

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 0.483, 263.530)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 0.483, 263.530) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 0.528, 290.355)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E5E6
RGB	229, 229, 230
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.1016, 0.1016, 0.0977
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	240°, 2%, 90%
HSV	240°, 0%, 90%
XYZ	74.6852, 78.4833, 86.1448
YIQ	229.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 229, 230
Decimal	15066598
CIE Lab	91.00, 0.18, -0.50
CIE LCh	91, 0.528, 290.355
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3121, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256678 (0xFFE5E5E6)
YUV	229.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -4.5521, 4.3606

Details

The CIELCh color $91, 0.528, 290.355$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $91, 0.504, 109.836$, and the grayscale version is $91, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $71, 0.554, 290.337$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83, 12.640, 291.119$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98, 11.121, 109.168$.

Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (90%)

Blue (90%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (90%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 0.528, 290.355

■ 91, 0.528, 290.355

100, 0.528,
290.355

■ 81, 0.528, 290.355

■ 71, 0.528, 290.355

■ 61, 0.528, 290.355

■ 51, 0.528, 290.355

■ 41, 0.528, 290.355

■ 31, 0.528, 290.355

■ 21, 0.528, 290.355

■ 11, 0.528, 290.355

■ 1, 0.528, 290.355

91, 0.528, 290.355

91, 0.528, 290.355

83, 12.640,
291.119

98, 11.121,
109.168

76, 25.261,
292.356

99, 12.604,
109.225

68, 38.428,
293.816

61, 52.167,
295.524

53, 66.455,
297.483

46, 81.118,
299.651

40, 95.620,
301.892

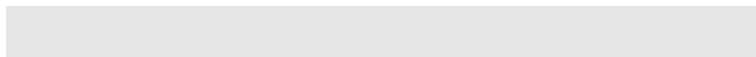
34, 108.753,
303.949

■ 31, 118.552,
305.472

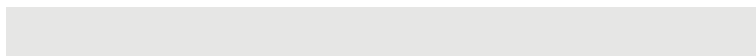
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 0.528, 290.355



91, 0.504, 109.836

Rectangle

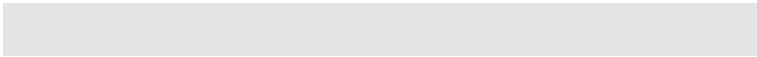
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



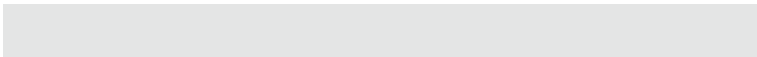
91, 0.528, 290.355



91, 0.528, 340.355



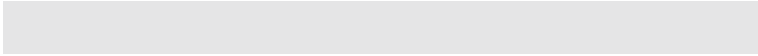
91, 0.528, 110.355



91, 0.528, 160.355

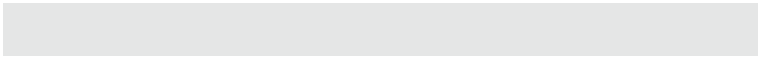
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 0.526, 290.203

100, 0.012, 296.813



91, 0.354, 199.718



53, 0.007, 296.813



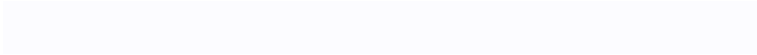
0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

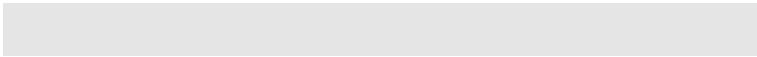
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 0.526, 290.203



99, 1.303, 290.180



91, 0.558, 308.279



48, 0.680, 290.178



21, 102.206, 306.238



2, 33.585, 296.702

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 0.358, 17.396



99, 0.895, 18.402



91, 0.536, 128.698



48, 0.467, 18.351



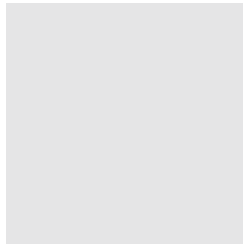
37, 79.808, 39.811



6, 27.091, 21.596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

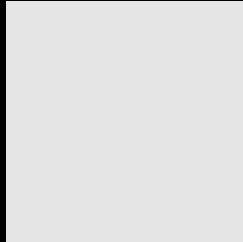
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

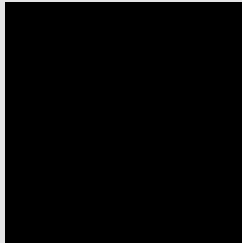
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

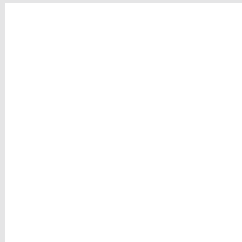
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 0.528, 290.355

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355.

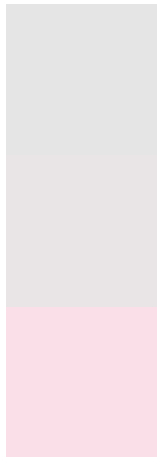


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 0.528, 290.355.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 0.528, 290.355

Protanopia

91, 1.870, 3.138

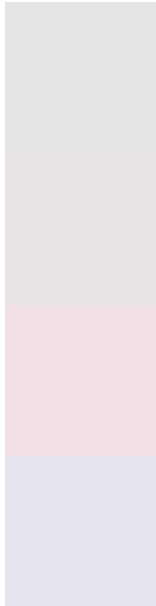
Deuteranopia

91, 11.356, 353.143



Tritanopia
91, 9.469, 299.344

Trichromacy



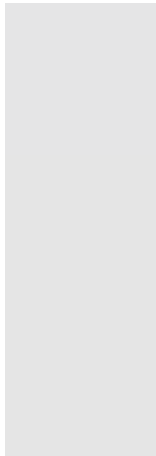
Original Color
91, 0.528, 290.355

Protanomaly
91, 1.530, 359.315

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.870, 352.973

Tritanomaly
91, 6.279, 297.075

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 0.528, 290.355

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 0.528, 290.355 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 229, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 229, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 229, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 229, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 0.528, 290.355 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 229, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 229, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 229, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 230); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 230); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 0.528, 290.355 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 229, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
229, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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