

Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 89.045, 134.851)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(90, 89.045, 134.851)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(90, 89.031, 134.859)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81FE60
RGB	129, 254, 96
RGB Percent	51%, 100%, 38%
CMY	0.4946, 0.0044, 0.6240
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.62, 0.00
HSL	107°, 99%, 69%
HSV	107°, 62%, 100%
XYZ	46.5413, 76.3034, 23.3132
YIQ	198.6130, -23.7820, -75.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

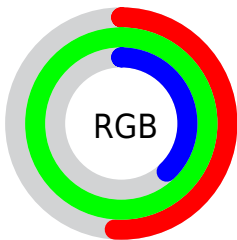
Format	Color
RYB	96, 254, 221
Decimal	8519264
CIELab	90.00, -62.80, 63.11
CIELCh	90, 89.031, 134.859
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3184, 0.5221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286709344 (0xFF81FE60)
YUV	198.6130, -50.5882, -61.0506
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -57.7603, 45.3224

Details

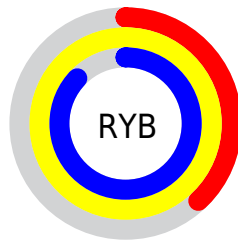
The CIELCh color **90, 89.031, 134.859** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF66**. A complement of this color would be **62, 90.919, 320.990**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 57.211, 131.579**, and **70, 88.838, 134.876** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 100.087, 134.378**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 76.302, 135.488**.

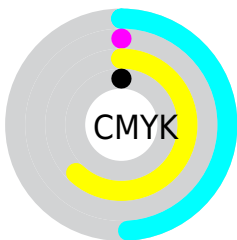
Distribution



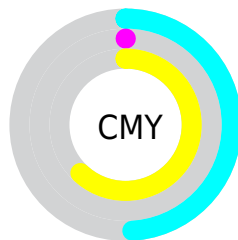
- Red (51%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (62%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 90, 89.031,
134.859


 90, 89.031,
134.859

 100, 89.031,
134.859


 80, 89.031,
134.859

 70, 89.031,
134.859

 60, 89.031,
134.859


 50, 89.031,
134.859

 40, 89.031,
134.859


 30, 89.031,
134.859


 20, 89.031,


134.859

 10, 89.031,
134.859


 0, 89.031, 134.859


 90, 89.031,
134.859


 90, 89.031,
134.859

 89, 100.087,
134.378


 91, 76.302,
135.488


 88, 108.810,
134.175

 92, 62.466,
136.163

 88, 114.658,
134.364

 94, 47.963,
136.822

 88, 117.329,
134.731

 95, 33.118,
137.433

97, 18.168,
137.985

99, 3.287, 138.526

100, 0.705,
324.027

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 89.031, 134.859



62, 90.919, 320.990

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 89.031, 134.859



90, 89.031, 184.859



90, 89.031, 314.859



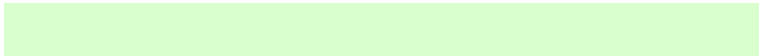
90, 89.031, 4.859

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 89.032, 134.860



96, 28.391, 137.618



88, 63.553, 91.658



51, 19.549, 137.454



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 89.032, 134.860



89, 103.123, 134.288



89, 77.410, 147.099



52, 8.463, 138.126



68, 94.618, 134.570



23, 42.176, 133.823

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 90.919, 320.990



57, 104.912, 321.088



65, 76.746, 338.664



50, 8.513, 318.952



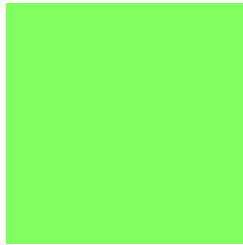
39, 94.986, 320.381



9, 43.540, 321.267

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

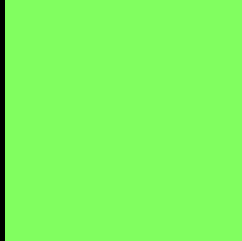
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

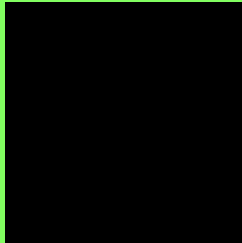
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

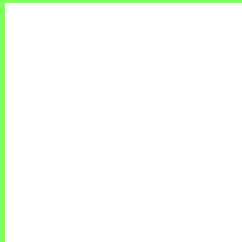
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 90, 89.031, 134.859

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859.

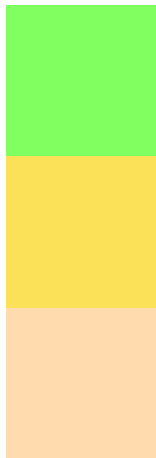


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 89.031, 134.859.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90, 89.031, 134.859

Protanopia

89, 68.143, 95.212

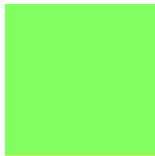
Deuteranopia

89, 27.931, 77.484

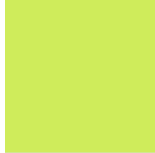


Tritanopia
90, 23.915, 221.326

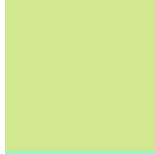
Trichromacy



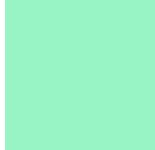
Original Color
90, 89.031, 134.859



Protanomaly
89, 71.304, 114.100



Deuteranomaly
89, 45.163, 118.149

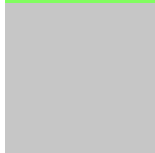


Tritanomaly
89, 39.495, 159.689

Monochromacy



Original Color
90, 89.031, 134.859



Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
83, 34.407, 137.163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 89.031, 134.859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 254, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 254, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 254, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 254, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 89.031, 134.859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 254, 96) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 254, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 254, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 254, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 254, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 254,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 89.031, 134.859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 254, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
254, 96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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