

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 30.845, 196.341)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 30.845, 196.341)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 30.759, 196.473)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FF3F2
RGB	143, 243, 242
RGB Percent	56%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.4395, 0.0473, 0.0512
CMYK	0.41, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	179°, 81%, 76%
HSV	179°, 41%, 95%
XYZ	59.3652, 76.3034, 95.5532
YIQ	212.9860, -59.2790, -21.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

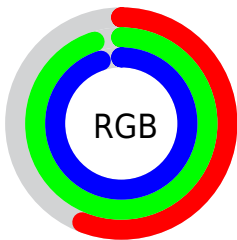
Format	Color
RYB	143, 193, 243
Decimal	9434098
CIELab	90.00, -29.50, -8.72
CIELCh	90, 30.759, 196.473
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2567, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287624178 (0xFF8FF3F2)
YUV	212.9860, 14.3039, -61.3777
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -31.5551, -3.7105

Details

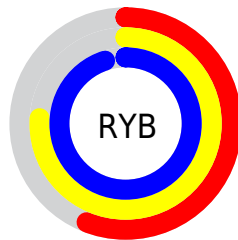
The CIELCh color **90, 30.759, 196.473** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **70, 41.102, 22.818**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 17.795, 198.327**, and **70, 30.832, 196.001** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 36.293, 196.070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 24.328, 196.924**.

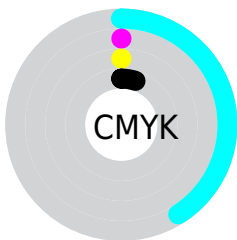
Distribution



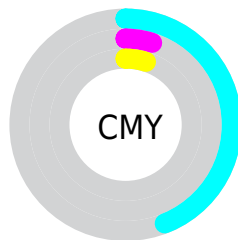
- Red (56%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (5%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 30.759,
196.473


 90, 30.759,
196.473


 100, 30.759,
196.473


 80, 30.759,
196.473

 70, 30.759,
196.473

 60, 30.759,
196.473

 50, 30.759,
196.473

 40, 30.759,
196.473

 30, 30.759,
196.473

 20, 30.759,

196.473

■ 10, 30.759,
196.473

■ 0, 30.759, 196.473

■ 90, 30.759,
196.473

■ 90, 30.759,
196.473

■ 89, 36.293,
196.070

■ 91, 24.328,
196.924

■ 88, 40.825,
195.725

■ 92, 17.129,
197.431

■ 88, 44.292,
195.432

■ 94, 9.304, 197.999

■ 87, 46.690,
195.189

■ 96, 0.990, 199.147

■ 97, 4.290, 18.077

■ 87, 48.087,
194.988

■ 97, 4.294, 16.423

■ 87, 48.671,
194.835

■ 97, 4.303, 14.775

■ 97, 4.315, 13.133

■ 97, 4.330, 11.503

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 30.759, 196.473



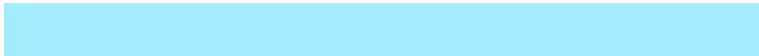
70, 41.102, 22.818

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 30.759, 196.473



90, 30.759, 246.473



90, 30.759, 16.473



90, 30.759, 66.473

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 30.759, 196.471



98, 10.379, 197.947



88, 62.365, 140.898



52, 6.860, 197.868



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 30.759, 196.471



93, 36.562, 196.147



77, 29.606, 260.784



50, 4.787, 198.105



68, 39.852, 194.860



22, 17.701, 195.060

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 41.102, 22.818



69, 52.115, 24.323



81, 33.778, 68.537



48, 5.079, 19.130



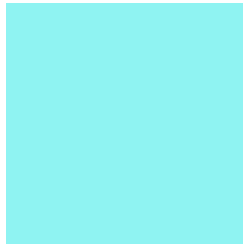
39, 82.086, 39.590



8, 30.959, 24.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

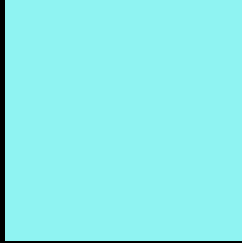
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

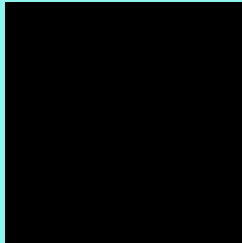
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 30.759, 196.473

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473.

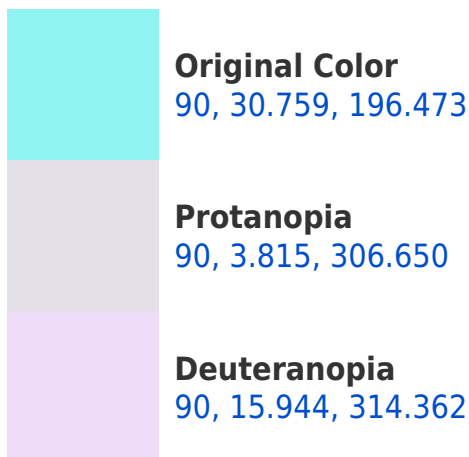



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 30.759, 196.473.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 24.780, 219.089

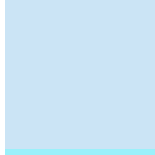
Trichromacy



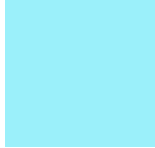
Original Color
90, 30.759, 196.473



Protanomaly
89, 12.011, 208.699



Deuteranomaly
89, 12.025, 246.616

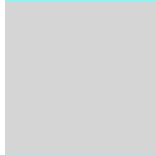


Tritanomaly
90, 26.567, 209.175

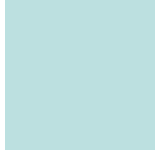
Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 30.759, 196.473



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 12.360, 198.596

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 30.759, 196.473 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 243, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 243, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 243, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 243, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 30.759, 196.473 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 243, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 243, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 243, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 243, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 243, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 243,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 30.759, 196.473 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 243, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
243, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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