

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 4.705, 344.859)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 4.705, 344.859) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(90, 4.447, 343.899)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	EAE0E5
RGB	234, 224, 229
RGB Percent	92%, 88%, 90%
CMY	0.0832, 0.1224, 0.1028
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.02, 0.08
HSL	330°, 19%, 90%
HSV	330°, 4%, 92%
XYZ	74.5777, 76.3034, 84.7747
YIQ	227.5600, 4.3550, 3.6750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

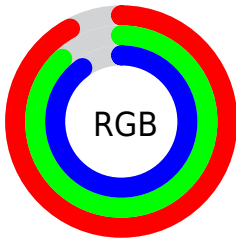
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">234, 224, 229</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15392997</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.00, 4.27, -1.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 4.447, 343.899</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">76.3034, 0.3165, 0.3238</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293583077 (0xFFEAE0E5)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">227.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.3518, -0.4690, 3.6054</a>

# Details

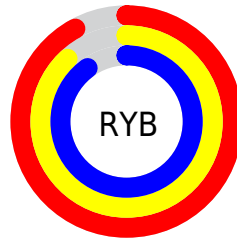
The CIELCh color **90, 4.447, 343.899** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 4.408, 163.413**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 4.381, 341.082** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84, 15.016, 344.860**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 5.845, 163.294**.

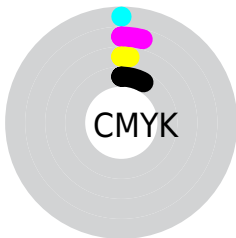
# Distribution



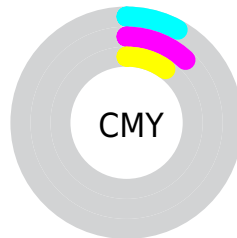
- Red (92%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



90, 4.447, 343.899

90, 4.447, 343.899

100, 4.447,  
343.899

80, 4.447, 343.899

70, 4.447, 343.899

60, 4.447, 343.899

50, 4.447, 343.899

40, 4.447, 343.899

30, 4.447, 343.899

20, 4.447, 343.899

10, 4.447, 343.899

0, 4.447, 343.899

90, 4.447, 343.899

90, 4.447, 343.899

84, 15.016,  
344.860

96, 5.845, 163.294

78, 25.763,  
345.852

98, 7.456, 187.896

72, 36.501,  
346.965

99, 7.256, 199.038

67, 46.945,  
348.246

62, 56.685,  
349.756

58, 65.201,  
351.584

55, 71.936,  
353.854

52, 76.455,  
356.723

■ 51, 78.674, 0.352

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 4.447, 343.899



92, 4.408, 163.413

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 4.447, 343.899



90, 4.447, 33.899



90, 4.447, 163.899



90, 4.447, 213.899

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 4.445, 343.909



99, 1.116, 343.307



90, 5.520, 309.232



53, 0.635, 343.280



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 4.445, 343.909



97, 5.582, 343.987



90, 3.606, 19.493



47, 3.559, 344.053



39, 65.538, 1.948



8, 28.606, 355.226



# Inverse Universe

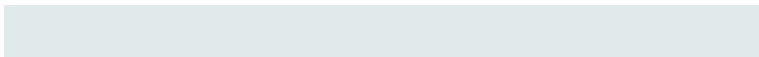
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 4.445, 343.909



97, 5.582, 343.987



92, 3.510, 199.344



47, 3.559, 344.053



39, 65.538, 1.948

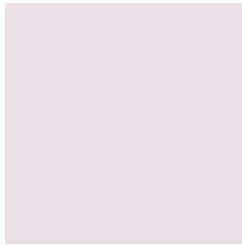


8, 28.606, 355.226



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

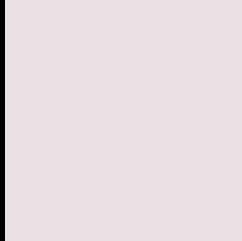
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

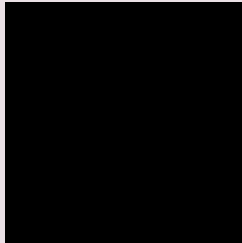
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

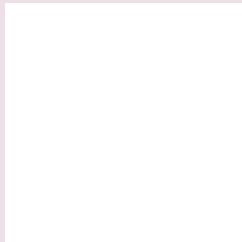
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 90, 4.447, 343.899

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 4.447, 343.899.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

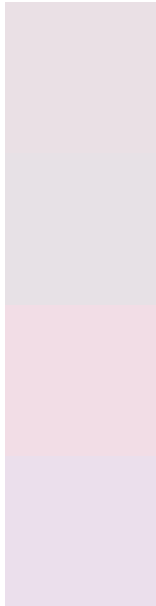






**Tritanopia**  
90, 10.472, 316.729

# Trichromacy



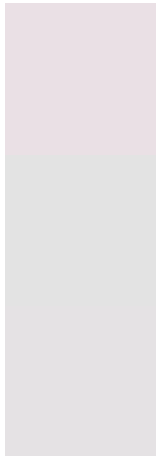
**Original Color**  
90, 4.447, 343.899

**Protanomaly**  
90, 3.390, 329.450

**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 8.904, 348.408

**Tritanomaly**  
90, 8.026, 322.601

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 4.447, 343.899

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
90, 1.508, 335.501

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 4.447, 343.899 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(234, 224, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(234, 224, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(234, 224, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(234, 224, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.447, 343.899 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(234, 224, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(234, 224, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(234, 224, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(234, 224, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 224, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(234, 224,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 4.447, 343.899 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(234, 224, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(234,  
224, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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