

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 3.949, 309.860)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 3.949, 309.860) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(90, 3.929, 311.610)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E1E8
RGB	229, 225, 232
RGB Percent	90%, 88%, 91%
CMY	0.1021, 0.1178, 0.0904
CMYK	0.01, 0.03, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	274°, 13%, 90%
HSV	274°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	73.7736, 76.3034, 87.1524
YIQ	226.9940, 0.1370, 3.0250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

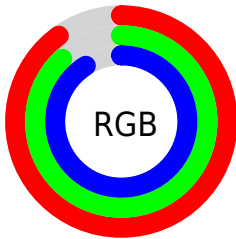
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	229, 225, 232
Decimal	15065576
CIE Lab	90.00, 2.61, -2.94
CIE LCh	90, 3.929, 311.610
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3110, 0.3216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293255656 (0xFFE5E1E8)
YUV	226.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -2.1122, 1.9916

# Details

The CIELCh color **90, 3.929, 311.610** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 3.894, 131.432**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 3.632, 314.764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 17.147, 312.070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 8.927, 131.259**.

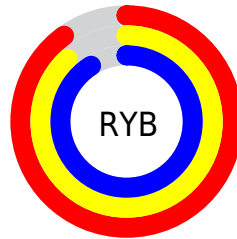
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (88%)

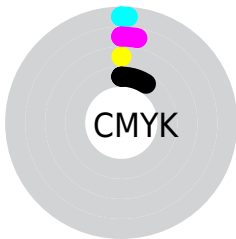
Blue (91%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (91%)

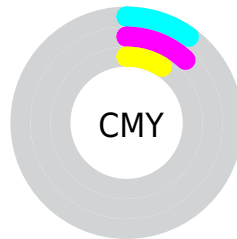


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 90, 3.929, 311.610

■ 90, 3.929, 311.610

100, 3.929,  
311.610

■ 80, 3.929, 311.610

■ 70, 3.929, 311.610

■ 60, 3.929, 311.610

■ 50, 3.929, 311.610

■ 40, 3.929, 311.610

■ 30, 3.929, 311.610

■ 20, 3.929, 311.610

■ 10, 3.929, 311.610

■ 0, 3.929, 311.610

90, 3.929, 311.610

90, 3.929, 311.610

83, 17.147,  
312.070

97, 8.927, 131.259

77, 30.688,  
312.540

99, 11.898,  
120.004

71, 44.456,  
313.024

99, 11.662,  
109.296

64, 58.278,  
313.504

58, 71.860,  
313.943

53, 84.739,  
314.291

48, 96.241,  
314.473

44, 105.525,  
314.396

■ 41,111.799,  
313.964

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 3.929, 311.610



92, 3.894, 131.432

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 3.929, 311.610



90, 3.929, 1.610



90, 3.929, 131.610



90, 3.929, 181.610

# Sweetspot

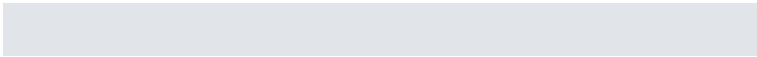
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 3.927, 311.602



99, 1.409, 311.438



90, 2.310, 262.812



53, 0.802, 311.430



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 3.927, 311.602



97, 5.628, 311.655



90, 4.236, 326.384



46, 3.671, 311.689



30, 94.011, 313.666

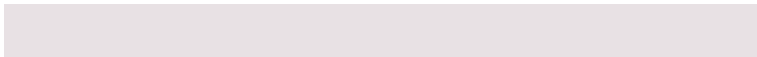


5, 36.057, 313.573

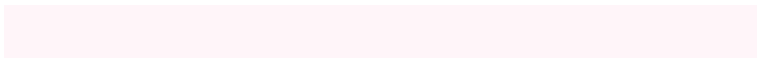


# Inverse Universe

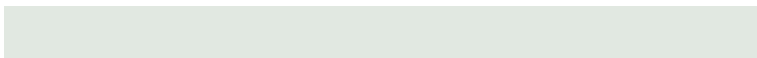
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 2.967, 347.775



97, 4.255, 347.904



91, 4.217, 146.184



47, 2.776, 347.985



38, 64.649, 8.733

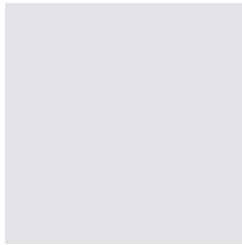


7, 27.057, 0.273



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

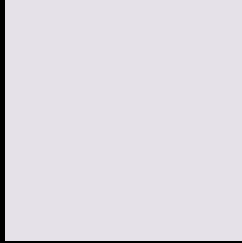
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

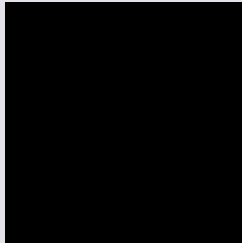
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

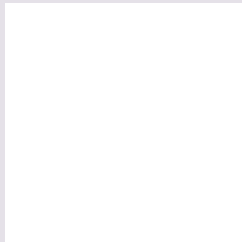
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 90, 3.929, 311.610**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610.

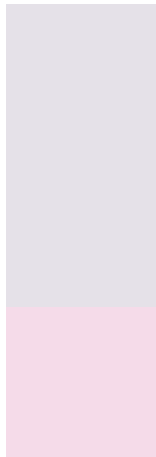


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 3.929, 311.610.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90, 3.929, 311.610

### Protanopia

90, 3.929, 311.610

### Deuteranopia

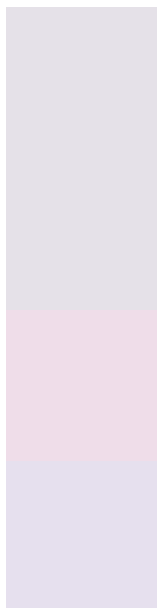
90, 11.852, 342.463





**Tritanopia**  
90, 9.120, 304.147

# Trichromacy



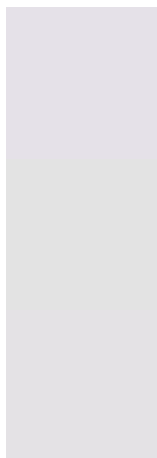
**Original Color**  
90, 3.929, 311.610

**Protanomaly**  
90, 3.929, 311.610

**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 8.994, 336.153

**Tritanomaly**  
90, 7.613, 306.803

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 3.929, 311.610

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
90, 1.730, 314.614

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 3.929, 311.610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 225, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 225, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 225, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 225, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 3.929, 311.610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 225, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 225, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 225, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 225, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 225, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 225,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 3.929, 311.610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 225, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
225, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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