

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 5.499, 286.142)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 5.499, 286.142) contains.

CIELCh(90, 5.209, 286.759)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(90, 5.209, 286.759)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E2EC
RGB	225, 226, 236
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 93%
CMY	0.1184, 0.1145, 0.0753
CMYK	0.05, 0.04, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	235°, 22%, 90%
HSV	235°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	73.2416, 76.3034, 90.0710
YIQ	226.8410, -3.8060, 2.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

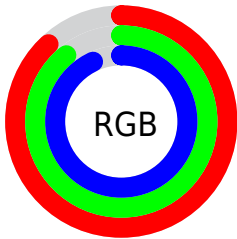
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 226, 236
Decimal	14803692
CIE Lab	90.00, 1.50, -4.99
CIE LCh	90, 5.209, 286.759
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3057, 0.3184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292993772 (0xFFE1E2EC)
YUV	226.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -3.1992, 0.0106

Details

The CIELCh color `90, 5.209, 286.759` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `93, 5.146, 105.722`, and the grayscale version is `90, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `70, 4.939, 286.413` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `83, 16.647, 287.926`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `97, 5.830, 105.681`.

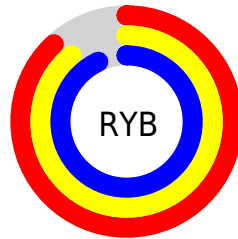
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (89%)

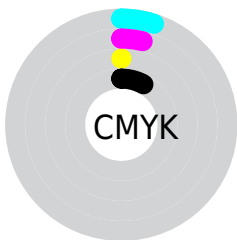
Blue (93%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (93%)

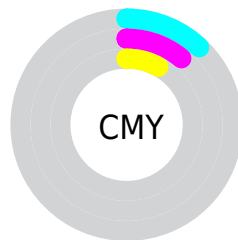


Cyan (5%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90, 5.209, 286.759

■ 90, 5.209, 286.759

■ 100, 5.209,
286.759

■ 80, 5.209, 286.759

■ 70, 5.209, 286.759

■ 60, 5.209, 286.759

■ 50, 5.209, 286.759

■ 40, 5.209, 286.759

■ 30, 5.209, 286.759

■ 20, 5.209, 286.759

■ 10, 5.209, 286.759

■ 0, 5.209, 286.759

90, 5.209, 286.759

90, 5.209, 286.759

83, 16.647,
287.926

97, 5.830, 105.681

76, 28.524,
289.330

100, 9.719,
109.441

68, 40.875,
290.981

61, 53.733,
292.906

54, 67.094,
295.112

48, 80.847,
297.558

41, 94.607,
300.122

36, 107.464,
302.567

■ 32, 117.858,
304.573

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 5.209, 286.759



93, 5.146, 105.722

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 5.209, 286.759



90, 5.209, 336.759



90, 5.209, 106.759



90, 5.209, 156.759

Sweetspot

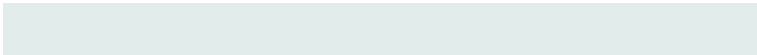
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 5.207, 286.744



99, 1.191, 286.432



93, 3.910, 190.943



53, 0.677, 286.432



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 5.207, 286.744



95, 7.151, 286.891



90, 5.951, 305.716



47, 4.434, 286.957



23, 99.092, 305.086



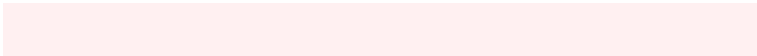
3, 33.472, 296.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 4.001, 12.082



96, 5.509, 12.231



93, 5.887, 125.290



47, 3.419, 12.292



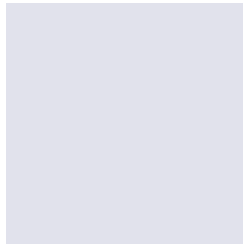
38, 77.021, 36.218



7, 28.181, 18.989

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

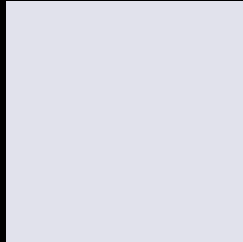
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

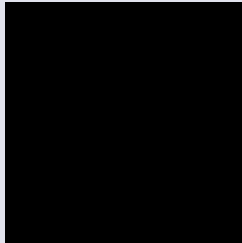
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

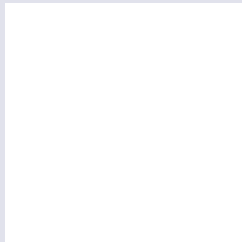
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 5.209, 286.759

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759.

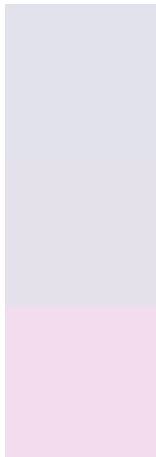


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 5.209, 286.759.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 5.209, 286.759

Protanopia

90, 5.326, 302.037

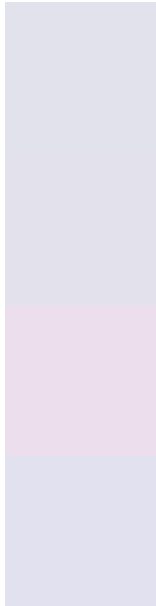
Deuteranopia

90, 12.084, 333.346



Tritanopia
90, 9.375, 293.054

Trichromacy



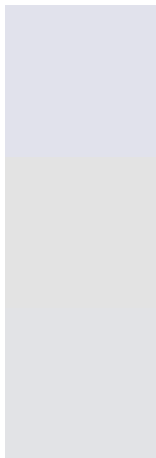
Original Color
90, 5.209, 286.759

Protanomaly
90, 5.263, 298.285

Deuteranomaly
90, 9.288, 322.933

Tritanomaly
90, 7.818, 293.367

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 5.209, 286.759

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 1.601, 277.564

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 5.209, 286.759 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 226, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 226, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 226, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 226, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 5.209, 286.759 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 226, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 226, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 226, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 226, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 5.209, 286.759 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 226, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
226, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor