

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 61.632, 221.386)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 61.632, 221.386)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 49.545, 197.629)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 49.545, 197.629)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0AFEFF
RGB	10, 254, 255
RGB Percent	4%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.9594, 0.0025, 0.0000
CMYK	0.96, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 52%
HSV	180°, 96%, 100%
XYZ	53.9503, 78.4833, 108.0482
YIQ	181.1580, -145.7450, -51.4170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

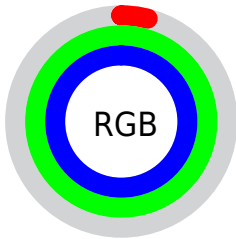
Format	Color
R_{YB}	10, 132, 255
Decimal	720639
CIE _{Lab}	91.00, -47.22, -15.00
CIE _{LCh}	91, 49.545, 197.629
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2243, 0.3264
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278910719 (0xFF0AFEFF)
YUV	181.1580, 36.4041, -150.1056
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -46.3305, -10.2984

Details

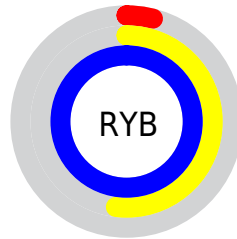
The CIELCh color **91, 49.545, 197.629** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **54, 102.524, 39.219**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 37.890, 197.097**, and **72, 40.828, 197.969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 49.923, 196.797**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 48.802, 196.813**.

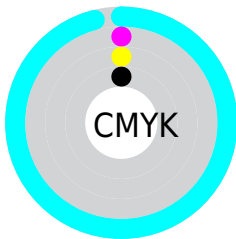
Distribution



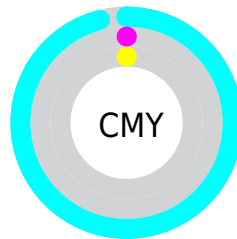
- Red (4%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 49.545,
197.629


 91, 49.545,
197.629


 100, 49.545,
197.629


 81, 49.545,
197.629

 71, 49.545,
197.629

 61, 49.545,
197.629

 51, 49.545,
197.629

 41, 49.545,
197.629

 31, 49.545,
197.629

 21, 49.545,

197.629

■ 11, 49.545,
197.629

■ 1, 49.545, 197.629

■ 91, 49.545,
197.629

■ 91, 49.545,
197.629

■ 91, 49.923,
196.797

■ 91, 48.802,
196.813

■ 91, 46.908,
196.893

■ 92, 43.925,
197.042

■ 93, 39.822,
197.263

■ 93, 34.633,
197.554

■ 94, 28.445,
197.915

■ 96, 21.382,
198.340

■ 97, 13.586,
198.829

■ 99, 5.203, 199.425

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 49.545, 197.629



54, 102.524, 39.219

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 49.545, 197.629



91, 49.545, 247.629



91, 49.545, 17.629



91, 49.545, 67.629

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 49.724, 196.794



95, 23.624, 198.203



88, 118.954, 136.123



50, 15.931, 198.023



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 49.724, 196.794



91, 49.923, 196.797



56, 70.621, 283.204



52, 4.932, 199.189



70, 40.213, 196.790



24, 18.508, 196.741

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 114.663, 328.315



60, 115.327, 328.338



68, 83.669, 60.972



50, 9.041, 325.016



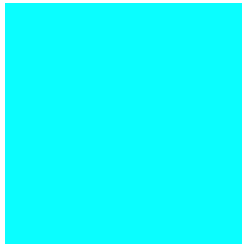
45, 92.892, 328.337



12, 42.745, 328.324

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

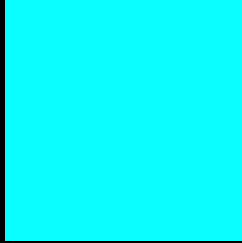
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

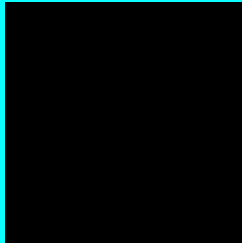
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

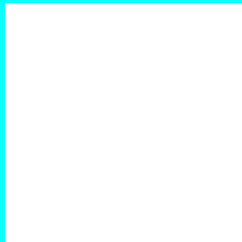
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 49.545, 197.629

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 49.545, 197.629.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 27.420, 212.162

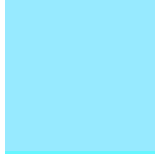
Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 49.627, 197.018



Protanomaly
88, 27.060, 206.668



Deuteranomaly
88, 26.964, 222.132

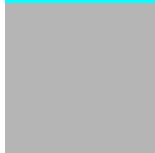


Tritanomaly
90, 39.207, 203.956

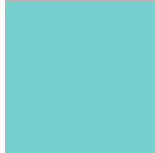
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 49.627, 197.018



Achromatopsia
74, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
78, 27.935, 197.414

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 49.545, 197.629 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(10, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(10, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(10, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(10, 254, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 49.545, 197.629 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(10, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(10, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(10, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(10, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(10, 254,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 49.545, 197.629 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(10, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(10, 254,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor