

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 4.338, 242.548)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 4.338, 242.548) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 4.389, 244.704)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE4EA
RGB	219, 228, 234
RGB Percent	86%, 89%, 92%
CMY	0.1421, 0.1068, 0.0833
CMYK	0.06, 0.03, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	204°, 26%, 89%
HSV	204°, 6%, 92%
XYZ	71.6347, 76.3034, 88.6115
YIQ	225.9930, -7.2900, -0.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

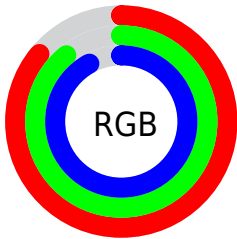
Format	Color
R _Y B	219, 225, 234
Decimal	14410986
CIE Lab	90.00, -1.88, -3.97
CIE LCh	90, 4.389, 244.704
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3028, 0.3226
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292601066 (0xFFDBE4EA)
YUV	225.9930, 3.9475, -6.1329
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -6.4830, 1.0013

Details

The CIELCh color $90, 4.389, 244.704$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90, 4.493, 63.102$, and the grayscale version is $90, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $70, 4.245, 239.495$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86, 11.069, 245.881$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94, 2.469, 63.307$.

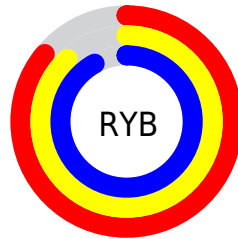
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (89%)

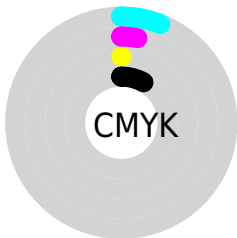
Blue (92%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (92%)

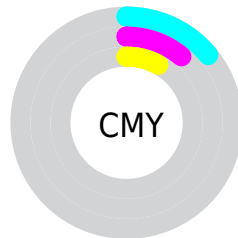


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (14%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 4.389, 244.704

■ 90, 4.389, 244.704

■ 100, 4.389,
244.704

■ 80, 4.389, 244.704

■ 70, 4.389, 244.704

■ 60, 4.389, 244.704

■ 50, 4.389, 244.704

■ 40, 4.389, 244.704

■ 30, 4.389, 244.704

■ 20, 4.389, 244.704

■ 10, 4.389, 244.704

■ 0, 4.389, 244.704

90, 4.389, 244.704

90, 4.389, 244.704

86, 11.069,
245.881

94, 2.469, 63.307

82, 17.522,
247.417

97, 7.140, 84.092

78, 23.693,
249.305

99, 10.752,
109.364

74, 29.534,
251.615

71, 35.013,
254.425

67, 40.131,
257.803

64, 44.939,
261.789

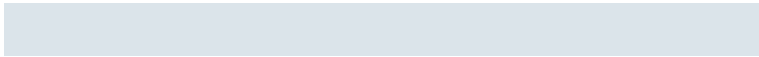
61, 49.547,
266.353

■ 58, 54.122,
271.359

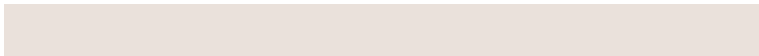
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



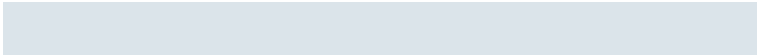
90, 4.389, 244.704



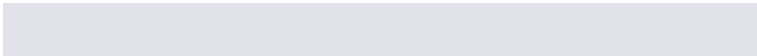
90, 4.493, 63.102

Rectangle

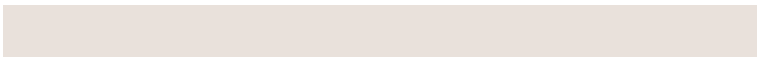
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 4.389, 244.704



90, 4.389, 294.704



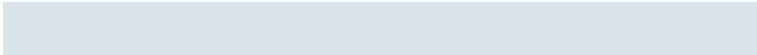
90, 4.389, 64.704



90, 4.389, 114.704

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 4.389, 244.675



99, 1.480, 244.433



91, 7.208, 157.441



53, 0.842, 244.441



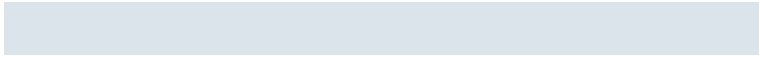
0, 0.000, 0.000



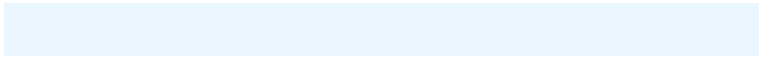
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 4.389, 244.675



97, 5.859, 244.843



88, 6.937, 285.707



47, 3.881, 245.002



45, 45.486, 272.234



11, 17.392, 263.337

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 7.169, 339.045



95, 9.608, 339.182



92, 6.849, 104.287



46, 6.385, 339.302



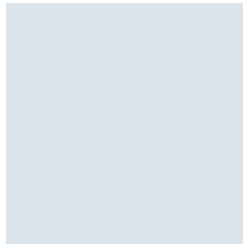
39, 67.601, 352.826



8, 29.820, 348.006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

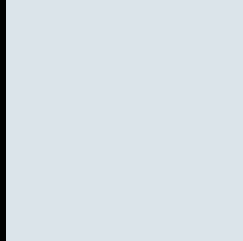
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

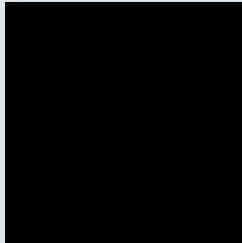
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

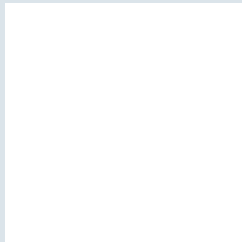
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 4.389, 244.704

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704.

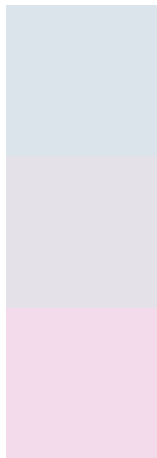


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.389, 244.704.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

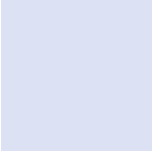
90, 4.389, 244.704

Protanopia

90, 3.812, 306.650

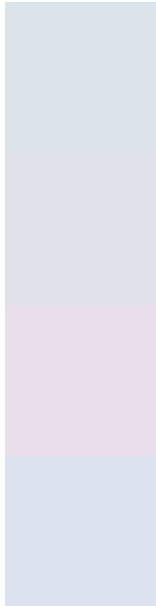
Deuteranopia

90, 12.237, 337.535



Tritanopia
90, 9.544, 278.487

Trichromacy



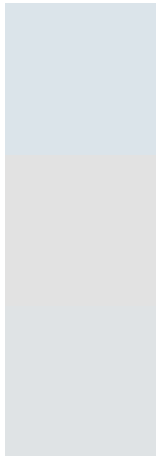
Original Color
90, 4.389, 244.704

Protanomaly
90, 3.656, 284.968

Deuteranomaly
90, 8.228, 324.711

Tritanomaly
90, 7.134, 270.904

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 4.389, 244.704

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 1.747, 236.220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 4.389, 244.704 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 228, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 228, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 228, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 228, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.389, 244.704 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 228, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 228, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 228, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 228, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 228, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 228,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.389, 244.704 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 228, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
228, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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