

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 11.176, 177.818)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 11.176, 177.818)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 11.319, 177.174)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 11.319, 177.174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEECE4
RGB	206, 236, 228
RGB Percent	81%, 93%, 89%
CMY	0.1933, 0.0757, 0.1070
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.03, 0.08
HSL	164°, 44%, 87%
HSV	164°, 13%, 92%
XYZ	69.2438, 78.4833, 84.6818
YIQ	226.1180, -15.3120, -8.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

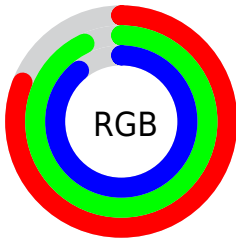
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 223, 236
Decimal	13561060
CIE Lab	91.00, -11.31, 0.56
CIE LCh	91, 11.319, 177.174
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2979, 0.3377
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291751140 (0xFFCEECE4)
YUV	226.1180, 0.9278, -17.6435
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -15.5158, 5.3397

Details

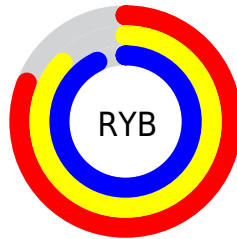
The CIELCh color **91, 11.319, 177.174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 11.795, 359.512**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 11.305, 178.711** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 19.951, 176.143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 2.442, 178.285**.

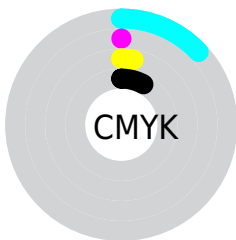
Distribution



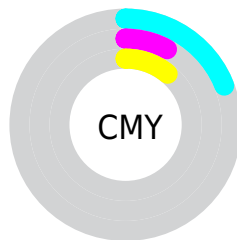
- Red (81%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (8%)





- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 91, 11.319,
177.174


 91, 11.319,
177.174


 100, 11.319,
177.174


 81, 11.319,
177.174


 71, 11.319,
177.174

 61, 11.319,
177.174

 51, 11.319,
177.174

 41, 11.319,
177.174

 31, 11.319,
177.174

 21, 11.319,

177.174

■ 11, 11.319,
177.174

■ 1, 11.319, 177.174

■ 91, 11.319,
177.174

■ 91, 11.319,
177.174

■ 89, 19.951,
176.143

■ 93, 2.442, 178.285

■ 88, 28.196,
175.054

■ 95, 6.565, 358.861

■ 87, 35.905,
173.874

■ 95, 8.848, 340.958

■ 86, 42.926,
172.579

■ 95, 11.153,
328.030

■ 95, 12.040,
324.834

■ 85, 49.123,
171.144

■ 84, 54.396,
169.545

■ 84, 58.708,
167.760

■ 84, 62.101,
165.779

■ 83, 64.141,
164.254

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 11.319, 177.174



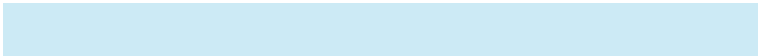
85, 11.795, 359.512

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



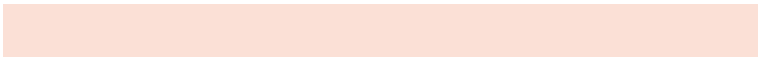
91, 11.319, 177.174



91, 11.319, 227.174



91, 11.319, 357.174



91, 11.319, 47.174

Sweetspot

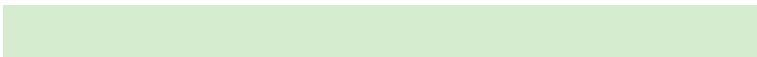
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 11.321, 177.168



99, 3.818, 178.094



91, 17.410, 135.705



53, 2.713, 178.000



0, 0.000, 0.000



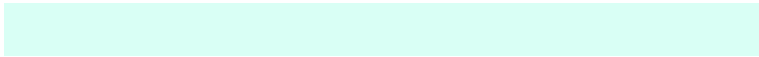
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 11.321, 177.168



97, 14.185, 176.932



90, 8.668, 221.997



48, 5.050, 177.497



66, 52.338, 164.641



19, 21.322, 168.160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 11.795, 359.512



90, 14.894, 359.776



87, 9.391, 41.040



46, 5.207, 359.153



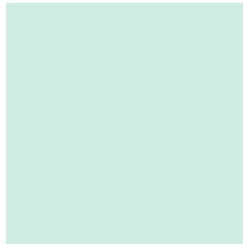
38, 68.945, 23.959



7, 27.814, 11.213

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

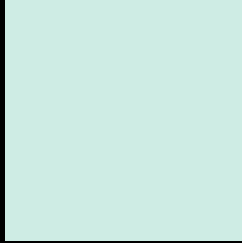
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

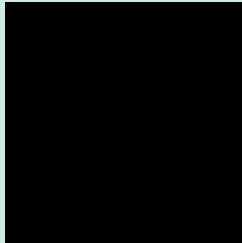
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

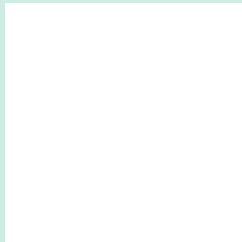
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 11.319, 177.174

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 11.319, 177.174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

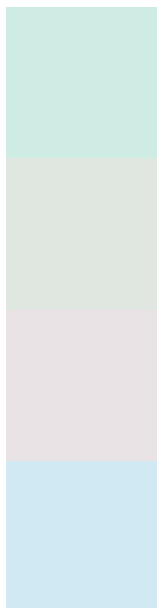




Tritanopia

91, 12.141, 253.593

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 11.319, 177.174

Protanomaly
91, 4.003, 148.511

Deuteranomaly
91, 2.964, 347.785

Tritanomaly
91, 9.830, 230.919

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 11.319, 177.174

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 4.211, 177.570

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 11.319, 177.174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 236, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 236, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 236, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 236, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 11.319, 177.174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 236, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 236, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 236, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 236, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 236, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 236,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 11.319, 177.174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 236, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
236, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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