.555, 24.472** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 13.066, 203.153**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **69, 14.705, 24.928** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 24.544, 25.268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 5.319, 23.834**.

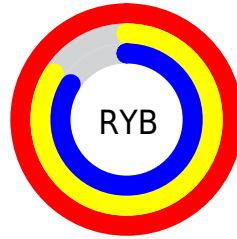
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (84%)

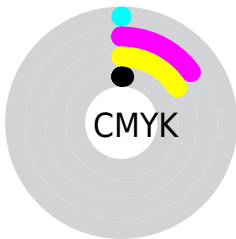
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (84%)

Blue (84%)

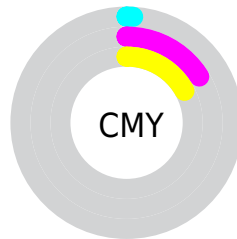


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89, 14.555, 24.472

 89, 14.555, 24.472

 100, 14.555,
24.472

 79, 14.555, 24.472

 69, 14.555, 24.472

 59, 14.555, 24.472

 49, 14.555, 24.472

 39, 14.555, 24.472

 29, 14.555, 24.472

 19, 14.555, 24.472

 9, 14.555, 24.472

 0, 14.555, 24.472

89, 14.555, 24.472

89, 14.555, 24.472

83, 24.544, 25.268

95, 5.319, 23.834

77, 35.289, 26.309

100, 0.506,
200.684

71, 46.719, 27.693

66, 58.668, 29.510

61, 70.847, 31.829

58, 82.791, 34.617

55, 93.630, 37.547

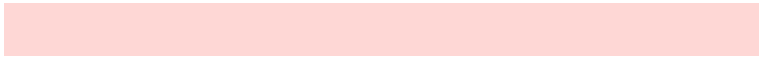
54, 101.463,
39.700

53, 103.532,
40.350

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 14.555, 24.472



96, 13.066, 203.153

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



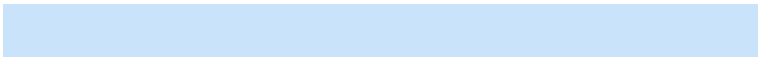
89, 14.555, 24.472



89, 14.555, 74.472



89, 14.555, 204.472



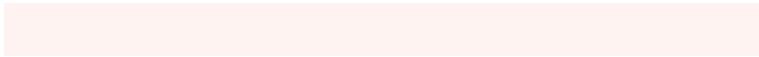
89, 14.555, 254.472

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 14.553, 24.482



97, 4.325, 23.750



90, 25.109, 326.237



51, 2.959, 23.803



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

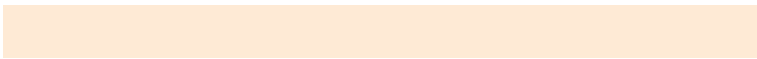
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 14.553, 24.482



88, 17.406, 24.685



94, 13.280, 76.860



50, 5.010, 24.051



40, 83.560, 40.492



10, 32.393, 29.562

Inverse Universe

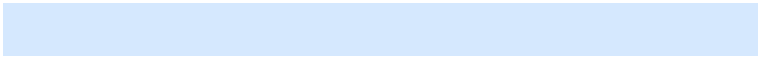
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 13.066, 203.153



96, 15.306, 203.061



91, 12.847, 261.264



52, 4.710, 203.406



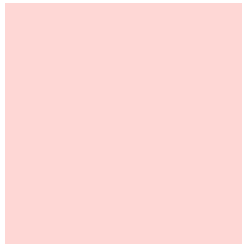
67, 37.814, 204.498



23, 17.521, 203.459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

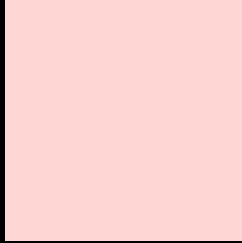
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

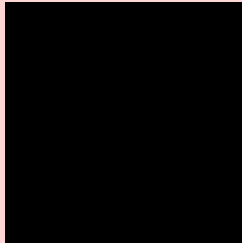
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

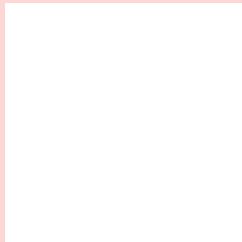
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 89, 14.555, 24.472

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472.

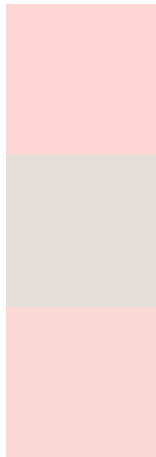


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 14.555, 24.472.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89, 14.569, 24.476

Protanopia

89, 3.782, 74.676

Deuteranopia

89, 12.833, 29.516



Tritanopia
89, 17.910, 351.298

Trichromacy



Original Color
89, 14.569, 24.476

Protanomaly
89, 7.095, 41.166

Deuteranomaly
89, 13.505, 26.909

Tritanomaly
89, 15.871, 1.562

Monochromacy



Original Color
89, 14.569, 24.476

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 5.106, 25.465

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 14.555, 24.472 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 215, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 215, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 215, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 215, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 14.555, 24.472 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 215, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 215, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 215, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 215, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 215,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 14.555, 24.472 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 215, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
215, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor