

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 12.852, 37.144)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 12.852, 37.144) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 12.802, 36.508)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDED7
RGB	255, 222, 215
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 84%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1290, 0.1565
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.16, 0.00
HSL	11°, 100%, 92%
HSV	11°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	79.7012, 78.4833, 75.3019
YIQ	231.0690, 21.9150, 4.8190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

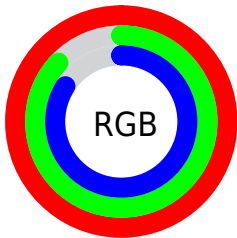
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 223, 215
Decimal	16768727
CIE Lab	91.00, 10.29, 7.62
CIE LCh	91, 12.802, 36.508
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3414, 0.3361
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958807 (0xFFFFDED7)
YUV	231.0690, -7.9220, 20.9875
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 5.5545, 11.6172

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 12.802, 36.508** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 11.507, 217.069**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 12.853, 37.498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 21.825, 36.706**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 4.418, 36.483**.

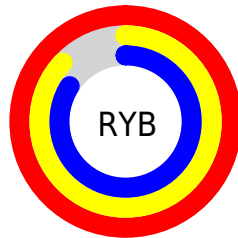
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

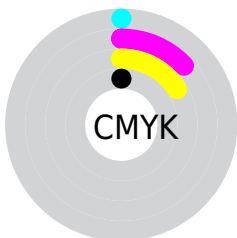
Blue (84%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (84%)

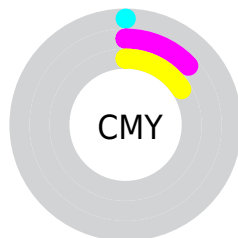


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 12.802, 36.508

 91, 12.802, 36.508

 100, 12.802,
36.508

 81, 12.802, 36.508

 71, 12.802, 36.508

 61, 12.802, 36.508

 51, 12.802, 36.508

 41, 12.802, 36.508

 31, 12.802, 36.508

 21, 12.802, 36.508

 11, 12.802, 36.508

 1, 12.802, 36.508

91, 12.802, 36.508

91, 12.802, 36.508

85, 21.825, 36.706

97, 4.418, 36.483

80, 31.646, 37.004

100, 0.012,
296.813

75, 42.232, 37.515

70, 53.531, 38.282

65, 65.381, 39.324

62, 77.418, 40.585

58, 88.826, 41.809

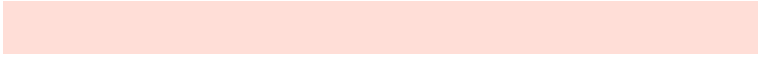
56, 97.851, 42.333

55, 100.816,
42.376

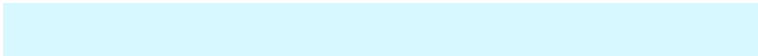
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 12.802, 36.508



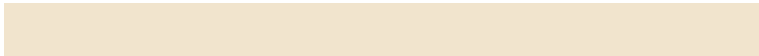
96, 11.507, 217.069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



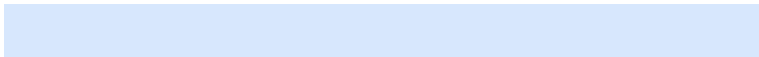
91, 12.802, 36.508



91, 12.802, 86.508



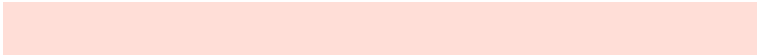
91, 12.802, 216.508



91, 12.802, 266.508

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 12.764, 36.566



97, 3.901, 36.467



90, 22.289, 330.340



51, 2.669, 36.484



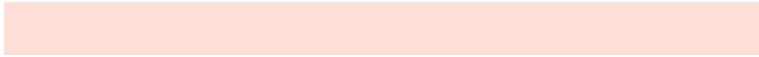
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

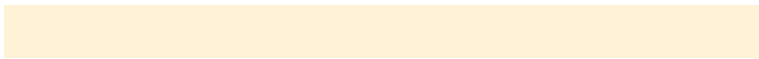
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 12.764, 36.566



89, 15.719, 36.599



96, 14.445, 89.123



50, 4.520, 36.526



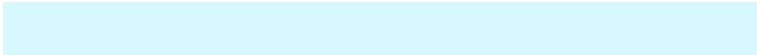
42, 80.776, 42.743



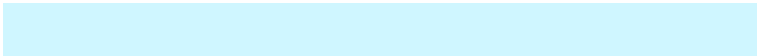
11, 30.339, 35.828

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



96, 11.507, 217.069



95, 13.829, 217.177



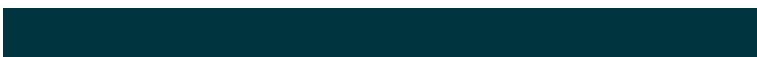
90, 14.403, 273.315



52, 4.253, 216.935



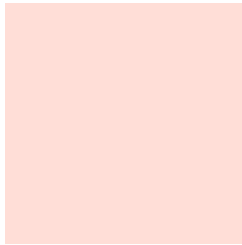
60, 35.107, 230.313



20, 16.140, 225.703

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

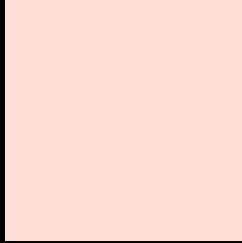
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

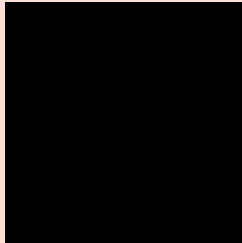
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

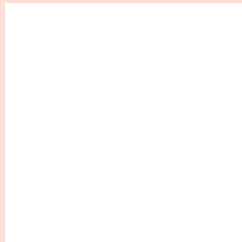
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 12.802, 36.508

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508.

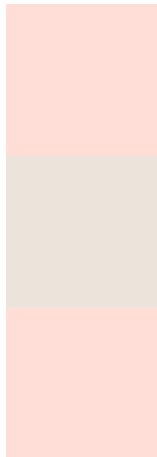


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 12.802, 36.508.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 12.802, 36.508

Protanopia

91, 5.467, 77.567

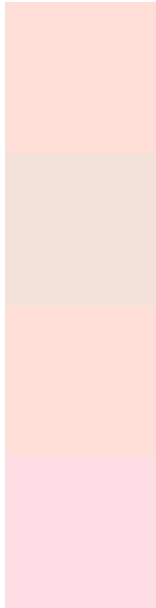
Deuteranopia

91, 12.643, 34.310



Tritanopia
91, 14.800, 348.919

Trichromacy



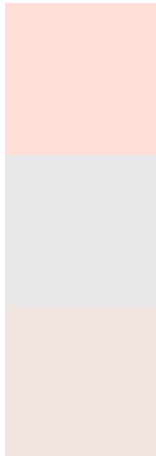
Original Color
91, 12.802, 36.508

Protanomaly
91, 7.470, 53.207

Deuteranomaly
91, 12.643, 34.310

Tritanomaly
91, 12.887, 4.063

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 12.802, 36.508

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 4.598, 39.217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 12.802, 36.508 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 222, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 222, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 222, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 222, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 12.802, 36.508 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 222, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 222, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 222, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 222, 215); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 222, 215);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 222,  
215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 12.802, 36.508 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 222, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
222, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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