

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(91, 1.194, 290.333)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 1.194, 290.333) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 1.046, 290.330)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E5E7
RGB	229, 229, 231
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.1019, 0.1019, 0.0940
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	240°, 4%, 90%
HSV	240°, 1%, 91%
XYZ	74.7725, 78.4833, 86.8253
YIQ	229.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	229, 229, 231
Decimal	15066599
CIE Lab	91.00, 0.36, -0.98
CIE LCh	91, 1.046, 290.330
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3114, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256679 (0xFFE5E5E7)
YUV	229.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -4.3762, 3.9052

Details

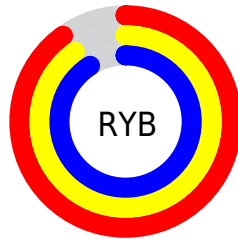
The CIELCh color **91, 1.046, 290.330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 1.021, 109.948**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 0.554, 290.337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 13.244, 291.246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 10.684, 109.283**.

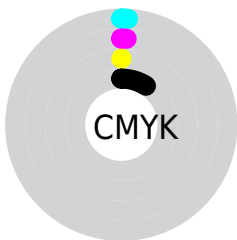
Distribution



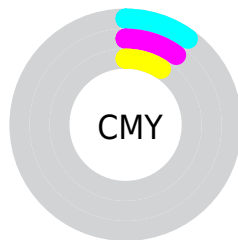
- Red (90%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 1.046, 290.330

■ 91, 1.046, 290.330

100, 1.046,
290.330

■ 81, 1.046, 290.330

■ 71, 1.046, 290.330

■ 61, 1.046, 290.330

■ 51, 1.046, 290.330

■ 41, 1.046, 290.330

■ 31, 1.046, 290.330

■ 21, 1.046, 290.330

■ 11, 1.046, 290.330

■ 1, 1.046, 290.330

91, 1.046, 290.330

91, 1.046, 290.330

83, 13.244,
291.246

98, 10.684,
109.283

76, 25.957,
292.491

99, 12.135,
109.260

68, 39.220,
293.960

61, 53.061,
295.677

53, 67.449,
297.645

46, 82.195,
299.815

40, 96.730,
302.048

34, 109.789,
304.077

■ 31, 119.362,
305.551

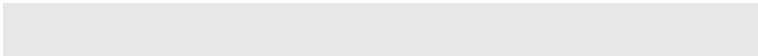
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 1.046, 290.330



92, 1.021, 109.948

Rectangle

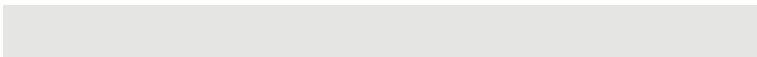
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 1.046, 290.330



91, 1.046, 340.330



91, 1.046, 110.330



91, 1.046, 160.330

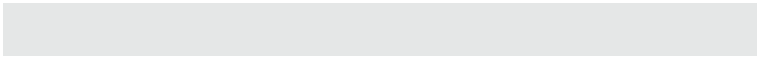
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 1.044, 290.254

100, 0.012, 296.813



92, 0.708, 198.831



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 1.044, 290.254



99, 1.305, 290.258



91, 1.106, 308.409



48, 0.681, 290.256



21, 102.300, 306.263



2, 33.632, 296.739

Inverse Universe

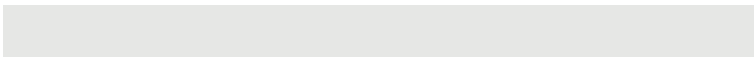
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 0.715, 18.439



99, 0.895, 18.567



92, 1.083, 128.562



48, 0.466, 18.516



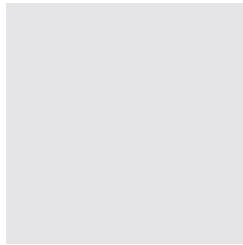
37, 79.897, 39.893



6, 27.098, 21.678

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

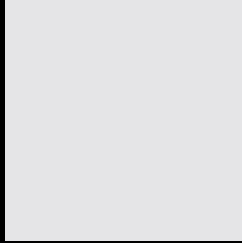
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

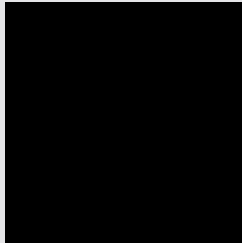
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

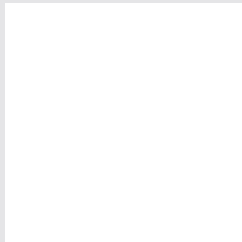
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 1.046, 290.330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330.

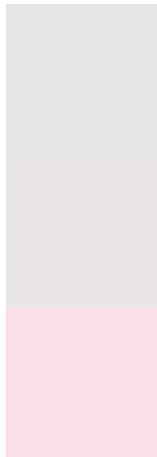


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.046, 290.330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 1.046, 290.330

Protanopia

91, 2.079, 349.366

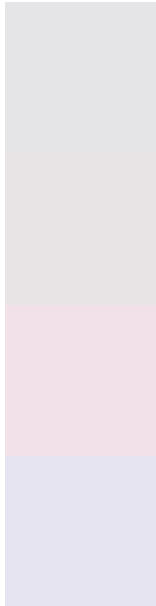
Deuteranopia

91, 11.356, 353.143



Tritanopia
91, 9.469, 299.344

Trichromacy



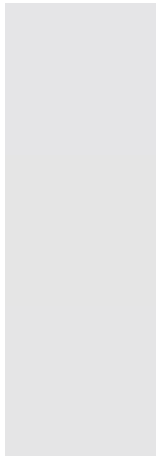
Original Color
91, 1.046, 290.330

Protanomaly
91, 1.779, 343.537

Deuteranomaly
91, 7.115, 349.255

Tritanomaly
91, 6.279, 297.075

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 1.046, 290.330

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.528, 290.355

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 1.046, 290.330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 229, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 229, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 229, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 229, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.046, 290.330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 229, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 229, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 229, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 229, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.046, 290.330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 229, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
229, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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