

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(90, 9.955, 60.448)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(90, 9.955, 60.448) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(90, 10.029, 61.749)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3DFD2
RGB	243, 223, 210
RGB Percent	95%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.0480, 0.1264, 0.1774
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	24°, 57%, 89%
HSV	24°, 14%, 95%
XYZ	74.8082, 76.3034, 71.6062
YIQ	227.4980, 16.0930, 0.1970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

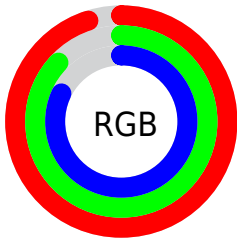
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 231, 210
Decimal	15982546
CIE Lab	90.00, 4.75, 8.83
CIE LCh	90, 10.029, 61.749
Yxy	76.3034, 0.3359, 0.3426
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294172626 (0xFFFF3DFD2)
YUV	227.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953
Hunter-Lab	87.3518, 0.0019, 12.5436

# Details

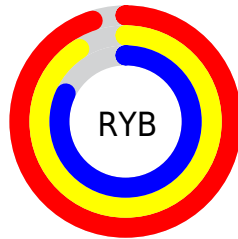
The CIELCh color **90, 10.029, 61.749** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 9.464, 244.799**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 9.971, 60.690** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 17.985, 60.805**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 2.563, 62.617**.

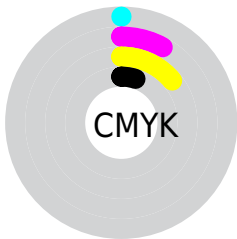
# Distribution



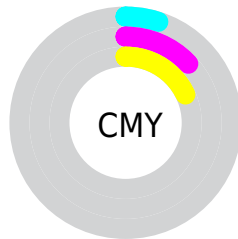
- Red (95%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90, 10.029, 61.749

 90, 10.029, 61.749

 100, 10.029,  
61.749

 80, 10.029, 61.749

 70, 10.029, 61.749

 60, 10.029, 61.749

 50, 10.029, 61.749

 40, 10.029, 61.749

 30, 10.029, 61.749

 20, 10.029, 61.749

 10, 10.029, 61.749

 0, 10.029, 61.749

90, 10.029, 61.749

90, 10.029, 61.749

86, 17.985, 60.805

94, 2.563, 62.617

82, 26.474, 59.864

98, 3.534, 223.340

78, 35.519, 58.963

99, 4.223, 199.294

74, 45.101, 58.107

70, 55.119, 57.277

67, 65.293, 56.399

64, 74.992, 55.286

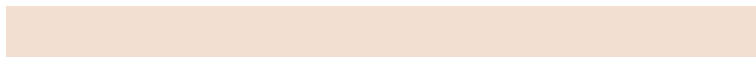
61, 83.023, 53.548

59, 86.999, 52.083

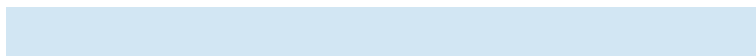
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 10.029, 61.749



90, 9.464, 244.799

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90, 10.029, 61.749



90, 10.029, 111.749



90, 10.029, 241.749



90, 10.029, 291.749

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 10.029, 61.765



98, 2.977, 62.596



87, 15.946, 338.871



52, 2.121, 62.549



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

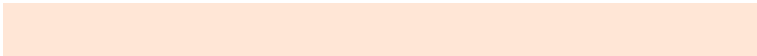


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 10.029, 61.765



93, 12.385, 61.530



94, 14.982, 103.522



49, 4.167, 62.151



46, 70.892, 52.729



13, 25.082, 50.916



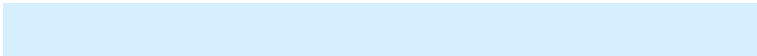


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 9.464, 244.799



93, 11.552, 245.121



86, 15.332, 286.579



49, 4.009, 244.304



46, 45.980, 271.551

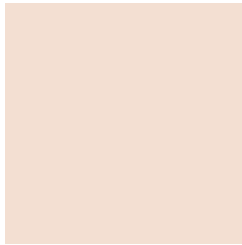


13, 18.480, 263.560



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

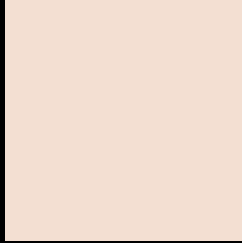
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

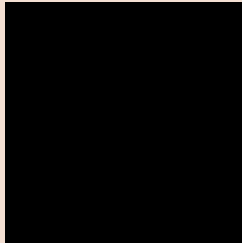
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

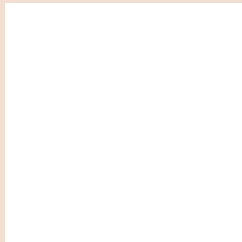
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 90, 10.029, 61.749**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 10.029, 61.749.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90, 10.029, 61.749

### Protanopia

90, 8.287, 88.682

### Deuteranopia

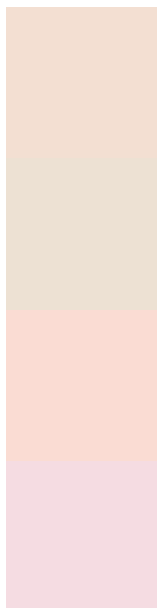
90, 13.747, 37.681



**Tritanopia**  
90, 13.107, 338.062



# Trichromacy



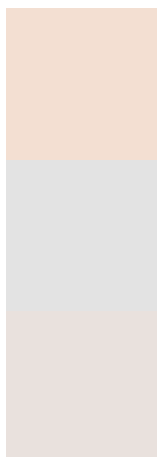
**Original Color**  
90, 10.029, 61.749

**Protanomaly**  
90, 8.480, 78.040

**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 12.136, 42.565

**Tritanomaly**  
90, 9.594, 1.176

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 10.029, 61.749

**Achromatopsia**  
90, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
90, 3.544, 55.134

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 10.029, 61.749 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 223, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 223, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 223, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 223, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 10.029, 61.749 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 223, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 223, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 223, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 223, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 223, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 223,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 10.029, 61.749 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 223, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
223, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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