

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 19.796, 261.742)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 19.796, 261.742)
contains.

CIELCh(90, 16.231, 252.490)	3
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Color

CIELCh(90, 16.231, 252.490)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7E6FF
RGB	199, 230, 255
RGB Percent	78%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.2178, 0.0962, 0.0000
CMYK	0.22, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	207°, 100%, 89%
HSV	207°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	70.2233, 76.3034, 106.0298
YIQ	223.5810, -26.5010, 1.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

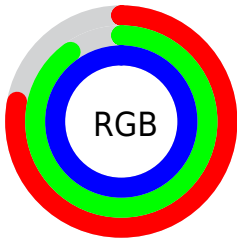
Format	Color
RYB	199, 219, 255
Decimal	13100799
CIELab	90.00, -4.88, -15.48
CIELCh	90, 16.231, 252.490
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2781, 0.3021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291290879 (0xFFC7E6FF)
YUV	223.5810, 15.4896, -21.5575
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -9.3670, -10.8214

Details

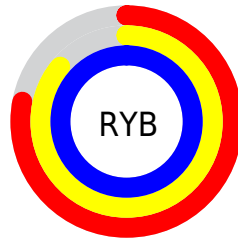
The CIELCh color `90, 16.231, 252.490` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `91, 17.393, 66.360`, and the grayscale version is `89, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `70, 16.066, 250.834` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 23.106, 253.735`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `95, 8.779, 250.390`.

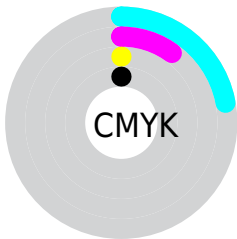
Distribution



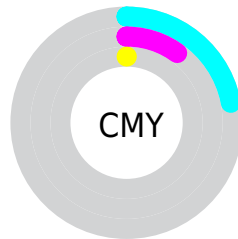
- Red (78%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 16.231,
252.490


 90, 16.231,
252.490


 100, 16.231,
252.490


 80, 16.231,
252.490


 70, 16.231,
252.490

 60, 16.231,
252.490

 50, 16.231,
252.490

 40, 16.231,
252.490

 30, 16.231,
252.490

 20, 16.231,

252.490

■ 10, 16.231,
252.490

■ 0, 16.231, 252.490

■ 90, 16.231,
252.490

■ 90, 16.231,
252.490

■ 85, 23.106,
253.735

■ 95, 8.779, 250.390

■ 99, 1.346, 249.428

■ 81, 29.912,
255.963

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 77, 36.435,
258.652

■ 73, 42.674,
261.866

■ 69, 48.669,
265.645

■ 65, 54.519,
269.973

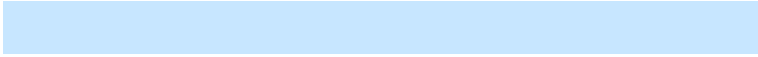
■ 61, 60.370,
274.740

■ 59, 65.316,
278.765

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



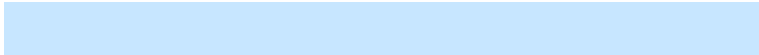
90, 16.231, 252.490



91, 17.393, 66.360

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 16.231, 252.490



90, 16.231, 302.490



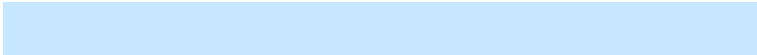
90, 16.231, 72.490



90, 16.231, 122.490

Sweetspot

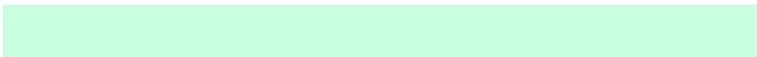
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 16.048, 251.896



97, 5.242, 249.790



96, 25.354, 158.374



51, 3.404, 249.860



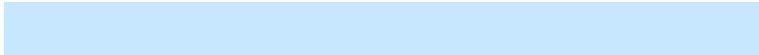
0, 0.000, 0.000



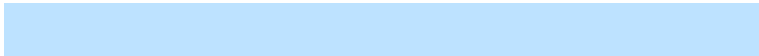
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 16.048, 251.896



88, 19.053, 252.628



83, 27.437, 290.007



51, 4.246, 250.093



45, 51.786, 277.857



13, 21.380, 270.881

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 25.711, 342.463



83, 30.752, 342.870



98, 26.256, 105.108



50, 6.641, 341.358



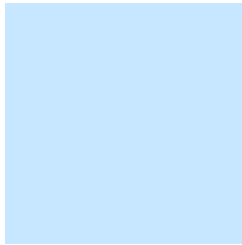
41, 69.229, 356.682



11, 32.536, 352.004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

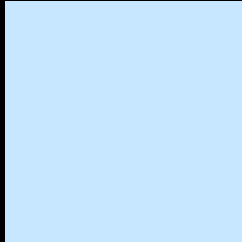
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

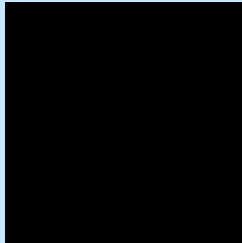
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

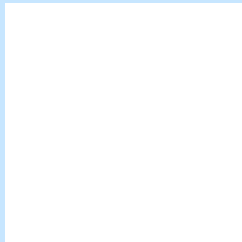
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 16.231, 252.490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 16.231, 252.490.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

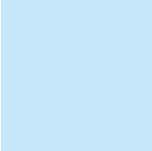
Dichromacy



Original Color
90, 16.231, 252.490

Protanopia
90, 14.056, 288.552

Deuteranopia
90, 18.235, 304.522



Tritanopia
90, 14.480, 242.096

Trichromacy



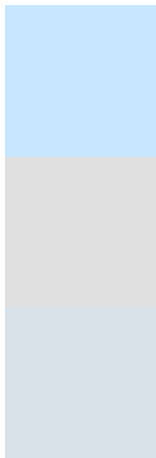
Original Color
90, 16.231, 252.490

Protanomaly
90, 14.016, 274.582

Deuteranomaly
90, 16.144, 287.902

Tritanomaly
90, 14.934, 246.113

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 16.231, 252.490

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 5.986, 250.934

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 16.231, 252.490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 16.231, 252.490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 230, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 230,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 16.231, 252.490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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