

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 27.663, 354.488)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 27.663, 354.488)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(88, 21.037, 344.673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD0E8
RGB	255, 208, 232
RGB Percent	100%, 82%, 91%
CMY	0.0007, 0.1850, 0.0909
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	329°, 99%, 91%
HSV	329°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	78.2234, 72.0653, 85.9957
YIQ	224.7890, 20.3080, 17.4280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

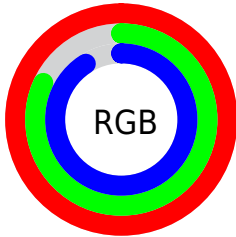
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 208, 232
Decimal	16765160
CIE Lab	88.00, 20.29, -5.56
CIE LCh	88, 21.037, 344.673
Yxy	72.0653, 0.3311, 0.3050
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294955240 (0xFFFFD0E8)
YUV	224.7890, 3.5550, 26.4950
Hunter-Lab	84.8913, 15.9199, -0.6374

# Details

The CIELCh color **88, 21.037, 344.673** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 20.572, 161.488**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **68, 21.199, 345.040** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82, 32.652, 345.704**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 9.525, 343.736**.

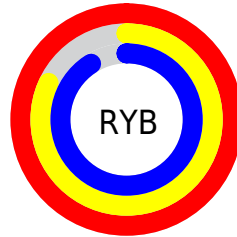
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (82%)

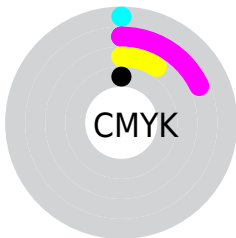
Blue (91%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (91%)

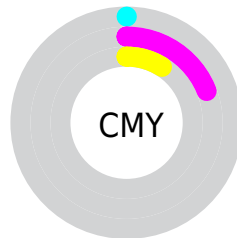


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)


Yellow (9%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 88, 21.037,  
344.673


 88, 21.037,  
344.673


 100, 21.037,  
344.673


 78, 21.037,  
344.673

 68, 21.037,  
344.673

 58, 21.037,  
344.673

 48, 21.037,  
344.673

 38, 21.037,  
344.673

 28, 21.037,  
344.673

 18, 21.037,

344.673

■ 8, 21.037, 344.673

■ 0, 21.037, 344.673

■ 88, 21.037,  
344.673

■ 88, 21.037,  
344.673

■ 82, 32.652,  
345.704

■ 94, 9.525, 343.736

■ 76, 44.133,  
346.868

100, 0.064,  
209.780

■ 71, 55.106,  
348.218

■ 66, 65.068,  
349.825

■ 62, 73.420,

351.790

■ 58, 79.586,  
354.250

■ 56, 83.229,  
357.368

■ 55, 84.571, 1.265

■ 55, 84.714, 1.912

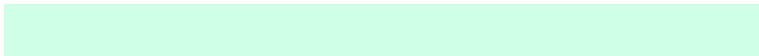
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88, 21.037, 344.673



96, 20.572, 161.488

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88, 21.037, 344.673



88, 21.037, 34.673



88, 21.037, 164.673



88, 21.037, 214.673

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88, 21.034, 344.675



96, 6.756, 343.507



87, 25.953, 309.365



51, 4.485, 343.569



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88, 21.034, 344.675



86, 25.183, 345.028



87, 17.624, 19.392



50, 6.428, 343.835



41, 68.372, 1.106



10, 31.973, 355.672



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 21.034, 344.675



86, 25.183, 345.028



97, 15.663, 196.987



50, 6.428, 343.835



41, 68.372, 1.106



10, 31.973, 355.672



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

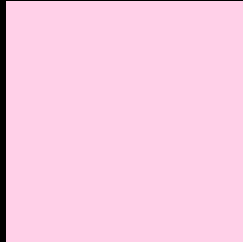
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

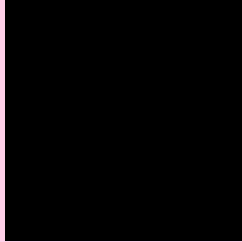
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 88, 21.037, 344.673

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 88, 21.037, 344.673.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 21.037, 344.673

**Protanopia**  
88, 9.925, 290.999

**Deuteranopia**  
88, 12.389, 334.609





**Tritanopia**  
88, 18.379, 353.961

# Trichromacy



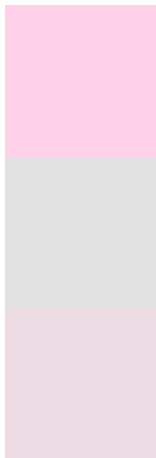
**Original Color**  
88, 21.037, 344.673

**Protanomaly**  
88, 12.107, 320.656

**Deuteranomaly**  
88, 15.201, 339.918

**Tritanomaly**  
88, 18.828, 351.098

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
88, 21.037, 344.673

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
89, 7.426, 345.818

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 88, 21.037, 344.673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 208, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 208, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 208, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 208, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 88, 21.037, 344.673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 208, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 208, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 208, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 208, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 208,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 88, 21.037, 344.673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 208, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
208, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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