

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 2.696, 244.494)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 2.696, 244.494) contains.

CIELCh(91, 2.701, 249.789)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 2.701, 249.789)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E6EA
RGB	225, 230, 234
RGB Percent	88%, 90%, 92%
CMY	0.1179, 0.0983, 0.0826
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	207°, 18%, 90%
HSV	207°, 4%, 92%
XYZ	74.1442, 78.4833, 89.0259
YIQ	228.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

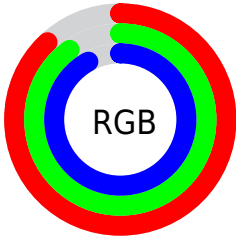
Format	Color
R _Y B	225, 228, 234
Decimal	14804714
CIE Lab	91.00, -0.93, -2.53
CIE LCh	91, 2.701, 249.789
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3068, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292994794 (0xFFE1E6EA)
YUV	228.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -5.6422, 2.4324

Details

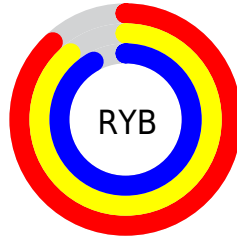
The CIELCh color **91, 2.701, 249.789** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 2.721, 68.522**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 2.451, 241.456** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 9.614, 250.938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 4.330, 68.357**.

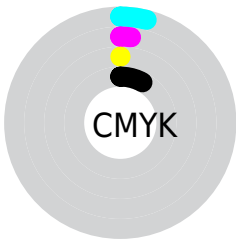
Distribution



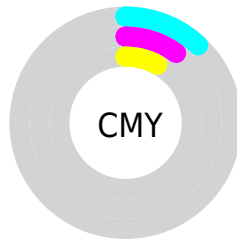
- Red (88%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 2.701, 249.789

■ 91, 2.701, 249.789

■ 100, 2.701,
249.789

■ 81, 2.701, 249.789

■ 71, 2.701, 249.789

■ 61, 2.701, 249.789

■ 51, 2.701, 249.789

■ 41, 2.701, 249.789

■ 31, 2.701, 249.789

■ 21, 2.701, 249.789

■ 11, 2.701, 249.789

■ 1, 2.701, 249.789

91, 2.701, 249.789

91, 2.701, 249.789

87, 9.614, 250.938

95, 4.330, 68.357

82, 16.370,
252.504

98, 8.645, 99.203

78, 22.927,
254.408

100, 10.667,
109.370

74, 29.246,
256.711

70, 35.306,
259.482

66, 41.110,
262.782

63, 46.707,
266.642

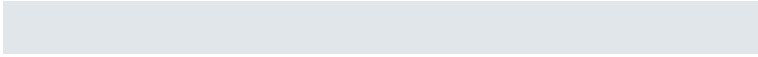
59, 52.195,
271.031

■ 56, 57.716,
275.821

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 2.701, 249.789



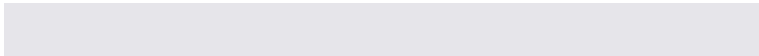
91, 2.721, 68.522

Rectangle

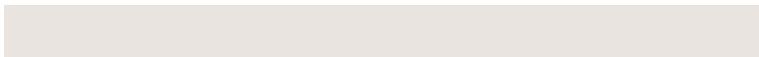
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



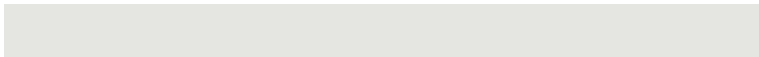
91, 2.701, 249.789



91, 2.701, 299.789



91, 2.701, 69.789



91, 2.701, 119.789

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 2.700, 249.741



100, 0.760, 249.885



92, 4.162, 160.032



53, 0.432, 249.913



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 2.700, 249.741



98, 3.758, 249.844



90, 4.375, 287.786



48, 2.392, 249.910



42, 49.776, 277.926



10, 18.693, 269.280

Inverse Universe

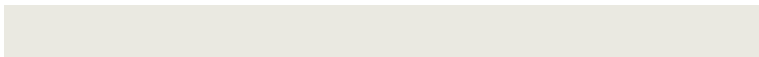
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 4.159, 340.949



97, 5.804, 341.067



92, 4.324, 106.952



47, 3.700, 341.129



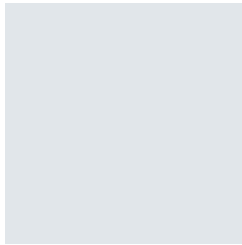
39, 66.451, 356.735



8, 29.222, 351.080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

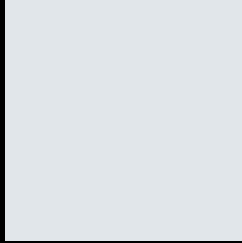
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

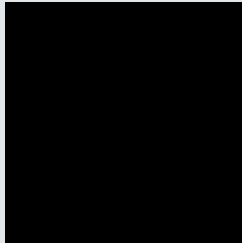
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

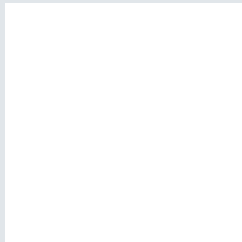
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 2.701, 249.789

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789.

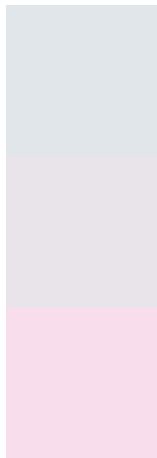


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 2.701, 249.789.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


91, 2.701, 249.789

Protanopia

91, 2.979, 318.828

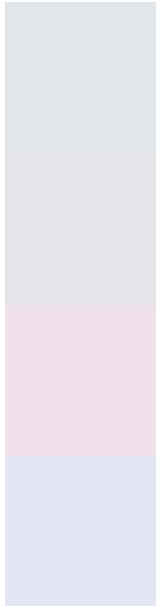
Deuteranopia

91, 11.823, 342.453



Tritanopia
91, 9.342, 288.820

Trichromacy



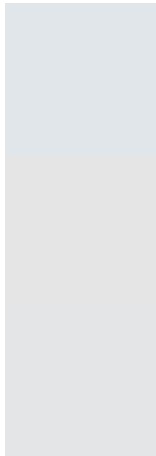
Original Color
91, 2.701, 249.789

Protanomaly
91, 2.082, 290.379

Deuteranomaly
91, 7.481, 336.052

Tritanomaly
91, 6.807, 281.940

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 2.701, 249.789

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 1.099, 271.528

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 2.701, 249.789 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 230, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 230, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 230, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 230, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.701, 249.789 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 230, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 230, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 230, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 230, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 230, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 230,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 2.701, 249.789 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 230, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
230, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor