

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 16.043, 62.225)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 16.043, 62.225) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 16.059, 62.217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FEDFCA
RGB	254, 223, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 79%
CMY	0.0020, 0.1236, 0.2060
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	24°, 98%, 90%
HSV	24°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	78.2874, 78.4833, 67.1929
YIQ	229.8750, 25.2170, 0.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

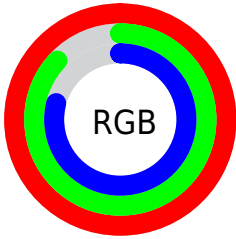
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 237, 202
Decimal	16703434
CIE Lab	91.00, 7.49, 14.21
CIE LCh	91, 16.059, 62.217
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3496, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294893514 (0xFFFEFCA)
YUV	229.8750, -13.7424, 21.1576
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 2.7060, 17.0443

# Details

The CIELCh color **91, 16.059, 62.217** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 14.706, 247.000**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 16.094, 62.303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 24.701, 61.237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 7.947, 63.221**.

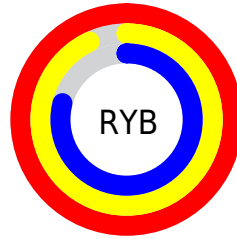
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

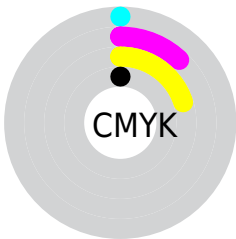
Blue (79%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (79%)

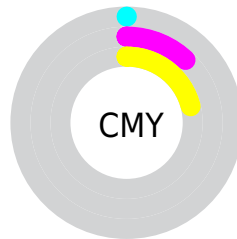


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 91, 16.059, 62.217

 91, 16.059, 62.217

 100, 16.059,  
62.217

 81, 16.059, 62.217

 71, 16.059, 62.217

 61, 16.059, 62.217

 51, 16.059, 62.217

 41, 16.059, 62.217

 31, 16.059, 62.217

 21, 16.059, 62.217

 11, 16.059, 62.217

 1, 16.059, 62.217

91, 16.059, 62.217

91, 16.059, 62.217

87, 24.701, 61.237

95, 7.947, 63.221

83, 33.904, 60.277

100, 0.319, 62.669

79, 43.664, 59.356

100, 0.174,  
203.195

75, 53.904, 58.462

71, 64.398, 57.542

68, 74.619, 56.450

65, 83.509, 54.865

62, 89.749, 52.625

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 16.059, 62.217



91, 14.706, 247.000

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 16.059, 62.217



91, 16.059, 112.217



91, 16.059, 242.217



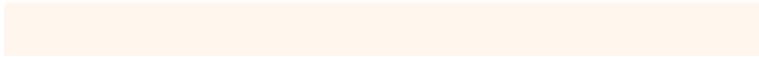
91, 16.059, 292.217

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 16.059, 62.228



97, 4.509, 63.630



87, 24.753, 340.249



52, 2.997, 63.574



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 16.059, 62.228



89, 19.962, 61.773



97, 23.810, 103.624



51, 4.321, 63.311



48, 71.992, 53.302



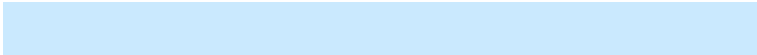
14, 27.431, 52.560



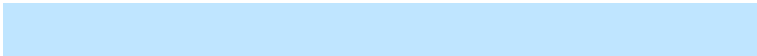


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 14.706, 247.000



89, 17.879, 247.730



84, 24.711, 288.316



51, 4.163, 245.523



47, 47.928, 273.016

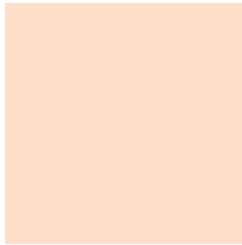


14, 20.030, 265.842



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

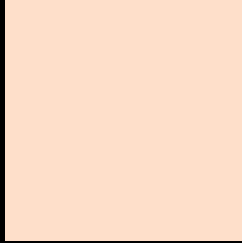
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

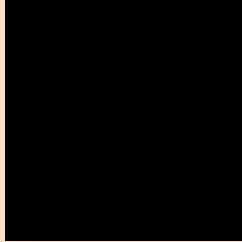
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 16.059, 62.217

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217.

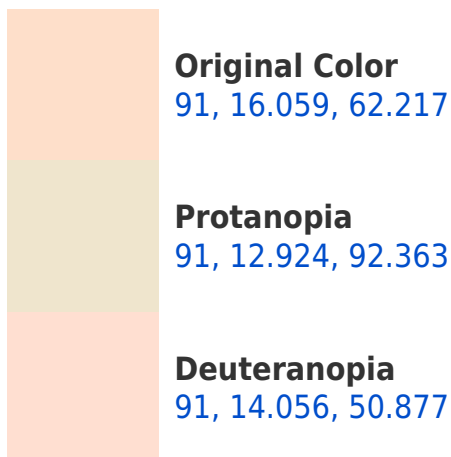



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 16.059, 62.217.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

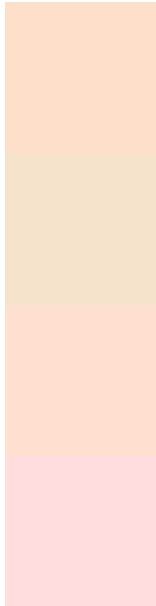




**Tritanopia**  
91, 14.800, 348.919



# Trichromacy



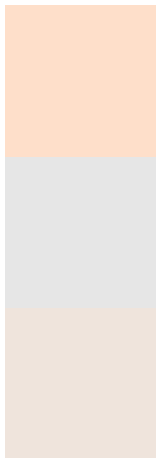
**Original Color**  
91, 16.059, 62.217

**Protanomaly**  
91, 13.672, 79.545

**Deuteranomaly**  
91, 14.655, 54.197

**Tritanomaly**  
91, 12.511, 15.548

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 16.059, 62.217

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 5.738, 65.479

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 16.059, 62.217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 223, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 223, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 223, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 223, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 16.059, 62.217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 223, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 223, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 223, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 223, 202); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 223, 202); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 223, 202) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 16.059, 62.217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 223, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
223, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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