

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 3.243, 2.777)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 3.243, 2.777) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(90, 3.409, 1.760)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E9E0E2
RGB	233, 224, 226
RGB Percent	91%, 88%, 89%
CMY	0.0853, 0.1206, 0.1128
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	347°, 17%, 90%
HSV	347°, 4%, 91%
XYZ	74.1588, 76.3034, 82.9387
YIQ	226.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

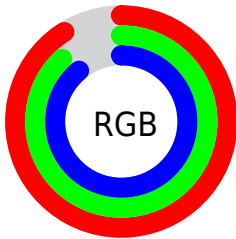
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 224, 226
Decimal	15327458
CIE Lab	90.00, 3.41, 0.10
CIE LCh	90, 3.409, 1.760
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3177, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293517538 (0xFFE9E0E2)
YUV	226.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -1.3251, 4.8517

# Details

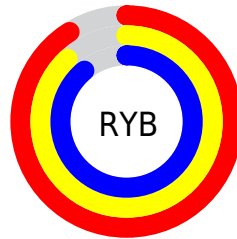
The CIELCh color **90, 3.409, 1.760** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 3.352, 181.419**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 3.233, 359.790** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 12.543, 2.917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 5.268, 181.186**.

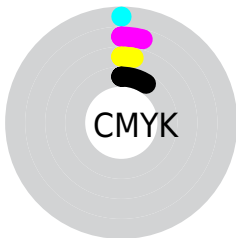
# Distribution



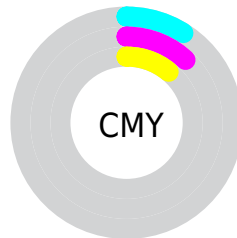
- Red (91%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 3.409, 1.760

90, 3.409, 1.760

100, 3.409, 1.760

80, 3.409, 1.760

70, 3.409, 1.760

60, 3.409, 1.760

50, 3.409, 1.760

40, 3.409, 1.760

30, 3.409, 1.760

20, 3.409, 1.760

10, 3.409, 1.760

0, 3.409, 1.760

90, 3.409, 1.760

90, 3.409, 1.760

84, 12.543, 2.917

96, 5.268, 181.186

78, 22.103, 4.128

98, 7.442, 199.024

72, 31.990, 5.567

66, 42.020, 7.324

61, 51.907, 9.513

57, 61.268, 12.280

54, 69.696, 15.787

51, 76.913, 20.158

50, 82.925, 25.347

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 3.409, 1.760



92, 3.352, 181.419

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 3.409, 1.760



90, 3.409, 51.760



90, 3.409, 181.760



90, 3.409, 231.760

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 3.407, 1.785



99, 0.946, 1.050



90, 5.311, 317.929



53, 0.538, 1.013



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

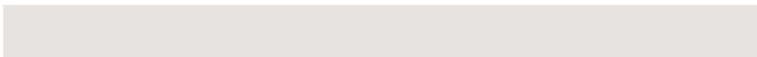
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 3.407, 1.785



97, 4.759, 1.934



91, 2.669, 47.030



47, 3.037, 2.012



38, 70.806, 27.675



7, 27.870, 13.453





# Inverse Universe

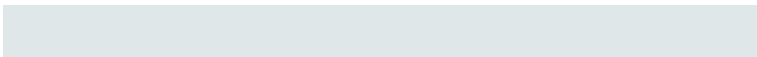
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 3.407, 1.785



97, 4.759, 1.934



91, 2.618, 227.884



47, 3.037, 2.012



38, 70.806, 27.675

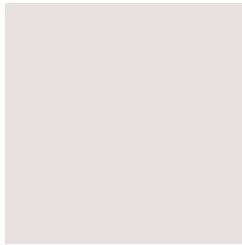


7, 27.870, 13.453



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

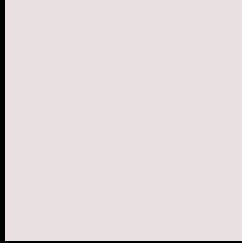
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

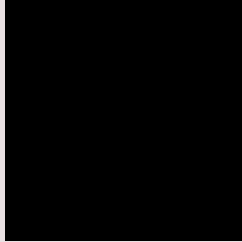
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

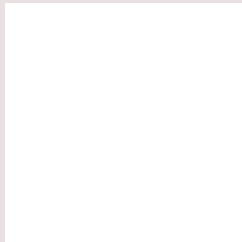
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 90, 3.409, 1.760**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760.

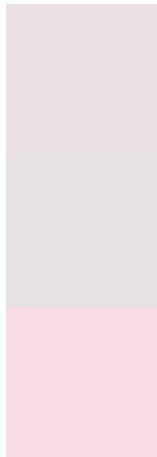


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 3.409, 1.760.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90, 3.409, 1.760

### Protanopia

90, 2.084, 349.371

### Deuteranopia

90, 11.315, 358.749



**Tritanopia**  
90, 10.472, 316.729



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

90, 3.409, 1.760

## Protanomaly

90, 2.401, 353.713

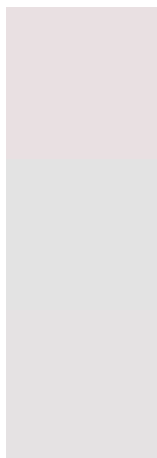
## Deuteranomaly

90, 8.555, 358.681

## Tritanomaly

90, 7.398, 322.398

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

90, 3.409, 1.760

## Achromatopsia

90, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

90, 1.202, 353.383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 3.409, 1.760 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 224, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 224, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 224, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 224, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 3.409, 1.760 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 224, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 224, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 224, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 224, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 224, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 224,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 3.409, 1.760 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 224, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
224, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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