

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 0.604, 226.426)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 0.604, 226.426) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 0.632, 256.169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E5E6
RGB	228, 229, 230
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.1047, 0.1007, 0.0968
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	210°, 4%, 90%
HSV	210°, 1%, 90%
XYZ	74.5228, 78.4833, 86.3106
YIQ	228.8150, -0.9170, 0.0990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 229, 230
Decimal	15001062
CIE Lab	91.00, -0.15, -0.61
CIE LCh	91, 0.632, 256.169
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3114, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293191142 (0xFFE4E5E6)
YUV	228.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -4.8794, 4.2496

Details

The CIELCh color $91, 0.632, 256.169$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $91, 0.616, 74.439$, and the grayscale version is $91, 0.011, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $71, 0.663, 256.056$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86, 7.771, 256.696$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $96, 6.556, 74.119$.

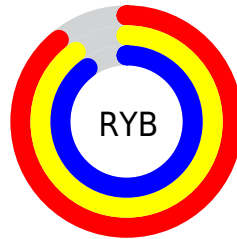
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (90%)

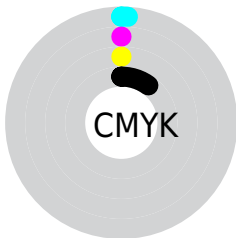
Blue (90%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (90%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 0.632, 256.169

■ 91, 0.632, 256.169

100, 0.632,
256.169

■ 81, 0.632, 256.169

■ 71, 0.632, 256.169

■ 61, 0.632, 256.169

■ 51, 0.632, 256.169

■ 41, 0.632, 256.169

■ 31, 0.632, 256.169

■ 21, 0.632, 256.169

■ 11, 0.632, 256.169

■ 1, 0.632, 256.169

91, 0.632, 256.169

91, 0.632, 256.169

86, 7.771, 256.696

96, 6.556, 74.119

82, 14.835,
258.250

99, 11.165,
104.216

77, 21.795,
260.121

99, 12.496,
109.233

73, 28.625,
262.358

69, 35.313,
265.021

64, 41.868,
268.163

60, 48.336,
271.810

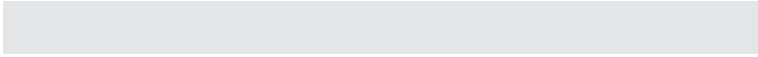
56, 54.798,
275.932

■ 53, 61.365,
280.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



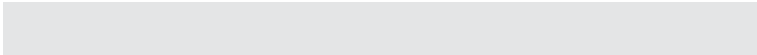
91, 0.632, 256.169



91, 0.616, 74.439

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 0.632, 256.169



91, 0.632, 306.169



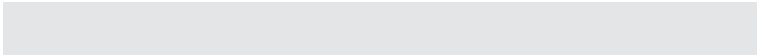
91, 0.632, 76.169



91, 0.632, 126.169

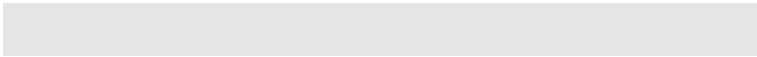
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 0.631, 255.962

100, 0.012, 296.813



91, 0.889, 163.194



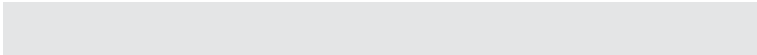
53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

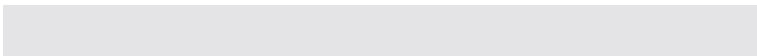
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 0.631, 255.962



99, 0.787, 255.892



91, 1.030, 289.671



48, 0.411, 255.920



39, 54.911, 283.757



9, 19.715, 275.057

Inverse Universe

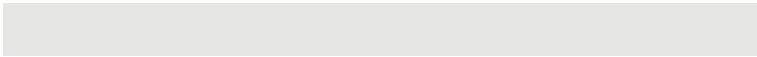
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 0.895, 343.115



99, 1.118, 343.194



91, 1.007, 109.348



48, 0.583, 343.161



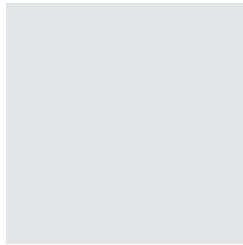
38, 64.880, 1.698



7, 27.631, 354.785

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

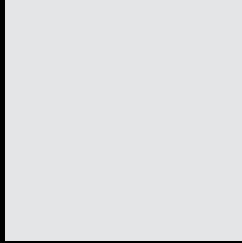
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

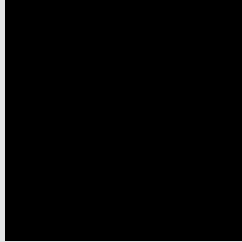
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

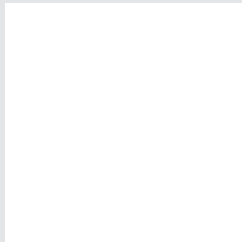
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 0.632, 256.169

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169.

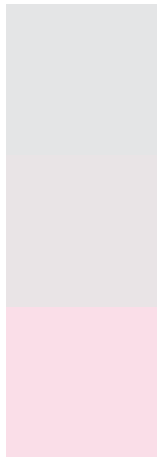


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 0.632, 256.169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

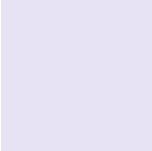
91, 0.632, 256.169

Protanopia

91, 2.079, 349.366

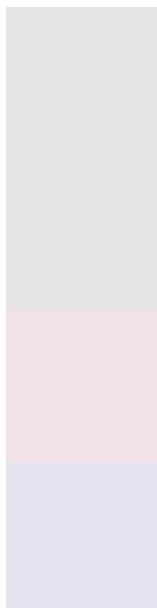
Deuteranopia

91, 11.356, 353.143



Tritanopia
91, 9.469, 299.344

Trichromacy



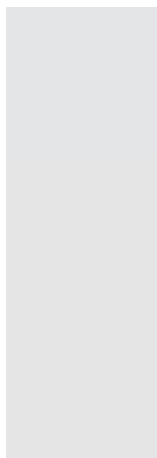
Original Color
91, 0.632, 256.169

Protanomaly
91, 1.506, 335.498

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.870, 352.973

Tritanomaly
91, 6.279, 297.075

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 0.632, 256.169

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 0.632, 256.169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 229, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 229, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 229, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 229, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 0.632, 256.169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 229, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 229, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 229, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 229, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 229, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 229,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 0.632, 256.169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 229, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
229, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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