

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 36.565, 27.339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 36.565, 27.339) contains.

<b>CIELCh(86, 20.585, 29.576)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(86, 20.585, 29.576)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFCBC5
RGB	255, 203, 197
RGB Percent	100%, 80%, 77%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2051, 0.2286
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.23, 0.00
HSL	6°, 100%, 89%
HSV	6°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	72.8395, 67.9871, 61.9229
YIQ	217.8640, 32.9180, 9.1580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

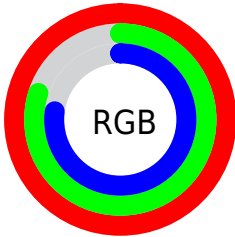
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 204, 197
Decimal	16763845
CIE Lab	86.00, 17.90, 10.16
CIE LCh	86, 20.585, 29.576
Yxy	67.9871, 0.3593, 0.3353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294953925 (0xFFFFCBC5)
YUV	217.8640, -10.2860, 32.5683
Hunter-Lab	82.4543, 13.3905, 13.1914

# Details

The CIELCh color **86, 20.585, 29.576** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 17.306, 208.734**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.496, 109.985**, and **66, 19.947, 30.650** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 30.410, 30.352**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 10.951, 29.212**.

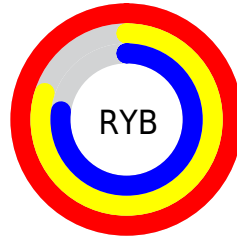
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (80%)

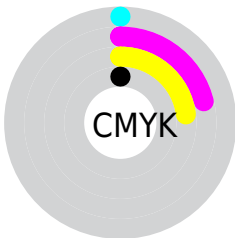
Blue (77%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (77%)

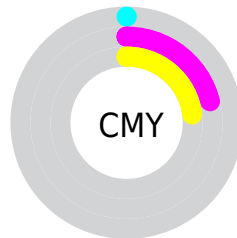


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86, 20.585, 29.576

 86, 20.585, 29.576

 100, 20.585,  
29.576

 76, 20.585, 29.576

 66, 20.585, 29.576

 56, 20.585, 29.576

 46, 20.585, 29.576

 36, 20.585, 29.576

 26, 20.585, 29.576

 16, 20.585, 29.576

 6, 20.585, 29.576

 0, 20.585, 29.576

86, 20.585, 29.576

86, 20.585, 29.576

80, 30.410, 30.352

92, 10.951, 29.212

74, 41.281, 31.277

98, 2.339, 28.697

69, 52.831, 32.535

100, 0.012,  
296.813

65, 64.875, 34.180

61, 77.067, 36.209

57, 88.726, 38.434

55, 98.356, 40.239

54, 102.989,  
40.955

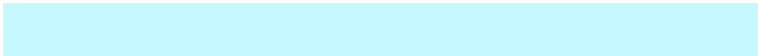
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86, 20.585, 29.576



95, 17.306, 208.734

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



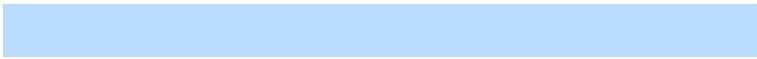
86, 20.585, 29.576



86, 20.585, 79.576



86, 20.585, 209.576



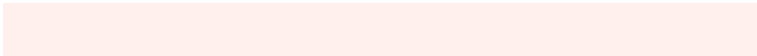
86, 20.585, 259.576

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86, 20.296, 29.687



96, 5.814, 28.971



86, 34.168, 328.608



51, 3.787, 28.998



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86, 20.296, 29.687



83, 24.385, 29.935



93, 20.101, 82.418



50, 4.772, 29.076



41, 82.646, 41.194



11, 31.437, 32.228



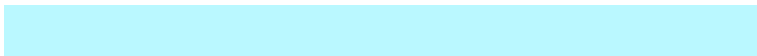


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 17.306, 208.734



94, 20.129, 208.748



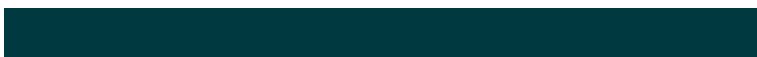
87, 19.594, 268.886



52, 4.484, 208.854



64, 35.861, 214.866



21, 16.660, 212.383



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

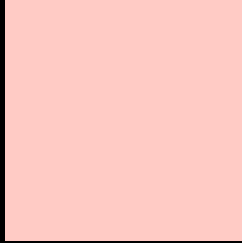
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

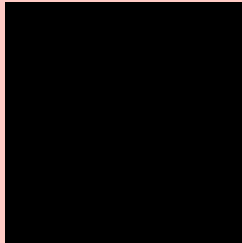
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 86, 20.585, 29.576

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576.

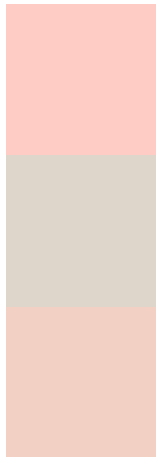


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 86, 20.585, 29.576.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86, 20.174, 29.713

### Protanopia

86, 6.451, 82.324

### Deuteranopia

86, 14.773, 45.219



**Tritanopia**  
86, 21.238, 1.054



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.174, 29.713

**Protanomaly**  
86, 10.168, 47.405

**Deuteranomaly**  
86, 16.547, 38.750

**Tritanomaly**  
86, 20.089, 12.056

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
86, 20.174, 29.713

**Achromatopsia**  
87, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 7.076, 28.299

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 86, 20.585, 29.576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 203, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 203, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 203, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 203, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.585, 29.576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 203, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 203, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 203, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 203, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 203,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 86, 20.585, 29.576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 203, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
203, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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