

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 8.490, 145.072)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 8.490, 145.072) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 8.455, 146.100)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8E6D9
RGB	216, 230, 217
RGB Percent	85%, 90%, 85%
CMY	0.1524, 0.0975, 0.1485
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.06, 0.10
HSL	124°, 22%, 88%
HSV	124°, 6%, 90%
XYZ	69.2333, 76.3034, 76.8146
YIQ	224.3320, -4.1710, -7.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

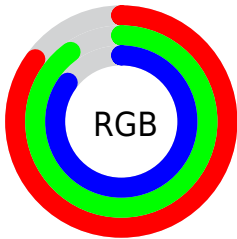
Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 229, 230
Decimal	14214873
CIE Lab	90.00, -7.02, 4.72
CIE LCh	90, 8.455, 146.100
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3114, 0.3432
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292404953 (0xFFD8E6D9)
YUV	224.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -11.3901, 9.0083

Details

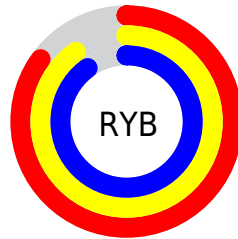
The CIELCh color **90, 8.455, 146.100** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **88, 8.478, 326.733**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 8.912, 145.981** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 22.495, 145.405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 5.408, 326.579**.

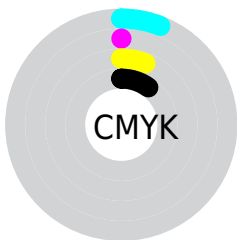
Distribution



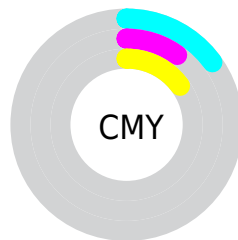
- Red (85%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90, 8.455, 146.100

90, 8.455, 146.100

100, 8.455,
146.100

80, 8.455, 146.100

70, 8.455, 146.100

60, 8.455, 146.100

50, 8.455, 146.100

40, 8.455, 146.100

30, 8.455, 146.100

20, 8.455, 146.100

10, 8.455, 146.100

0, 8.455, 146.100

90, 8.455, 146.100

90, 8.455, 146.100

88, 22.495,
145.405

92, 5.408, 326.579

86, 36.537,
144.611

94, 15.533,
324.961

85, 50.353,
143.689

83, 63.651,
142.632

82, 76.076,
141.447

81, 87.211,
140.170

81, 96.601,
138.875

80, 103.786,
137.680

■ 80,108.419,
136.729

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 8.455, 146.100



88, 8.478, 326.733

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



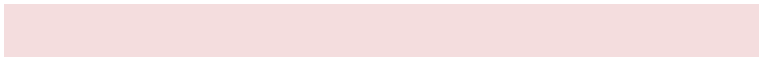
90, 8.455, 146.100



90, 8.455, 196.100



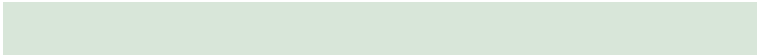
90, 8.455, 326.100



90, 8.455, 16.100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 8.457, 146.100



100, 3.004, 146.418



91, 7.240, 112.274



53, 1.707, 146.429



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 8.457, 146.100



98, 10.581, 146.035



90, 5.919, 166.959



47, 6.308, 146.000



63, 90.303, 136.625



17, 35.457, 140.064

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 8.478, 326.733



96, 10.604, 326.792



88, 5.990, 347.860



46, 6.322, 326.824



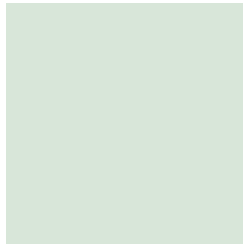
42, 83.622, 331.287



8, 35.395, 330.784

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

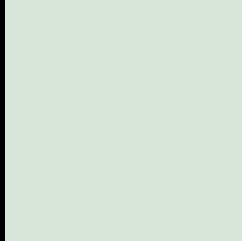
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

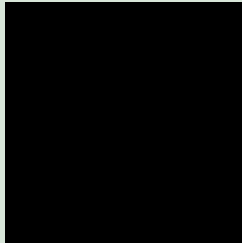
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

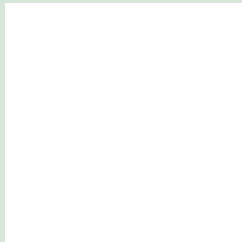
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 8.455, 146.100

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100.

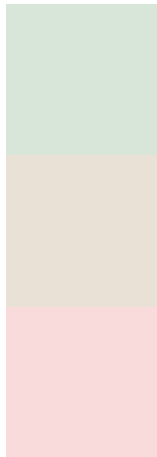


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 8.455, 146.100.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

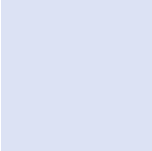
90, 8.455, 146.100

Protanopia

90, 6.388, 82.370

Deuteranopia

90, 11.407, 20.177



Tritanopia
90, 9.544, 278.487

Trichromacy



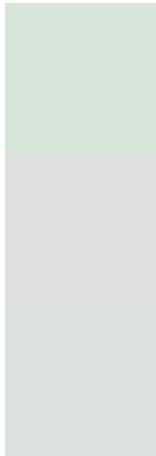
Original Color
90, 8.455, 146.100

Protanomaly
90, 6.209, 109.659

Deuteranomaly
90, 6.051, 44.958

Tritanomaly
90, 4.389, 244.704

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 8.455, 146.100

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 2.752, 150.514

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 8.455, 146.100 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 230, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 230, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 230, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 230, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 8.455, 146.100 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 230, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 230, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 230, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 230, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 230, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 230,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 8.455, 146.100 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 230, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
230, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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