

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 17.708, 346.935)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 17.708, 346.935)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 17.452, 346.393)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD8EB
RGB	255, 216, 235
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1543, 0.0797
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	331°, 100%, 92%
HSV	331°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	80.9049, 76.3034, 88.8075
YIQ	229.8270, 17.1450, 14.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

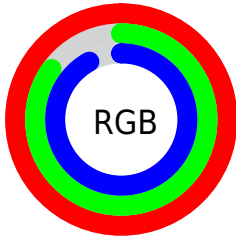
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 216, 235
Decimal	16767211
CIE Lab	90.00, 16.96, -4.11
CIE LCh	90, 17.452, 346.393
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3289, 0.3102
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957291 (0xFFFFD8EB)
YUV	229.8270, 2.5503, 22.0767
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 12.4605, 0.8682

Details

The CIELCh color **90, 17.452, 346.393** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 16.883, 163.240**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 17.103, 346.013** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 28.683, 346.939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 5.993, 344.945**.

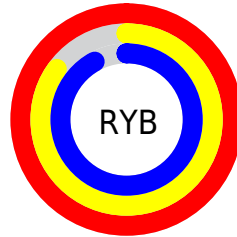
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

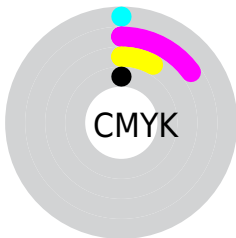
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (92%)

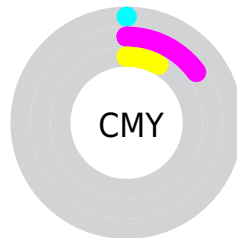


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (15%)


Yellow (8%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 17.452,
346.393


 90, 17.452,
346.393


 100, 17.452,
346.393


 80, 17.452,
346.393


 70, 17.452,
346.393

 60, 17.452,
346.393

 50, 17.452,
346.393

 40, 17.452,
346.393

 30, 17.452,
346.393

 20, 17.452,

346.393

■ 10, 17.452,
346.393

■ 0, 17.452, 346.393

■ 90, 17.452,
346.393

■ 90, 17.452,
346.393

■ 84, 28.683,
346.939

■ 96, 5.993, 344.945

■ 78, 40.094,
348.106

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 72, 51.158,
349.459

■ 67, 61.420,
351.068

■ 63, 70.311,
353.035

■ 59, 77.242,
355.496

■ 57, 81.790,
358.620

■ 55, 83.959, 2.567

■ 55, 84.485, 4.598

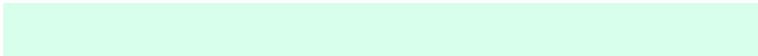
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 17.452, 346.393



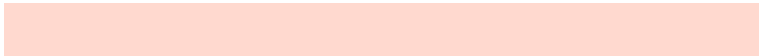
97, 16.883, 163.240

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 17.452, 346.393



90, 17.452, 36.393



90, 17.452, 166.393



90, 17.452, 216.393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 17.247, 345.908



97, 5.519, 344.902



89, 21.770, 310.347



51, 3.769, 344.973



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

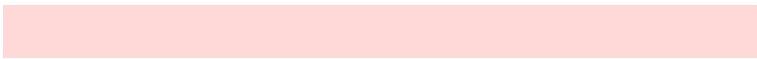
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 17.247, 345.908



88, 21.321, 346.264



90, 14.360, 21.756



50, 6.311, 345.340



41, 68.100, 3.732



10, 31.719, 357.871

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 17.247, 345.908



88, 21.321, 346.264



97, 12.976, 200.127



50, 6.311, 345.340



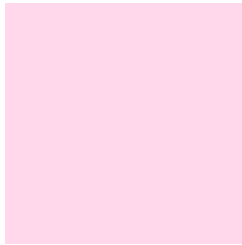
41, 68.100, 3.732



10, 31.719, 357.871

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

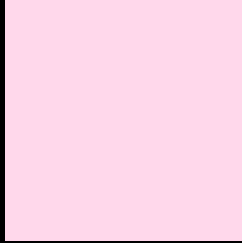
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 17.452, 346.393

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 17.452, 346.393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
90, 17.141, 345.666

Protanopia
90, 7.818, 293.367

Deuteranopia
90, 11.561, 341.329



Tritanopia
90, 16.600, 348.639

Trichromacy



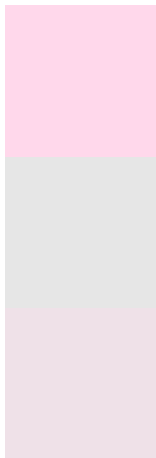
Original Color
90, 17.141, 345.666

Protanomaly
90, 9.915, 323.072

Deuteranomaly
90, 13.905, 343.808

Tritanomaly
90, 16.864, 347.128

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 17.141, 345.666

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 6.212, 344.061

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 17.452, 346.393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 216, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 216, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 216, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 216, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 17.452, 346.393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 216, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 216, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 216, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 216, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 216, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 216,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 17.452, 346.393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 216, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
216, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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