

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 50.153, 180.618)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 50.153, 180.618)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(90, 50.290, 180.577)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49FCE2
RGB	73, 252, 226
RGB Percent	29%, 99%, 89%
CMY	0.7154, 0.0129, 0.1149
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.10, 0.01
HSL	171°, 96%, 64%
HSV	171°, 71%, 99%
XYZ	51.1163, 76.3034, 83.7740
YIQ	195.5150, -98.3380, -46.0340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

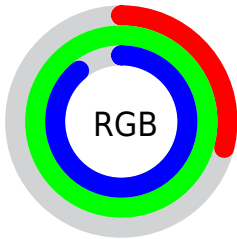
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	73, 170, 252
Decimal	4848866
CIELab	90.00, -50.29, -0.51
CIELCh	90, 50.290, 180.577
Yxy	76.3034, 0.2420, 0.3613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283038946 (0xFF49FCE2)
YUV	195.5150, 15.0291, -107.4457
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -48.4114, 4.2847

# Details

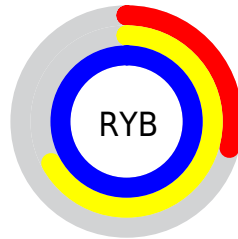
The CIELCh color **90, 50.290, 180.577** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **58, 73.308, 20.878**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 33.320, 197.370**, and **71, 45.797, 179.899** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 53.746, 179.275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 45.765, 181.759**.

# Distribution



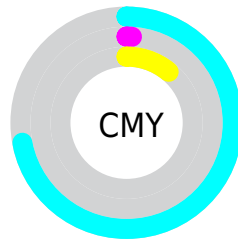
- Red (29%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (11%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 90, 50.290,  
180.577


 90, 50.290,  
180.577

 100, 50.290,  
180.577


 80, 50.290,  
180.577

 70, 50.290,  
180.577

 60, 50.290,  
180.577

 50, 50.290,  
180.577

 40, 50.290,  
180.577

 30, 50.290,  
180.577

 20, 50.290,

180.577

■ 10, 50.290,  
180.577

■ 0, 50.290, 180.577

■ 90, 50.290,  
180.577

■ 90, 50.290,  
180.577

■ 90, 53.746,  
179.275

■ 91, 45.765,  
181.759

■ 89, 56.183,  
177.838

■ 91, 40.203,  
182.848

■ 89, 57.667,  
176.469

■ 92, 33.696,  
183.862

■ 94, 26.376,  
184.820

95, 18.393,  
185.740

97, 9.902, 186.643

99, 1.047, 188.023

99, 2.027, 324.973

99, 2.058, 324.363

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 50.290, 180.577



58, 73.308, 20.878

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 50.290, 180.577



90, 50.290, 230.577



90, 50.290, 0.577



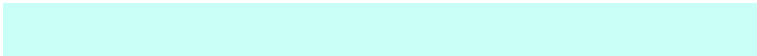
90, 50.290, 50.577

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 50.290, 180.576



96, 18.449, 185.753



88, 99.765, 135.582



51, 12.404, 185.502



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 50.290, 180.576



90, 55.354, 178.733



73, 42.364, 252.336



51, 5.026, 186.797



69, 46.297, 176.763



22, 20.490, 178.921



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 73.308, 20.878



55, 86.531, 26.920



68, 65.603, 52.833



49, 5.252, 8.313



39, 76.916, 33.339

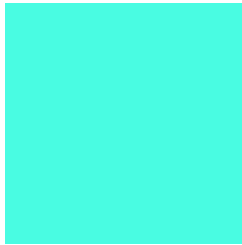


9, 31.265, 20.203



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

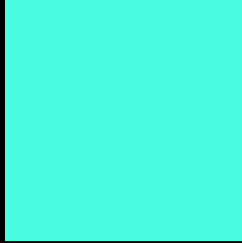
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 90, 50.290, 180.577

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577.

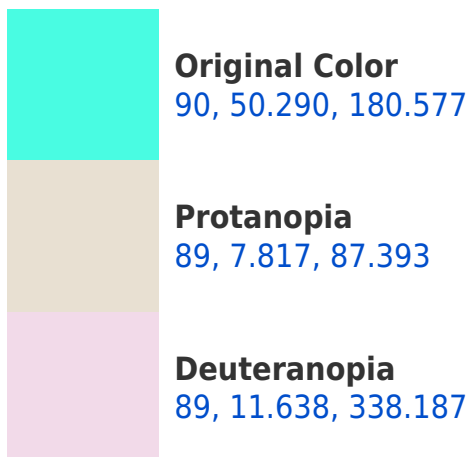


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 50.290, 180.577.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





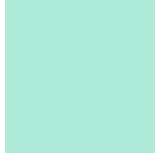


**Tritanopia**  
90, 28.959, 213.486

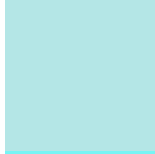
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 50.290, 180.577



**Protanomaly**  
88, 22.768, 173.466



**Deuteranomaly**  
88, 16.777, 198.305

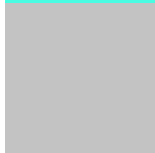


**Tritanomaly**  
89, 36.319, 197.117

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 50.290, 180.577



**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
82, 22.976, 184.363

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 50.290, 180.577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 252, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 252, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 252, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 252, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 50.290, 180.577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 252, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 252, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 252, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 252, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 252, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 252,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 50.290, 180.577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 252, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 252,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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