

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 1.518, 155.830)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 1.518, 155.830) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 1.489, 155.835)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E6E4
RGB	227, 230, 228
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.1100, 0.0982, 0.1061
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	140°, 6%, 90%
HSV	140°, 1%, 90%
XYZ	73.9388, 78.4833, 84.6107
YIQ	228.8750, -1.1460, -1.2580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

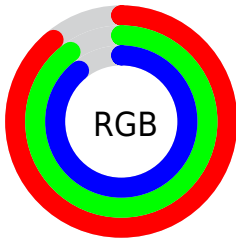
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 229, 230
Decimal	14935780
CIE Lab	91.00, -1.36, 0.61
CIE LCh	91, 1.489, 155.835
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3119, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293125860 (0xFFE3E6E4)
YUV	228.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -6.0560, 5.3873

Details

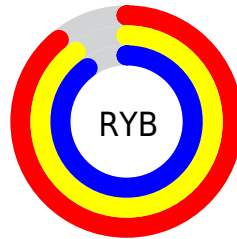
The CIELCh color **91, 1.489, 155.835** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 1.509, 335.483**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 1.570, 155.750** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 13.043, 154.846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 9.912, 336.174**.

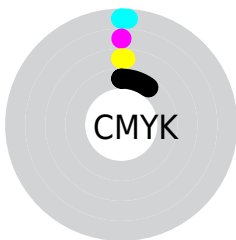
Distribution



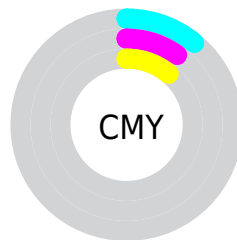
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91, 1.489, 155.835

91, 1.489, 155.835

100, 1.489,
155.835

81, 1.489, 155.835

71, 1.489, 155.835

61, 1.489, 155.835

51, 1.489, 155.835

41, 1.489, 155.835

31, 1.489, 155.835

21, 1.489, 155.835

11, 1.489, 155.835

1, 1.489, 155.835

91, 1.489, 155.835

91, 1.489, 155.835

89, 13.043,
154.846

93, 9.912, 336.174

87, 24.626,
153.987

94, 15.651,
324.965

86, 36.093,
153.014

84, 47.260,
151.899

83, 57.918,
150.617

82, 67.850,
149.150

81, 76.852,
147.488

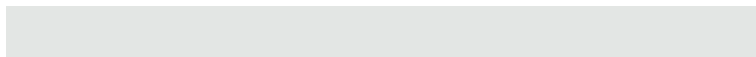
81, 84.762,
145.638

■ 80, 91.484,
143.640

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 1.489, 155.835



90, 1.509, 335.483

Rectangle

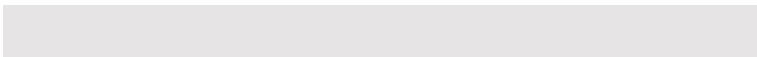
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



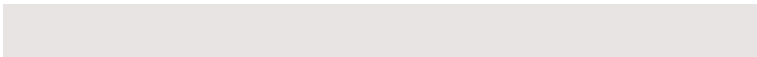
91, 1.489, 155.835



91, 1.489, 205.835



91, 1.489, 335.835



91, 1.489, 25.835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 1.491, 155.817

100, 0.012, 296.813



91, 1.584, 122.393



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

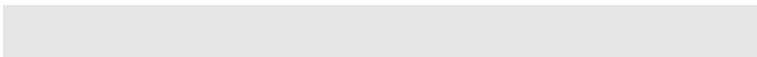
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 1.491, 155.817



100, 2.490, 155.677



91, 1.104, 184.933



48, 1.298, 155.696



64, 79.112, 142.253



17, 30.416, 146.211

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 1.509, 335.483



99, 2.510, 335.622



90, 1.118, 4.135



48, 1.309, 335.603



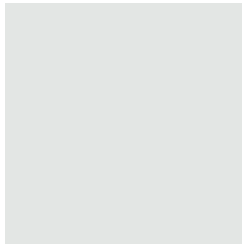
39, 69.259, 347.320



7, 29.937, 343.515

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

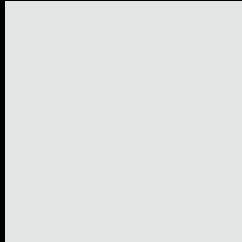
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

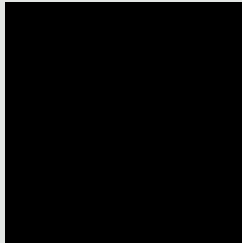
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

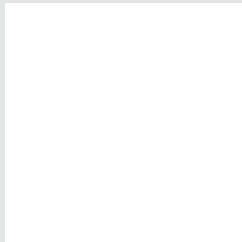
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 1.489, 155.835

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835.

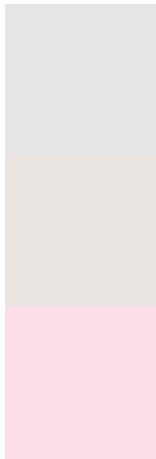


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 1.489, 155.835.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 1.489, 155.835

Protanopia

91, 2.208, 32.809

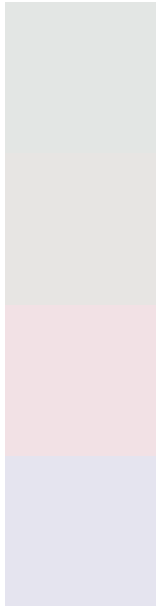
Deuteranopia

91, 11.286, 358.734



Tritanopia
91, 9.420, 297.259

Trichromacy



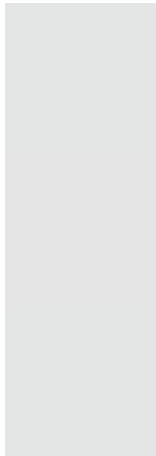
Original Color
91, 1.489, 155.835

Protanomaly
91, 1.243, 74.881

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.477, 1.171

Tritanomaly
91, 5.728, 294.147

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 1.489, 155.835

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.354, 201.105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 1.489, 155.835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 230, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 230, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 230, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 230, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.489, 155.835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 230, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 230, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 230, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 230, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 230, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 230,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 1.489, 155.835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 230, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
230, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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