

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 28.479, 82.731)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 28.479, 82.731) contains.

CIELCh(90, 28.249, 82.358)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(90, 28.249, 82.358)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDDEAD
RGB	253, 222, 173
RGB Percent	99%, 87%, 68%
CMY	0.0070, 0.1286, 0.3208
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.32, 0.01
HSL	37°, 96%, 84%
HSV	37°, 32%, 99%
XYZ	74.3277, 76.3034, 50.4488
YIQ	225.6830, 34.2050, -8.6670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

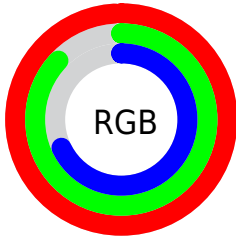
Format	Color
RYB	224, 253, 173
Decimal	16637613
CIELab	90.00, 3.76, 28.00
CIELCh	90, 28.249, 82.358
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3696, 0.3795
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294827693 (0xFFFDDEAD)
YUV	225.6830, -25.9727, 23.9570
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -0.9799, 26.9042

Details

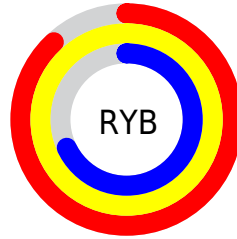
The CIELCh color **90, 28.249, 82.358** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **81, 27.404, 271.685**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 13.158, 109.183**, and **70, 28.328, 82.743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 37.679, 80.964**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 19.037, 83.724**.

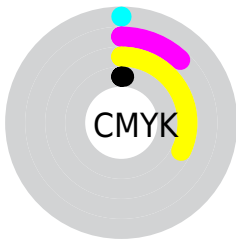
Distribution



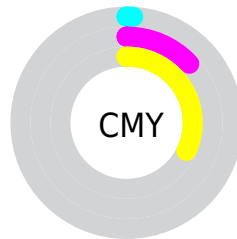
- Red (99%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90, 28.249, 82.358

 90, 28.249, 82.358

 100, 28.249,
82.358

 80, 28.249, 82.358

 70, 28.249, 82.358

 60, 28.249, 82.358

 50, 28.249, 82.358

 40, 28.249, 82.358

 30, 28.249, 82.358

 20, 28.249, 82.358

 10, 28.249, 82.358

 0, 28.249, 82.358

90, 28.249, 82.358

90, 28.249, 82.358

87, 37.679, 80.964

93, 19.037, 83.724

84, 47.236, 79.519

96, 10.072, 85.034

82, 56.726, 78.009

99, 1.360, 86.104

79, 65.769, 76.382

100, 0.619,
200.437

77, 73.680, 74.523

74, 79.453, 72.226

72, 82.308, 69.857

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 28.249, 82.358



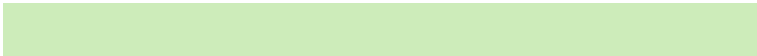
81, 27.404, 271.685

Rectangle

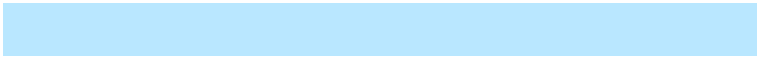
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 28.249, 82.358



90, 28.249, 132.358



90, 28.249, 262.358



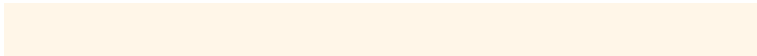
90, 28.249, 312.358

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 28.250, 82.364



97, 7.828, 85.362



79, 33.984, 352.763



51, 5.452, 85.179



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

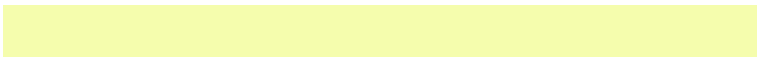
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 28.250, 82.364



89, 34.460, 81.471



97, 40.287, 111.506



52, 4.949, 85.299



56, 66.591, 70.470



18, 27.488, 73.106

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 27.404, 271.685



78, 33.227, 273.080



74, 43.508, 297.398



50, 4.917, 267.871



35, 72.154, 293.377



9, 28.966, 287.767

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

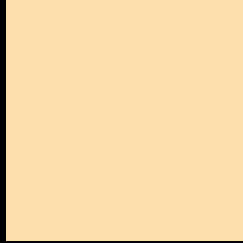
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

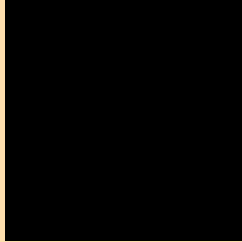
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 28.249, 82.358

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 28.249, 82.358.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


90, 28.249, 82.358

Protanopia

90, 27.041, 94.610

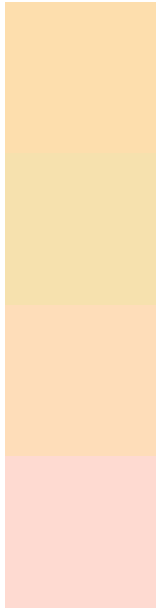
Deuteranopia

90, 20.312, 67.239



Tritanopia
90, 15.883, 353.466

Trichromacy



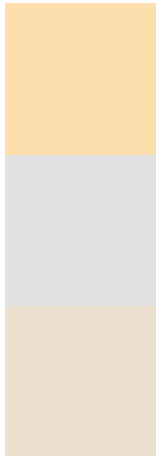
Original Color
90, 28.249, 82.358

Protanomaly
90, 27.609, 90.605

Deuteranomaly
90, 22.745, 74.256

Tritanomaly
90, 14.314, 39.168

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 28.249, 82.358

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 10.163, 85.676

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 28.249, 82.358 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 222, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 222, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 222, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 222, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 28.249, 82.358 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 222, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 222, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 222, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 222, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 222, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 222,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 28.249, 82.358 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 222, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
222, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor