

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 1.416, 199.740)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 1.416, 199.740) contains.

CIELCh(91, 1.416, 199.741)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 1.416, 199.741)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2E6E6
RGB	226, 230, 230
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.1137, 0.0980, 0.0980
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	180°, 7%, 89%
HSV	180°, 2%, 90%
XYZ	73.9512, 78.4833, 86.1214
YIQ	228.8040, -2.3840, -0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

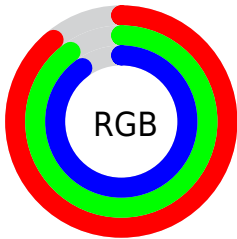
Format	Color
R _Y B	226, 228, 230
Decimal	14870246
CIE Lab	91.00, -1.33, -0.48
CIE LCh	91, 1.416, 199.741
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3100, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293060326 (0xFFE2E6E6)
YUV	228.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -6.0310, 4.3763

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 1.416, 199.741** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 1.435, 19.006**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 1.489, 199.616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 9.340, 198.751**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 6.864, 19.714**.

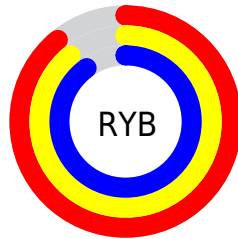
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (90%)

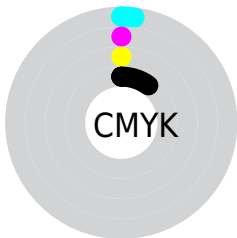
Blue (90%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (90%)

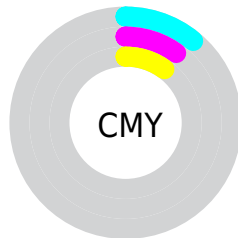


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 1.416, 199.741

■ 91, 1.416, 199.741

■ 100, 1.416,
199.741

■ 81, 1.416, 199.741

■ 71, 1.416, 199.741

■ 61, 1.416, 199.741

■ 51, 1.416, 199.741

■ 41, 1.416, 199.741

■ 31, 1.416, 199.741

■ 21, 1.416, 199.741

■ 11, 1.416, 199.741

■ 1, 1.416, 199.741

91, 1.416, 199.741

91, 1.416, 199.741

89, 9.340, 198.751

93, 6.864, 19.714

88, 16.781,
198.220

93, 9.064, 19.838

87, 23.610,
197.754

93, 9.064, 19.767

93, 9.064, 19.697

86, 29.693,
197.349

93, 9.064, 19.626

85, 34.910,
197.007

93, 9.063, 19.555

93, 9.063, 19.485

84, 39.163,
196.729

93, 9.063, 19.414

84, 42.398,
196.518

93, 9.063, 19.343

83, 44.616,
196.370

■ 83, 45.885,
196.280

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 1.416, 199.741



90, 1.435, 19.006

Rectangle

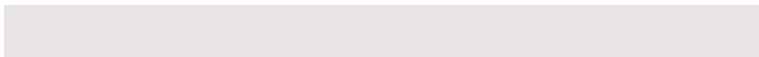
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 1.416, 199.741



91, 1.416, 249.741



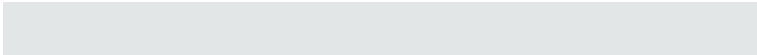
91, 1.416, 19.741



91, 1.416, 69.741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 1.417, 199.661



100, 0.886, 200.017



91, 2.510, 144.017



53, 0.504, 200.059



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

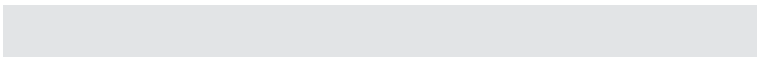
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 1.417, 199.661



100, 1.770, 199.588



91, 1.241, 254.140



48, 0.923, 199.618



66, 38.372, 196.241



18, 16.101, 196.263

Inverse Universe

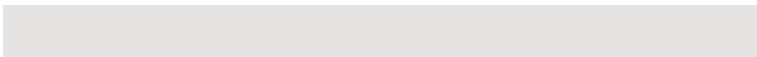
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 1.435, 19.006



99, 1.795, 19.080



91, 1.231, 73.043



48, 0.935, 19.049



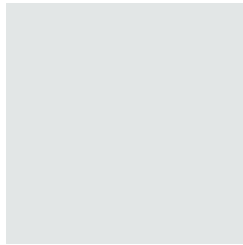
37, 79.941, 39.933



6, 27.102, 21.719

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

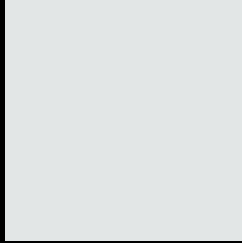
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

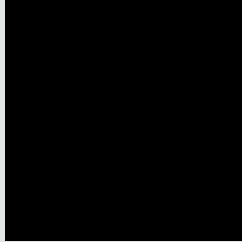
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

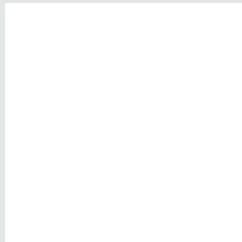
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 1.416, 199.741

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741.

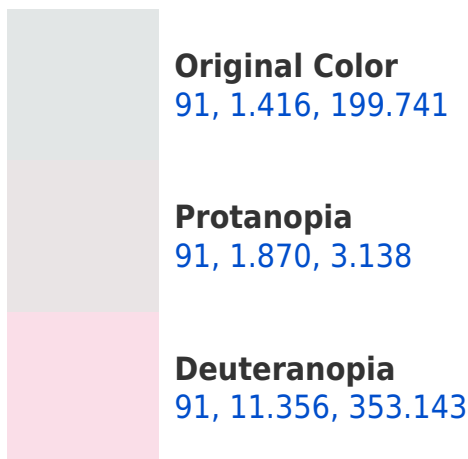


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.416, 199.741.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

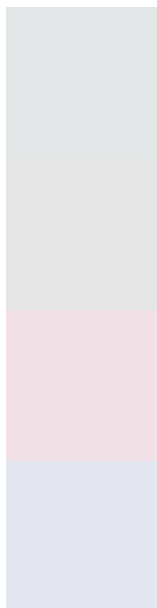
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 9.341, 290.932

Trichromacy



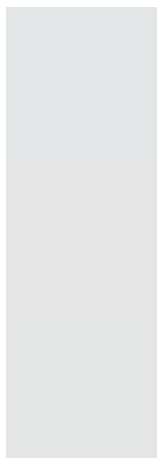
Original Color
91, 1.416, 199.741

Protanomaly
91, 0.358, 17.723

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.550, 351.506

Tritanomaly
91, 5.739, 283.676

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 1.416, 199.741

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.354, 201.105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 1.416, 199.741 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 230, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 230, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 230, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 230, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.416, 199.741 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 230, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 230, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 230, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 230, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 230, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 230,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.416, 199.741 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 230, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
230, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor