

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 20.742, 244.200)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 20.742, 244.200)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(90, 18.854, 236.191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAEAFF
RGB	186, 234, 255
RGB Percent	73%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.2720, 0.0837, 0.0000
CMYK	0.27, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	198°, 100%, 86%
HSV	198°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	67.6422, 76.3034, 106.3298
YIQ	222.0420, -35.3490, -3.6450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

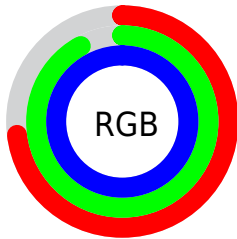
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 214, 255
Decimal	12249855
CIE _{Lab}	90.00, -10.49, -15.67
CIE _{LCh}	90, 18.854, 236.191
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2703, 0.3049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290439935 (0xFFBAEAF _F)
YUV	222.0420, 16.2483, -31.6088
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -14.6415, -11.0251

Details

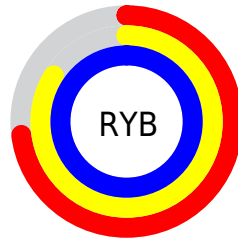
The CIELCh color **90, 18.854, 236.191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 21.944, 50.755**, and the grayscale version is **88, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 4.141, 199.303**, and **70, 18.553, 234.855** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 24.774, 236.785**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 12.118, 234.074**.

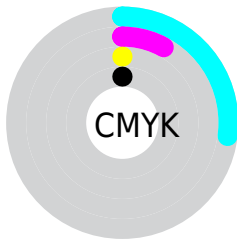
Distribution



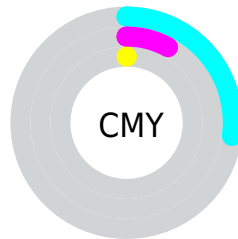
- Red (73%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 18.854,
236.191

■ 90, 18.854,
236.191

■ 100, 18.854,
236.191

■ 80, 18.854,
236.191

■ 70, 18.854,
236.191

■ 60, 18.854,
236.191

■ 50, 18.854,
236.191

■ 40, 18.854,
236.191

■ 30, 18.854,
236.191

■ 20, 18.854,

236.191

■ 10, 18.854,
236.191

■ 0, 18.854, 236.191

■ 90, 18.854,
236.191

■ 90, 18.854,
236.191

■ 87, 24.774,
236.785

■ 94, 12.118,
234.074

■ 83, 30.328,
238.714

■ 97, 5.184, 233.189

■ 80, 35.269,
241.140

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 77, 39.567,
244.155

■ 74, 43.247,
247.840

■ 71, 46.416,
252.224

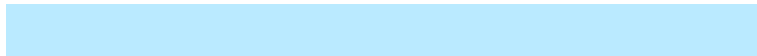
■ 69, 49.276,
257.231

■ 68, 50.087,
258.657

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



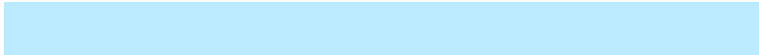
90, 18.854, 236.191



87, 21.944, 50.755

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 18.854, 236.191



90, 18.854, 286.191



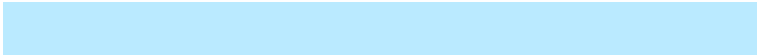
90, 18.854, 56.191



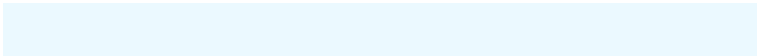
90, 18.854, 106.191

Sweetspot

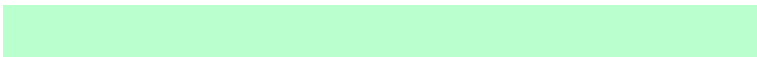
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 18.676, 235.263



97, 5.751, 233.246



94, 35.026, 152.104



51, 4.075, 233.361



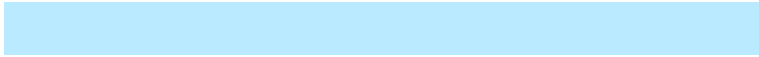
0, 0.000, 0.000



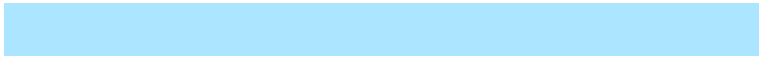
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 18.676, 235.263



88, 22.275, 236.101



81, 29.681, 284.211



51, 4.075, 233.361



52, 39.985, 257.685



16, 17.402, 250.597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 35.197, 336.589



80, 42.649, 337.067



95, 28.762, 97.201



50, 7.300, 335.228



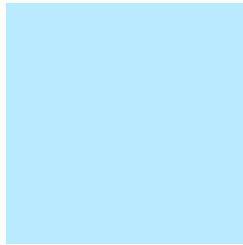
42, 73.953, 345.516



11, 34.852, 342.829

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

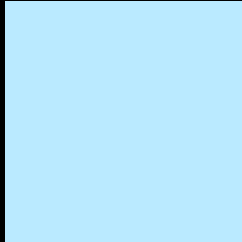
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 18.854, 236.191

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 18.854, 236.191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
90, 18.580, 234.778

Protanopia
90, 13.010, 289.733

Deuteranopia
90, 18.159, 303.469



Tritanopia
90, 18.331, 231.341

Trichromacy



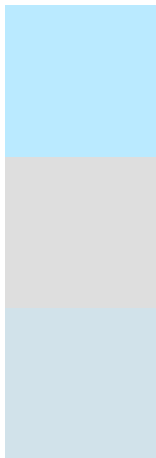
Original Color
90, 18.580, 234.778

Protanomaly
90, 13.387, 262.818

Deuteranomaly
90, 15.434, 277.630

Tritanomaly
90, 18.570, 232.806

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 18.580, 234.778

Achromatopsia
88, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 7.127, 235.029

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 18.854, 236.191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 234, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 234, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 234, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 18.854, 236.191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 234, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 234, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 234, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 234, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 234, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 234,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 18.854, 236.191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 234, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
234, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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