

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 20.459, 236.798)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 20.459, 236.798)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 18.846, 228.366)	3
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Color

CIELCh(91, 18.846, 228.366)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9EEFF
RGB	185, 238, 255
RGB Percent	73%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2726, 0.0686, 0.0000
CMYK	0.27, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	195°, 100%, 86%
HSV	195°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	68.6841, 78.4833, 106.5614
YIQ	224.0910, -37.0450, -5.9490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

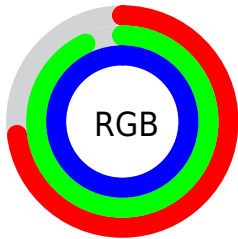
Format	Color
R _Y B	185, 215, 255
Decimal	12185343
CIE Lab	91.00, -12.52, -14.09
CIE LCh	91, 18.846, 228.366
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2707, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290375423 (0xFFB9EEFF)
YUV	224.0910, 15.2381, -34.2828
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -16.6435, -9.3034

Details

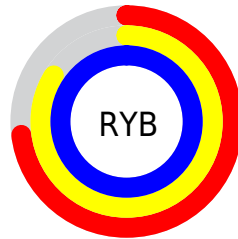
The CIELCh color **91, 18.846, 228.366** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **86, 22.402, 44.614**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 4.482, 199.269**, and **71, 18.850, 226.049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 24.717, 228.785**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 12.228, 226.733**.

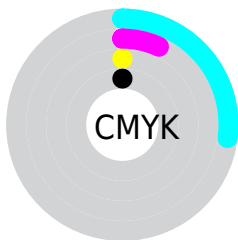
Distribution



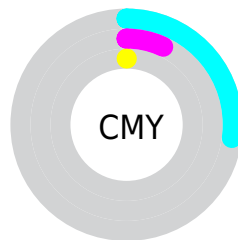
- Red (73%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 18.846,
228.366

■ 91, 18.846,
228.366

■ 100, 18.846,
228.366

■ 81, 18.846,
228.366

■ 71, 18.846,
228.366

■ 61, 18.846,
228.366

■ 51, 18.846,
228.366

■ 41, 18.846,
228.366

■ 31, 18.846,
228.366

■ 21, 18.846,

228.366

■ 11, 18.846,
228.366

■ 1, 18.846, 228.366

■ 91, 18.846,
228.366

■ 91, 18.846,
228.366

■ 88, 24.717,
228.785

■ 94, 12.228,
226.733

■ 85, 30.048,
230.318

■ 98, 5.274, 226.125

■ 82, 34.649,
232.295

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 80, 38.463,
234.812

■ 77, 41.492,
237.961

■ 75, 43.818,
241.809

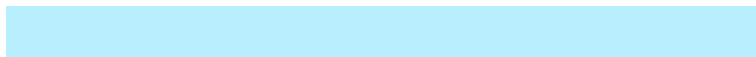
■ 73, 45.627,
246.343

■ 72, 46.106,
247.633

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



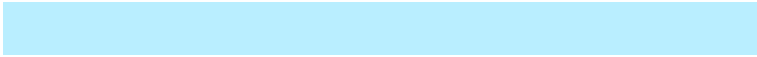
91, 18.846, 228.366



86, 22.402, 44.614

Rectangle

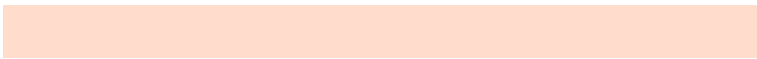
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 18.846, 228.366



91, 18.846, 278.366



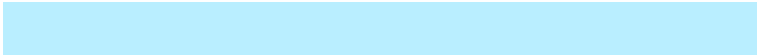
91, 18.846, 48.366



91, 18.846, 98.366

Sweetspot

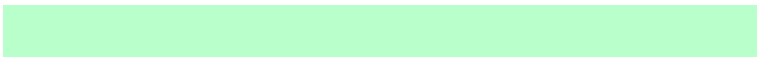
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 18.743, 227.613



97, 5.802, 226.158



94, 36.456, 150.224



51, 4.109, 226.232



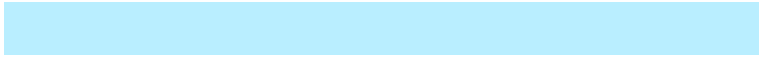
0, 0.000, 0.000



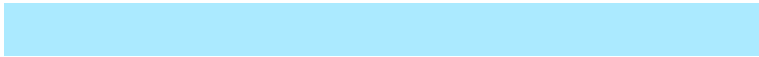
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 18.743, 227.613



89, 22.245, 228.246



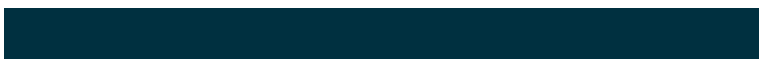
82, 28.012, 281.190



51, 4.109, 226.232



56, 36.947, 246.732



18, 16.510, 240.336

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83, 36.663, 334.269



80, 44.305, 334.699



94, 27.481, 93.884



50, 7.598, 333.000



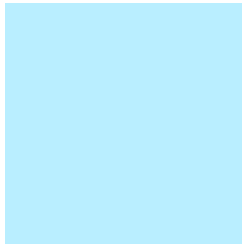
43, 76.755, 341.518



11, 36.082, 339.527

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

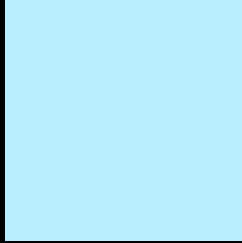
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

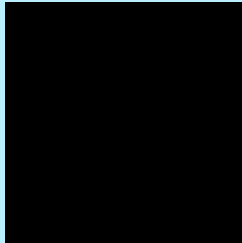
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 18.846, 228.366

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 18.846, 228.366.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 18.080, 229.807

Trichromacy



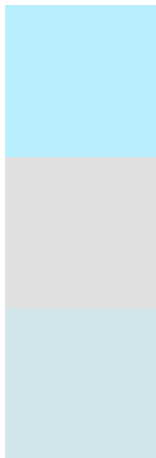
Original Color
91, 18.897, 226.426

Protanomaly
91, 12.034, 259.001

Deuteranomaly
91, 14.335, 277.781

Tritanomaly
91, 18.335, 229.312

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 18.897, 226.426

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
90, 7.202, 224.812

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 18.846, 228.366 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 238, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 238, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 238, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 238, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 18.846, 228.366 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 238, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 238, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 238, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 238, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 238, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 238,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 18.846, 228.366 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 238, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
238, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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