

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 39.913, 78.694)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 39.913, 78.694) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(89, 37.733, 84.436)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDB98
RGB	255, 219, 152
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 60%
CMY	0.0001, 0.1413, 0.4040
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	39°, 100%, 80%
HSV	39°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	72.2141, 74.1641, 40.2011
YIQ	222.1260, 42.9630, -13.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

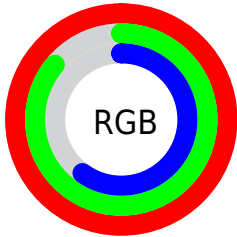
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	207, 255, 152
Decimal	16767896
CIE Lab	89.00, 3.66, 37.56
CIE LCh	89, 37.733, 84.436
Yxy	74.1641, 0.3870, 0.3975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957976 (0xFFFFDB98)
YUV	222.1260, -34.5721, 28.8305
Hunter-Lab	86.1186, -1.0278, 32.6058

# Details

The CIELCh color  $89, 37.733, 84.436$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCC99`. A complement of this color would be  $76, 37.137, 276.787$ , and the grayscale version is  $89, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $99, 24.233, 108.340$ , and  $69, 37.771, 84.064$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $86, 47.421, 83.007$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $92, 28.110, 85.830$ .

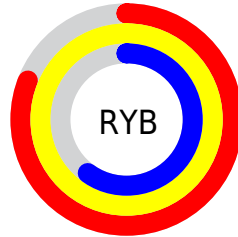
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (86%)

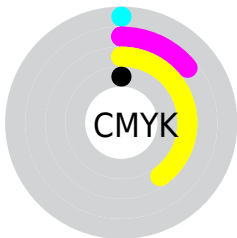
Blue (60%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (60%)

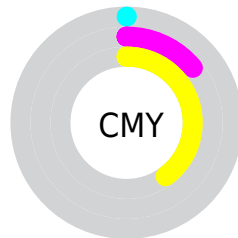


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 89, 37.733, 84.436

 89, 37.733, 84.436

 100, 37.733,  
84.436

 79, 37.733, 84.436

 69, 37.733, 84.436

 59, 37.733, 84.436

 49, 37.733, 84.436

 39, 37.733, 84.436

 29, 37.733, 84.436

 19, 37.733, 84.436

 9, 37.733, 84.436

 0, 37.733, 84.436

89, 37.733, 84.436

89, 37.733, 84.436

86, 47.421, 83.007

92, 28.110, 85.830

84, 56.970, 81.514

94, 18.648, 87.176

82, 65.999, 79.920

97, 9.389, 88.470

79, 73.842, 78.136

100, 0.343, 88.882

77, 79.536, 75.994

100, 0.016,  
245.421

75, 82.489, 73.470

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89, 37.733, 84.436



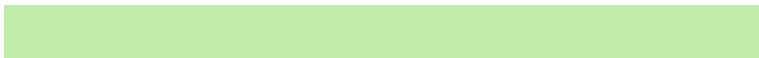
76, 37.137, 276.787

# Rectangle

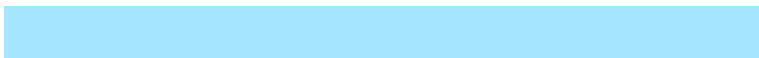
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89, 37.733, 84.436



89, 37.733, 134.436



89, 37.733, 264.436



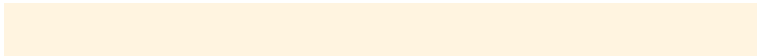
89, 37.733, 314.436

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89, 37.734, 84.441



97, 10.862, 88.267



74, 42.914, 357.415



51, 7.216, 88.100



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89, 37.734, 84.441



87, 45.108, 83.355



97, 51.558, 113.033



52, 5.130, 88.581



58, 66.445, 74.043



19, 27.890, 76.803



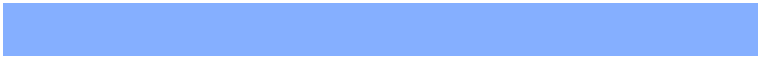


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 37.137, 276.787



72, 44.390, 278.669



68, 57.022, 300.126



50, 5.119, 271.114



33, 76.960, 295.767



9, 30.867, 290.488



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

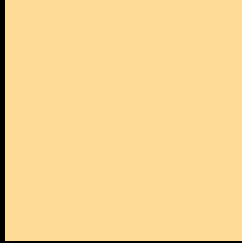
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 89, 37.733, 84.436

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 89, 37.733, 84.436.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89, 37.733, 84.436

### Protanopia

89, 36.722, 95.796

### Deuteranopia

89, 25.334, 72.298



**Tritanopia**  
89, 16.538, 358.593



# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 89, 37.733, 84.436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 219, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 219, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 219, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 219, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 89, 37.733, 84.436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 219, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 219, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 219, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 219, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 89, 37.733, 84.436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 219, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
219, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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