

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 49.739, 196.369)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 49.739, 196.369)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 49.668, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FCFC
RGB	0, 252, 252
RGB Percent	0%, 99%, 99%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0136, 0.0136
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	180°, 100%, 49%
HSV	180°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	52.1172, 76.3034, 103.6929
YIQ	176.6520, -150.1920, -53.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

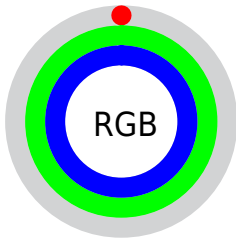
Format	Color
RYB	0, 126, 252
Decimal	64764
CIELab	90.00, -47.65, -14.01
CIELCh	90, 49.668, 196.386
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2245, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278254844 (0xFF00FCFC)
YUV	176.6520, 37.1466, -154.9238
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -46.3661, -9.2352

Details

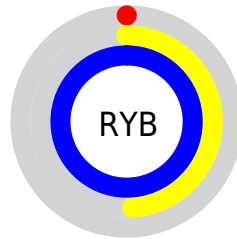
The CIELCh color **90, 49.668, 196.386** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **53, 103.498, 40.000**, and the grayscale version is **72, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 38.289, 197.073**, and **72, 40.954, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 49.598, 196.389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 48.940, 196.427**.

Distribution



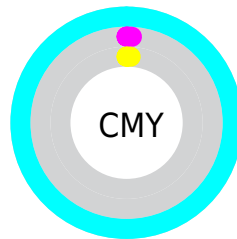
- Red (0%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 90, 49.668,
196.386


 90, 49.668,
196.386

 100, 49.668,
196.386


 80, 49.668,
196.386

 70, 49.668,
196.386

 60, 49.668,
196.386

 50, 49.668,
196.386

 40, 49.668,
196.386

 30, 49.668,
196.386

 20, 49.668,

196.386

■ 10, 49.668,
196.386

■ 0, 49.668, 196.386

■ 90, 49.668,
196.386

■ 90, 49.668,
196.386

■ 90, 49.598,
196.389

■ 90, 48.940,
196.427

■ 90, 47.453,
196.513

■ 91, 44.926,
196.660

■ 91, 41.295,
196.873

■ 92, 36.569,
197.155

■ 93, 30.815,
197.503

■ 94, 24.143,
197.915

■ 95, 16.687,
198.388

■ 97, 8.591, 198.934

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 49.668, 196.386



53, 103.498, 40.000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 49.668, 196.386



90, 49.668, 246.386



90, 49.668, 16.386



90, 49.668, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 49.598, 196.389



95, 24.410, 197.914



87, 118.544, 136.016



50, 16.365, 197.732



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 49.598, 196.389



91, 50.114, 196.389



54, 72.852, 284.994



51, 4.864, 198.965



69, 39.962, 196.389



23, 18.081, 196.389

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 114.375, 328.233



60, 115.566, 328.233



66, 84.702, 59.813



49, 8.908, 324.946



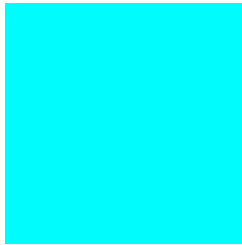
45, 92.155, 328.233



12, 41.695, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

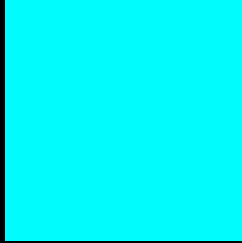
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

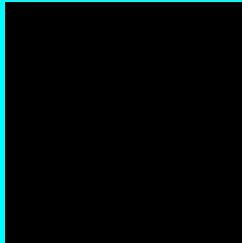
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

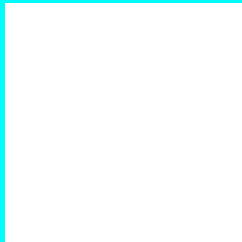
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 49.668, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 49.668, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
90, 30.301, 211.649

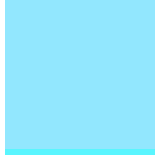
Trichromacy



Original Color
90, 49.668, 196.386



Protanomaly
87, 27.826, 205.272



Deuteranomaly
87, 27.702, 223.903



Tritanomaly
89, 40.908, 203.568

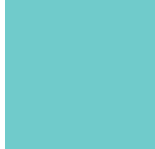
Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 49.668, 196.386



Achromatopsia
72, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
76, 28.412, 197.344

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 49.668, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 252, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 252, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 252, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 252, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 49.668, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 252, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 252, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 252, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 252, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 252, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 252,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 49.668, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 252, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 252,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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