

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 89.540, 95.519)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 89.540, 95.519) contains.

<b>CIELCh(90, 89.642, 95.666)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# **Color**

**CIELCh(90, 89.642, 95.666)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE401
RGB	254, 228, 1
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 0%
CMY	0.0054, 0.1072, 0.9970
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 1.00, 0.01
HSL	54°, 99%, 50%
HSV	54°, 100%, 99%
XYZ	68.3907, 76.3034, 11.1446
YIQ	209.8960, 88.3630, -65.0850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

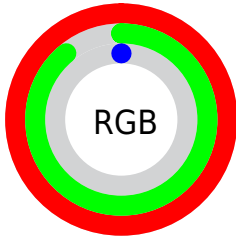
Format	Color
RYB	30, 254, 1
Decimal	16704513
CIELab	90.00, -8.85, 89.20
CIELCh	90, 89.642, 95.666
Yxy	76.3034, 0.4389, 0.4896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294894593 (0xFFFE401)
YUV	209.8960, -102.9857, 38.6792
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, -13.1119, 53.5818

# Details

The CIELCh color **90, 89.642, 95.666** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF33**. The color can be described as light saturated yellow. A complement of this color would be **34, 127.963, 305.170**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 77.517, 104.262**, and **70, 72.998, 96.053** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 89.684, 95.644**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 87.700, 96.475**.

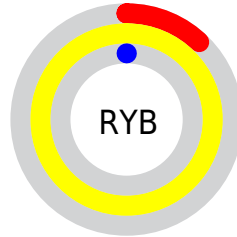
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

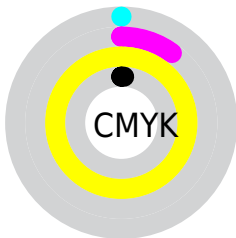
Blue (0%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (0%)

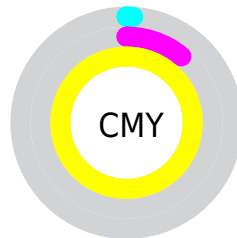


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90, 89.642, 95.666

 90, 89.642, 95.666

 100, 89.642,  
95.666

 80, 89.642, 95.666

 70, 89.642, 95.666

 60, 89.642, 95.666

 50, 89.642, 95.666

 40, 89.642, 95.666

 30, 89.642, 95.666

 20, 89.642, 95.666

 10, 89.642, 95.666

 0, 89.642, 95.666

90, 89.642, 95.666

90, 89.642, 95.666

90, 89.684, 95.644

91, 87.700, 96.475

91, 83.057, 97.333

92, 75.863, 98.262

93, 66.820, 99.259

94, 56.589,  
100.307

95, 45.656,  
101.387

96, 34.335,  
102.481

97, 22.821,  
103.572

98, 11.231,  
104.644



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 89.642, 95.666



34, 127.963, 305.170

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 89.642, 95.666



90, 89.642, 145.666



90, 89.642, 275.666



90, 89.642, 325.666

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 89.641, 95.668



96, 34.834, 102.447



53, 98.599, 35.758



51, 23.723, 101.985



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 89.641, 95.668



90, 90.051, 95.642



91, 104.705, 123.931



53, 6.614, 104.664



70, 72.614, 95.777



24, 32.781, 96.884



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 127.963, 305.170



34, 128.724, 305.212



37, 127.497, 309.388



49, 6.732, 286.753



25, 102.710, 304.947



5, 40.864, 299.904



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

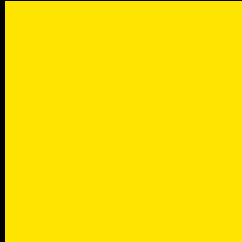
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 90, 89.642, 95.666

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 89.642, 95.666.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90, 89.721, 95.665


### Protanopia

90, 85.227, 95.054

### Deuteranopia

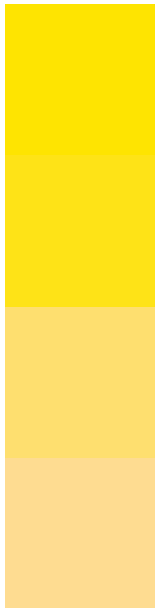
90, 27.919, 79.374





**Tritanopia**  
90, 15.476, 356.922

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 89.721, 95.665

**Protanomaly**  
90, 87.376, 95.355

**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 57.970, 92.427

**Tritanomaly**  
89, 41.184, 87.170

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 89.721, 95.665

**Achromatopsia**  
84, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
86, 42.380, 100.980

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 89.642, 95.666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 228, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 228, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 228, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 228, 1) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 89.642, 95.666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 228, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 228, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 228, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 228, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 228, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 228,  
1) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 89.642, 95.666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 228, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
228, 1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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