

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 4.537, 179.164)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 4.537, 179.164) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 4.543, 179.162)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D9E5E2
RGB	217, 229, 226
RGB Percent	85%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.1489, 0.1018, 0.1136
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	165°, 19%, 87%
HSV	165°, 5%, 90%
XYZ	70.3824, 76.3034, 82.9908
YIQ	225.0700, -6.1890, -3.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

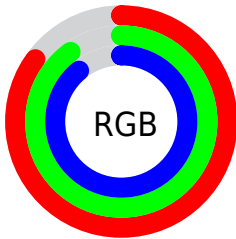
Format	Color
R _{YB}	217, 224, 229
Decimal	14280162
CIE Lab	90.00, -4.54, 0.07
CIE LCh	90, 4.543, 179.162
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3064, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292470242 (0xFFD9E5E2)
YUV	225.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -9.0420, 4.8163

Details

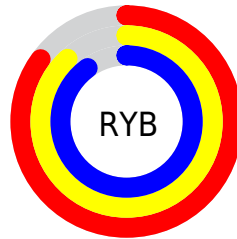
The CIELCh color `90, 4.543, 179.162` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `88, 4.632, 359.872`, and the grayscale version is `90, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `70, 4.776, 178.993` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `88, 13.084, 178.120`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `92, 4.162, 359.788`.

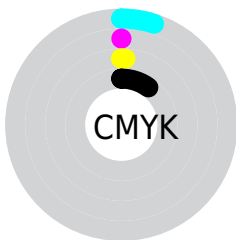
Distribution



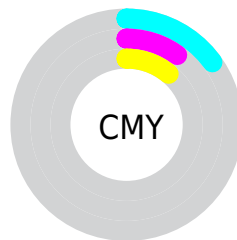
- Red (85%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 4.543, 179.162

■ 90, 4.543, 179.162

■ 100, 4.543,
179.162

■ 80, 4.543, 179.162

■ 70, 4.543, 179.162

■ 60, 4.543, 179.162

■ 50, 4.543, 179.162

■ 40, 4.543, 179.162

■ 30, 4.543, 179.162

■ 20, 4.543, 179.162

■ 10, 4.543, 179.162

■ 0, 4.543, 179.162

90, 4.543, 179.162

90, 4.543, 179.162

88, 13.084,
178.120

92, 4.162, 359.788

87, 21.335,
177.094

93, 10.296,
355.124

85, 29.160,
176.000

93, 11.806,
342.016

84, 36.411,
174.816

94, 13.798,
332.334

83, 42.945,
173.517

94, 16.094,
325.311

83, 48.637,
172.080

94, 16.227,
324.986

82, 53.407,
170.479

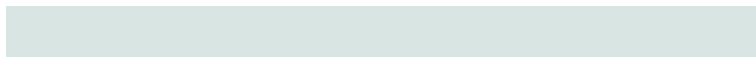
82, 57.235,
168.694

■ 81, 60.189,
166.719

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 4.543, 179.162



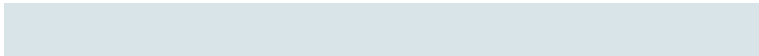
88, 4.632, 359.872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 4.543, 179.162



90, 4.543, 229.162



90, 4.543, 359.162



90, 4.543, 49.162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 4.545, 179.145



100, 1.893, 179.633



90, 7.010, 136.585



53, 1.076, 179.658



0, 0.000, 0.000



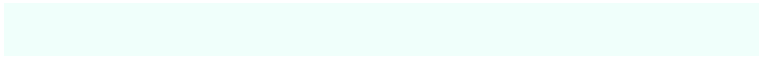
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 4.545, 179.145



99, 5.673, 179.056



89, 3.529, 223.791



48, 3.449, 178.993



65, 50.692, 166.114



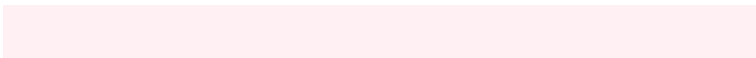
18, 20.249, 169.731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 4.632, 359.872



96, 5.795, 359.964



88, 3.636, 43.059



46, 3.530, 0.031



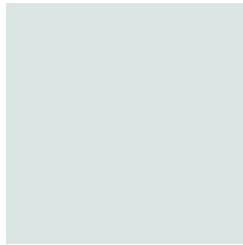
37, 68.836, 25.298



7, 26.640, 11.111

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

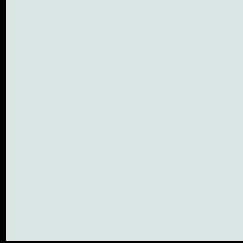
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

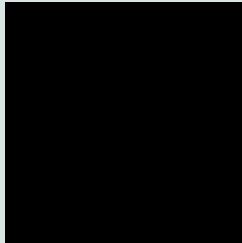
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

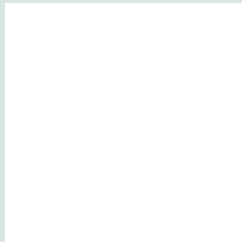
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 4.543, 179.162

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162.



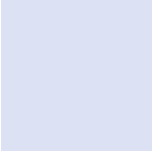
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.543, 179.162.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 9.544, 278.487

Trichromacy



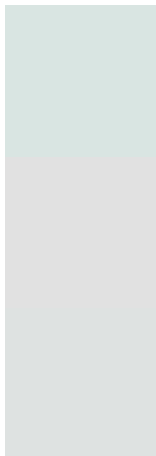
Original Color
90, 4.543, 179.162

Protanomaly
90, 0.508, 109.997

Deuteranomaly
90, 5.134, 355.838

Tritanomaly
90, 5.850, 262.253

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 4.543, 179.162

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 1.519, 179.714

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 4.543, 179.162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(217, 229, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(217, 229, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(217, 229, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(217, 229, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.543, 179.162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

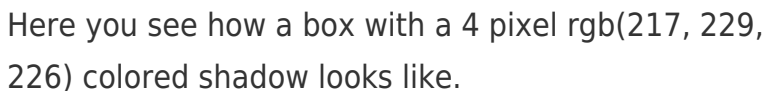
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(217, 229, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(217, 229, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(217, 229, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 229, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 229, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(217, 229, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.543, 179.162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(217, 229, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(217,  
229, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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