

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 19.866, 226.334)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 19.866, 226.334)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 19.677, 225.187)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 19.677, 225.187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B6EEFF
RGB	182, 238, 255
RGB Percent	71%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2854, 0.0658, 0.0000
CMYK	0.29, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	194°, 100%, 86%
HSV	194°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	68.0672, 78.4833, 106.3579
YIQ	223.1940, -38.8330, -6.5850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

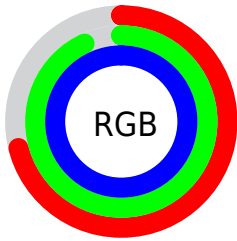
Format	Color
RYB	182, 214, 255
Decimal	11988735
CIELab	91.00, -13.87, -13.96
CIELCh	91, 19.677, 225.187
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2691, 0.3103
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290178815 (0xFFB6EEFF)
YUV	223.1940, 15.6804, -36.1271
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -17.8866, -9.1672

Details

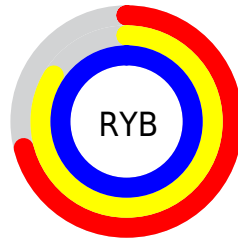
The CIELCh color **91, 19.677, 225.187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **85, 23.815, 42.342**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 5.502, 199.177**, and **71, 19.615, 224.828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 25.521, 225.921**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 13.171, 224.070**.

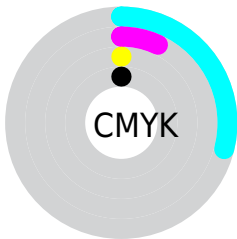
Distribution



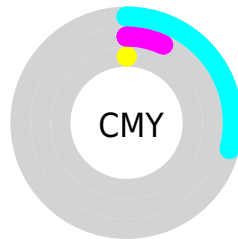
- Red (71%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 19.677,
225.187

■ 91, 19.677,
225.187

■ 100, 19.677,
225.187

■ 81, 19.677,
225.187

■ 71, 19.677,
225.187

■ 61, 19.677,
225.187

■ 51, 19.677,
225.187

■ 41, 19.677,
225.187

■ 31, 19.677,
225.187

■ 21, 19.677,

225.187

■ 11, 19.677,
225.187

■ 1, 19.677, 225.187

■ 91, 19.677,
225.187

■ 91, 19.677,
225.187

■ 88, 25.521,
225.921

■ 94, 13.171,
224.070

■ 85, 30.716,
227.333

■ 97, 6.231, 223.536

■ 83, 35.130,
229.173

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 80, 38.705,
231.533

■ 78, 41.441,
234.505

■ 76, 43.421,
238.158

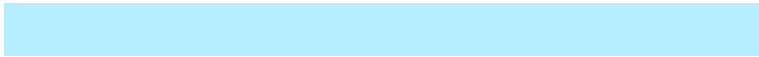
■ 74, 44.854,
242.469

■ 74, 45.056,
243.115

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



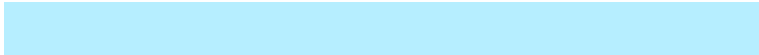
91, 19.677, 225.187



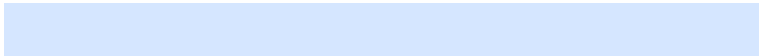
85, 23.815, 42.342

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 19.677, 225.187



91, 19.677, 275.187



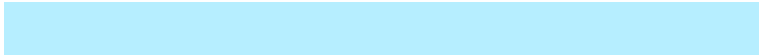
91, 19.677, 45.187



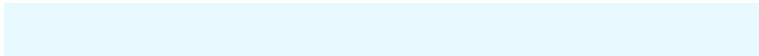
91, 19.677, 95.187

Sweetspot

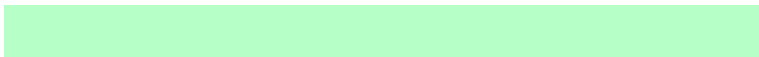
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 19.637, 224.855



97, 6.558, 223.554



94, 39.121, 148.925



51, 4.541, 223.616



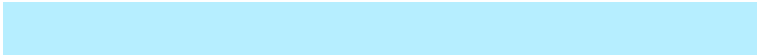
0, 0.000, 0.000



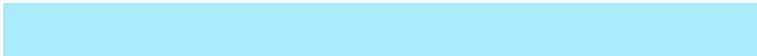
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 19.637, 224.855



89, 22.928, 225.399



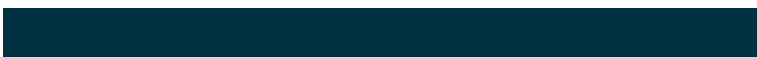
82, 28.208, 279.204



52, 4.138, 223.575



57, 36.158, 242.264



18, 16.308, 236.277

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 38.948, 333.528



79, 46.290, 333.925



93, 27.917, 91.319



50, 7.714, 332.200



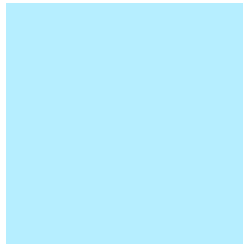
43, 77.921, 340.107



11, 36.581, 338.356

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

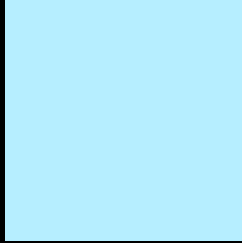
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

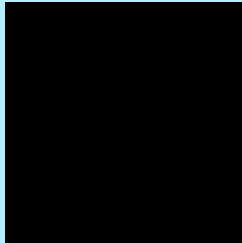
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 19.677, 225.187

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 19.677, 225.187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

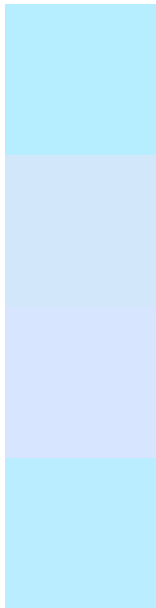
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 18.335, 229.312

Trichromacy



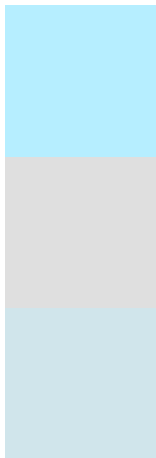
Original Color
91, 19.677, 225.187

Protanomaly
91, 12.203, 257.671

Deuteranomaly
91, 14.073, 273.260

Tritanomaly
91, 18.846, 228.366

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 19.677, 225.187

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 7.813, 222.633

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 19.677, 225.187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(182, 238, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(182, 238, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(182, 238, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(182, 238, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 19.677, 225.187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(182, 238, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(182, 238, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(182, 238, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(182, 238, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 238, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(182, 238,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 19.677, 225.187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(182, 238, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(182,  
238, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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