

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 11.469, 51.856)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 11.469, 51.856) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 11.509, 52.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAE0D4
RGB	250, 224, 212
RGB Percent	98%, 88%, 83%
CMY	0.0191, 0.1211, 0.1682
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.15, 0.02
HSL	19°, 80%, 91%
HSV	19°, 15%, 98%
XYZ	78.0565, 78.4833, 73.4014
YIQ	230.4060, 19.3480, 1.7800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

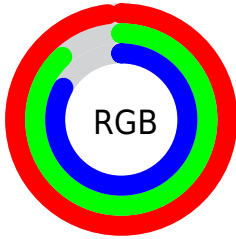
Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 230, 212
Decimal	16441556
CIE Lab	91.00, 7.02, 9.12
CIE LCh	91, 11.509, 52.388
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3395, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294631636 (0xFFFAE0D4)
YUV	230.4060, -9.0742, 17.1839
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 2.2406, 12.8892

Details

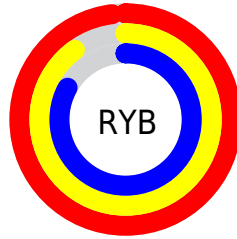
The CIELCh color **91, 11.509, 52.388** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 10.593, 234.935**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 11.562, 54.231** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 19.822, 51.783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 3.789, 52.999**.

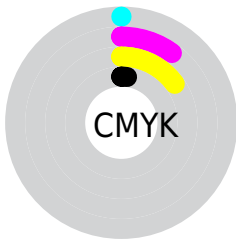
Distribution



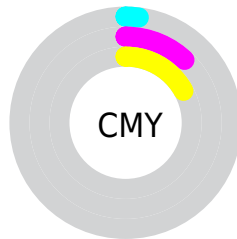
- Red (98%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 11.509, 52.388

 91, 11.509, 52.388

 100, 11.509,
52.388

 81, 11.509, 52.388

 71, 11.509, 52.388

 61, 11.509, 52.388

 51, 11.509, 52.388

 41, 11.509, 52.388

 31, 11.509, 52.388

 21, 11.509, 52.388

 11, 11.509, 52.388

 1, 11.509, 52.388

91, 11.509, 52.388

91, 11.509, 52.388

86, 19.822, 51.783

96, 3.789, 52.999

82, 28.779, 51.231

100, 1.692,
199.690

77, 38.409, 50.774

73, 48.692, 50.427

69, 59.516, 50.173

65, 70.568, 49.934

62, 81.119, 49.484

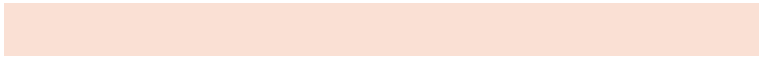
59, 89.726, 48.331

58, 93.023, 47.575

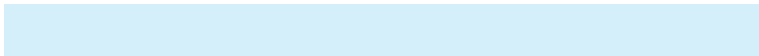
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



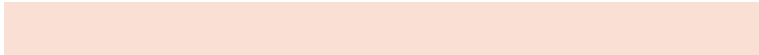
91, 11.509, 52.388



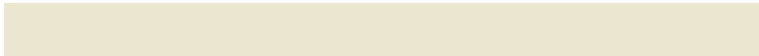
93, 10.593, 234.935

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 11.509, 52.388



91, 11.509, 102.388



91, 11.509, 232.388



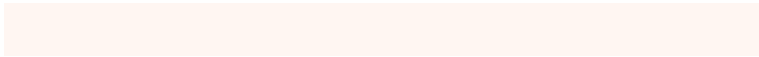
91, 11.509, 282.388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 11.509, 52.402



98, 3.702, 53.006



89, 19.389, 335.330



52, 2.533, 52.976



0, 0.000, 0.000



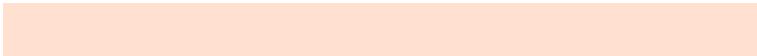
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 11.509, 52.402



91, 13.997, 52.223



96, 15.763, 98.640



50, 4.212, 52.763



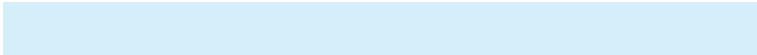
44, 74.793, 48.162



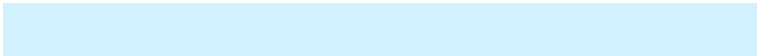
12, 27.124, 44.570

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.593, 234.935



93, 12.665, 235.235



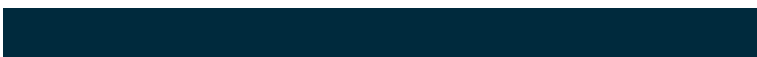
88, 16.032, 282.334



50, 4.008, 234.404



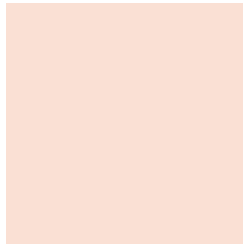
51, 40.111, 259.108



15, 17.062, 251.609

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

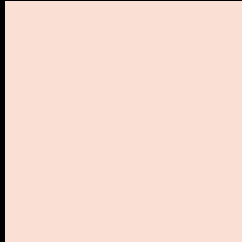
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

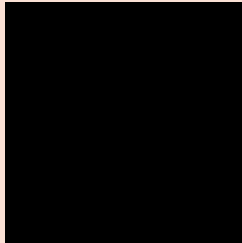
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

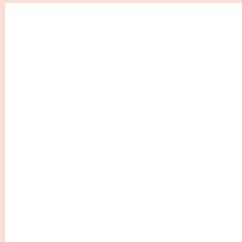
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 11.509, 52.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388.

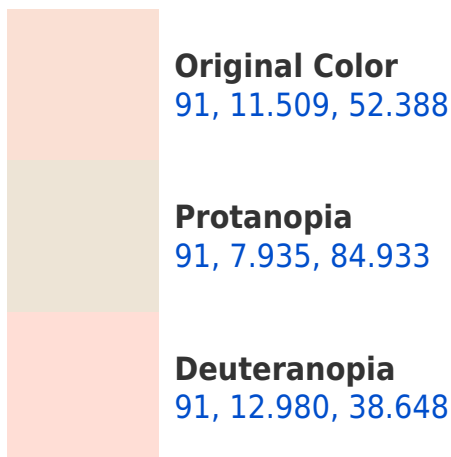


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 11.509, 52.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

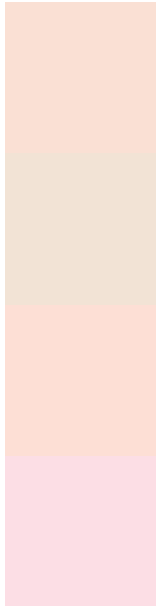
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 15.061, 342.321

Trichromacy



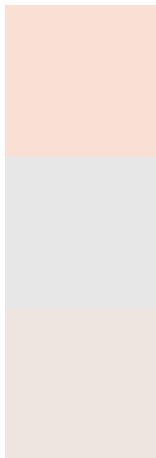
Original Color
91, 11.509, 52.388

Protanomaly
91, 9.101, 72.037

Deuteranomaly
91, 12.327, 44.727

Tritanomaly
91, 11.469, 1.856

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 11.509, 52.388

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 4.136, 57.999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 11.509, 52.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 224, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 224, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 224, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 224, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 11.509, 52.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 224, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 224, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 224, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 224, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 224, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 224,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 11.509, 52.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 224, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
224, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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