

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(91, 2.084, 234.317)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 2.084, 234.317) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 2.035, 230.261)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E6E8
RGB	225, 230, 232
RGB Percent	88%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.1174, 0.0977, 0.0899
CMYK	0.03, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	197°, 13%, 90%
HSV	197°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	73.9666, 78.4833, 87.6481
YIQ	228.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

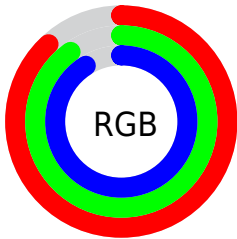
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 228, 232
Decimal	14804712
CIE Lab	91.00, -1.30, -1.56
CIE LCh	91, 2.035, 230.261
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3081, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292994792 (0xFFE1E6E8)
YUV	228.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -6.0000, 3.3545

Details

The CIELCh color `91, 2.035, 230.261` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `91, 2.061, 49.266`, and the grayscale version is `91, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `71, 1.927, 215.973` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `88, 8.588, 230.732`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `94, 4.779, 49.210`.

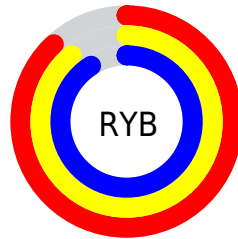
Distribution



Red (88%)

Green (90%)

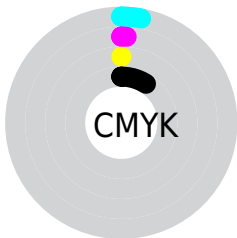
Blue (91%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (91%)

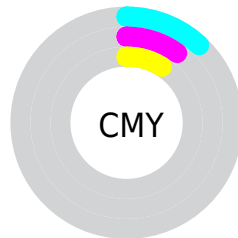


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (12%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 2.035, 230.261

■ 91, 2.035, 230.261

■ 100, 2.035,
230.261

■ 81, 2.035, 230.261

■ 71, 2.035, 230.261

■ 61, 2.035, 230.261

■ 51, 2.035, 230.261

■ 41, 2.035, 230.261

■ 31, 2.035, 230.261

■ 21, 2.035, 230.261

■ 11, 2.035, 230.261

■ 1, 2.035, 230.261

91, 2.035, 230.261

91, 2.035, 230.261

88, 8.588, 230.732

94, 4.779, 49.210

84, 14.804,
231.675

97, 7.103, 73.204

81, 20.601,
232.911

98, 9.241, 98.044

99, 11.604,
109.300

78, 25.895,
234.500

75, 30.607,
236.523

73, 34.683,
239.073

70, 38.110,
242.242

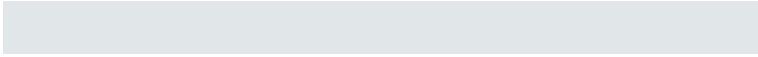
68, 40.941,
246.100

■ 66, 43.314,
250.651

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



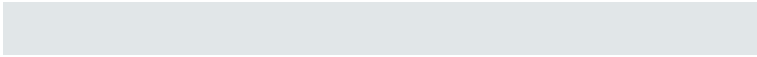
91, 2.035, 230.261



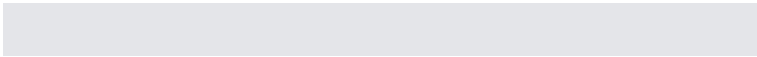
91, 2.061, 49.266

Rectangle

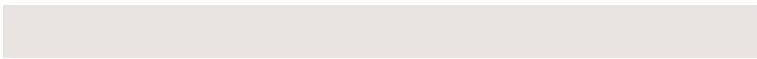
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 2.035, 230.261



91, 2.035, 280.261



91, 2.035, 50.261



91, 2.035, 100.261

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 2.035, 230.194



100, 0.734, 230.621



91, 3.614, 153.523



53, 0.418, 230.662



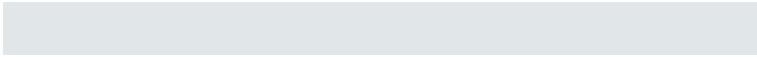
0, 0.000, 0.000



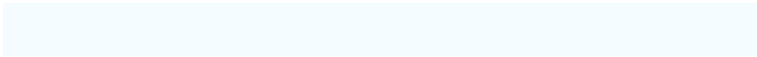
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

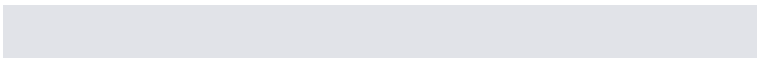
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 2.035, 230.194



99, 2.906, 230.191



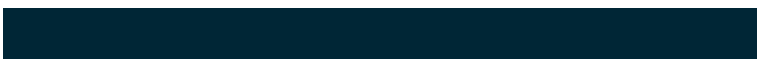
90, 2.897, 279.796



48, 1.926, 230.209



51, 36.999, 253.220



14, 15.039, 244.819

Inverse Universe

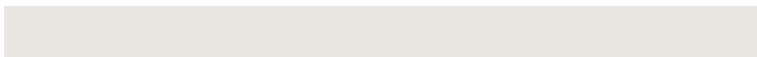
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 3.630, 333.793



97, 5.198, 333.886



91, 2.870, 98.976



48, 3.451, 333.946



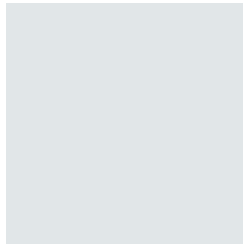
40, 72.087, 343.776



8, 31.759, 340.901

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

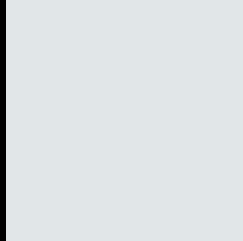
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

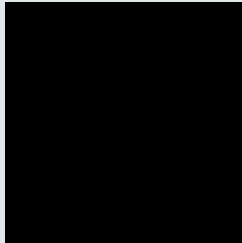
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

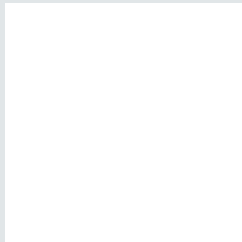
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 2.035, 230.261

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261.

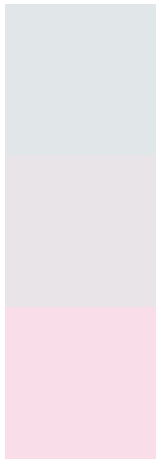


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.035, 230.261.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


91, 2.035, 230.261

Protanopia

91, 2.129, 332.282

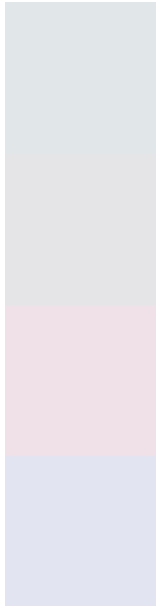
Deuteranopia

91, 11.536, 347.683



Tritanopia
91, 9.342, 288.820

Trichromacy



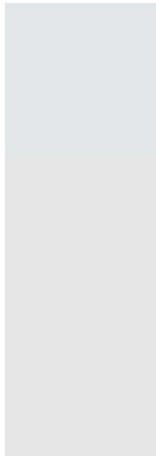
Original Color
91, 2.035, 230.261

Protanomaly
91, 1.046, 290.330

Deuteranomaly
91, 6.807, 342.334

Tritanomaly
91, 6.295, 281.162

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 2.035, 230.261

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 0.632, 256.169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 2.035, 230.261 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 230, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 230, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 230, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 230, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.035, 230.261 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 230, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 230, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 230, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 230, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 230, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 230,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.035, 230.261 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 230, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
230, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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