

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 0.723, 144.810)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 0.723, 144.810) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 1.255, 144.622)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E6E4
RGB	228, 230, 228
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.1069, 0.0991, 0.1069
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	120°, 4%, 90%
HSV	120°, 1%, 90%
XYZ	74.1006, 78.4833, 84.4492
YIQ	229.1740, -0.5500, -1.0460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

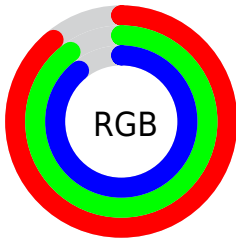
Format	Color
R_{YB}	228, 230, 230
Decimal	15001316
CIE Lab	91.00, -1.02, 0.73
CIE LCh	91, 1.255, 144.622
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3126, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293191396 (0xFFE4E6E4)
YUV	229.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -5.7299, 5.4953

Details

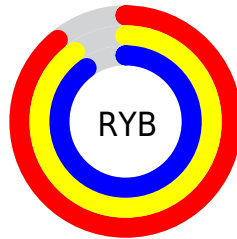
The CIELCh color **91, 1.255, 144.622** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 1.277, 324.268**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 1.323, 144.556** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 15.904, 143.811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 13.133, 324.882**.

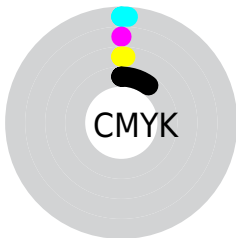
Distribution



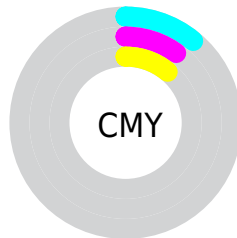
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 1.255, 144.622

■ 91, 1.255, 144.622

100, 1.255,
144.622

■ 81, 1.255, 144.622

■ 71, 1.255, 144.622

■ 61, 1.255, 144.622

■ 51, 1.255, 144.622

■ 41, 1.255, 144.622

■ 31, 1.255, 144.622

■ 21, 1.255, 144.622

■ 11, 1.255, 144.622

■ 1, 1.255, 144.622

91, 1.255, 144.622

91, 1.255, 144.622

89, 15.904,
143.811

93, 13.133,
324.882

87, 30.652,
143.091

94, 15.783,
324.970

85, 45.283,
142.257

84, 59.503,
141.299

82, 72.933,
140.230

81, 85.103,
139.092

81, 95.455,
137.971

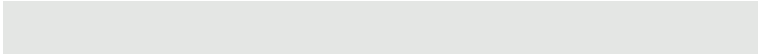
80, 103.389,
137.002

■ 80,108.420,
136.333

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



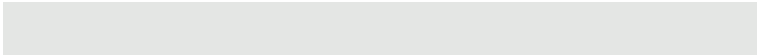
91, 1.255, 144.622



91, 1.277, 324.268

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 1.255, 144.622



91, 1.255, 194.622



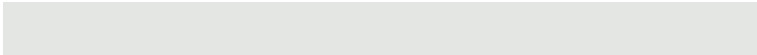
91, 1.255, 324.622



91, 1.255, 14.622

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 1.257, 144.623

100, 0.012, 296.813



91, 1.026, 110.025



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

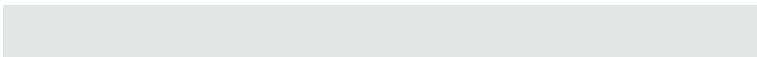
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 1.257, 144.623



100, 1.571, 144.585



91, 0.880, 164.091



48, 0.819, 144.601



63, 91.649, 136.017



17, 36.760, 138.833

Inverse Universe

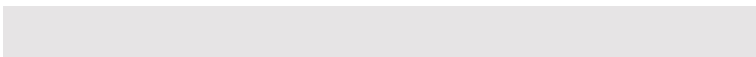
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 1.277, 324.268



99, 1.592, 324.305



91, 0.896, 343.220



48, 0.830, 324.289



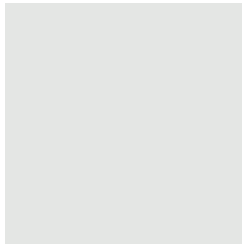
42, 88.423, 328.235



9, 37.106, 328.235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

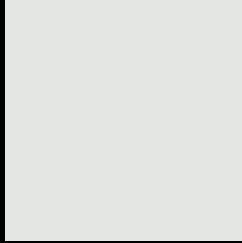
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

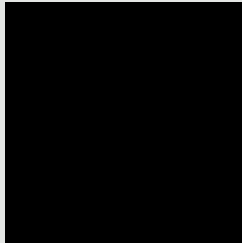
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

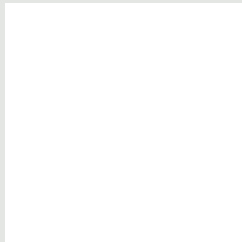
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 1.255, 144.622

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622.

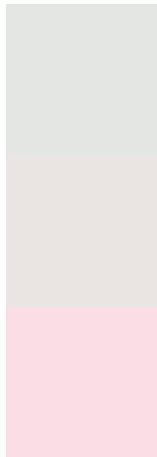


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.255, 144.622.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 1.255, 144.622

Protanopia

91, 2.208, 32.809

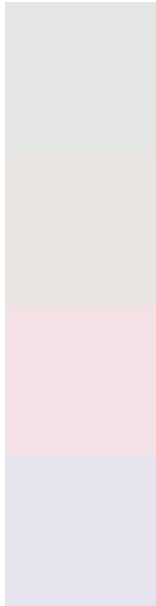
Deuteranopia

91, 11.121, 1.225



Tritanopia
91, 9.420, 297.259

Trichromacy



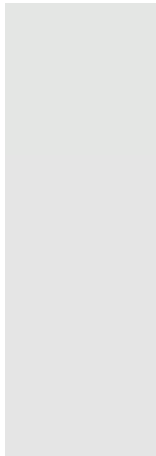
Original Color
91, 1.255, 144.622

Protanomaly
91, 1.477, 63.341

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.822, 2.183

Tritanomaly
91, 5.728, 294.147

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 1.255, 144.622

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.011, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 1.255, 144.622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 230, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 230, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 230, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 230, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.255, 144.622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 230, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 230, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 230, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 230, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 230, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 230, 228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.255, 144.622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 230, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
230, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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