

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 1.976, 90.700)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 1.976, 90.700) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 2.174, 90.683)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7E5E1
RGB	231, 229, 225
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 88%
CMY	0.0940, 0.1018, 0.1175
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	40°, 11%, 89%
HSV	40°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.5835, 78.4833, 82.4696
YIQ	229.1420, 2.4760, -0.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

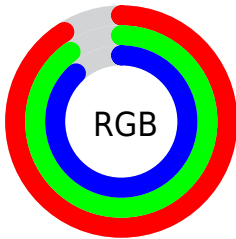
Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 231, 225
Decimal	15197665
CIE Lab	91.00, -0.03, 2.17
CIE LCh	91, 2.174, 90.683
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3167, 0.3332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293387745 (0xFFE7E5E1)
YUV	229.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -4.7571, 6.8202

Details

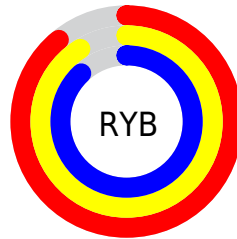
The CIELCh color **91, 2.174, 90.683** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **90, 2.193, 271.624**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 2.199, 100.023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 10.703, 89.578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 6.172, 272.115**.

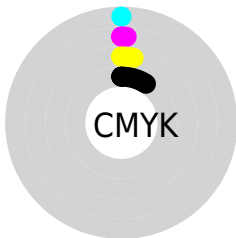
Distribution



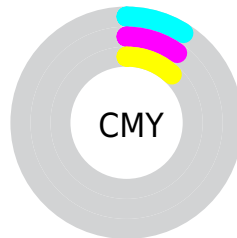
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91, 2.174, 90.683

91, 2.174, 90.683

100, 2.174, 90.683

81, 2.174, 90.683

71, 2.174, 90.683

61, 2.174, 90.683

51, 2.174, 90.683

41, 2.174, 90.683

31, 2.174, 90.683

21, 2.174, 90.683

11, 2.174, 90.683

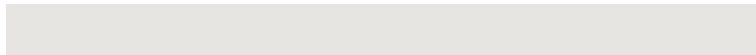
1, 2.174, 90.683

91, 2.174, 90.683	91, 2.174, 90.683
89, 10.703, 89.578	94, 6.172, 272.115
86, 19.409, 88.286	96, 7.024, 250.124
84, 28.276, 86.947	98, 7.306, 210.831
81, 37.252, 85.565	98, 8.180, 198.969
79, 46.226, 84.140	
77, 54.979, 82.652	
75, 63.110, 81.059	
73, 69.950, 79.270	
71, 74.608, 77.118	

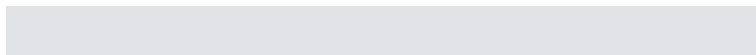
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 2.174, 90.683



90, 2.193, 271.624

Rectangle

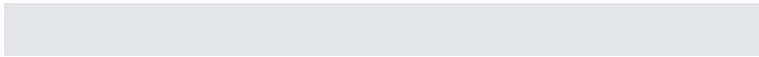
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



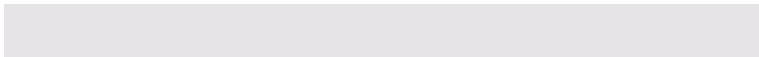
91, 2.174, 90.683



91, 2.174, 140.683



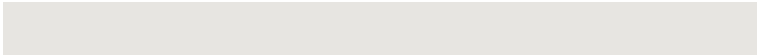
91, 2.174, 270.683



91, 2.174, 320.683

Sweetspot

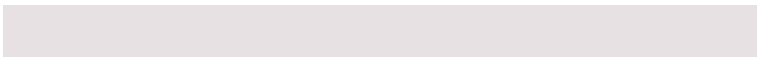
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 2.175, 90.738



100, 0.899, 90.736



90, 2.401, 353.713



53, 0.511, 90.725



0, 0.000, 0.000



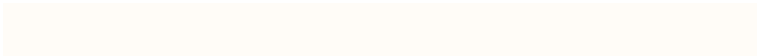
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 2.175, 90.738



99, 2.725, 90.703



91, 3.115, 116.520



48, 1.898, 90.630



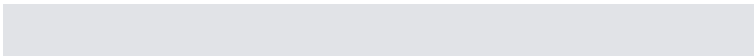
55, 63.159, 75.785



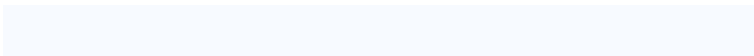
15, 22.098, 78.601

Inverse Universe

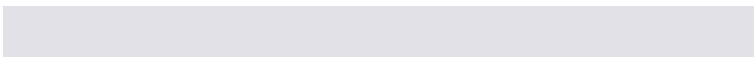
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 2.193, 271.624



98, 2.744, 271.660



90, 3.153, 296.894



47, 1.907, 271.737



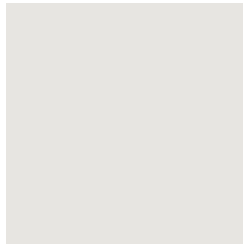
30, 74.732, 296.547



6, 25.490, 287.803

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

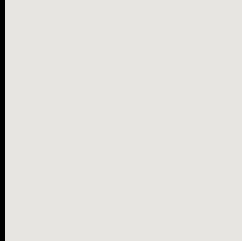
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

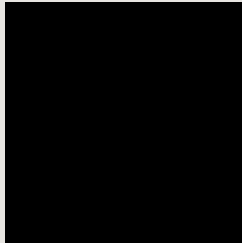
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

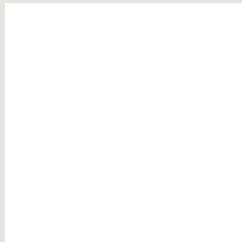
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 2.174, 90.683

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683.

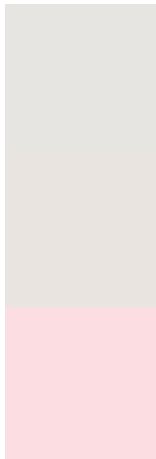


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.174, 90.683.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

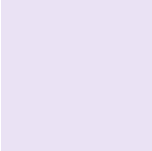
Dichromacy



Original Color
91, 2.174, 90.683

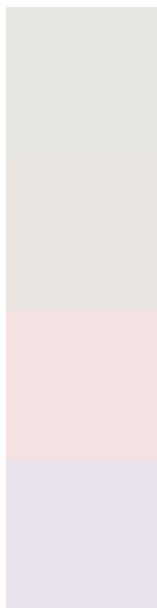
Protanopia
91, 2.974, 63.293

Deuteranopia
91, 11.125, 9.489



Tritanopia
91, 9.792, 307.443

Trichromacy



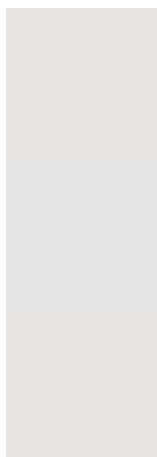
Original Color
91, 2.174, 90.683

Protanomaly
91, 2.724, 68.569

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.906, 15.526

Tritanomaly
91, 5.634, 312.628

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 2.174, 90.683

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.617, 74.653

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 2.174, 90.683 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 229, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 229, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 229, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 229, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.174, 90.683 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 229, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 229, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 229, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 229, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 229, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 229,  
225) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.174, 90.683 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 229, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
229, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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