

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 29.004, 179.136)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 29.004, 179.136)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 29.040, 178.698)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 29.040, 178.698)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A2F5E3
RGB	162, 245, 227
RGB Percent	64%, 96%, 89%
CMY	0.3649, 0.0395, 0.1100
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.07, 0.04
HSL	167°, 80%, 80%
HSV	167°, 34%, 96%
XYZ	61.3770, 78.4833, 84.5413
YIQ	218.1310, -43.6900, -23.1940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

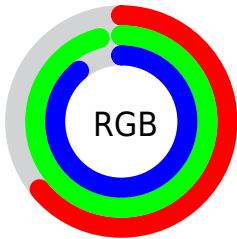
Format	Color
RYB	162, 209, 245
Decimal	10679779
CIELab	91.00, -29.03, 0.66
CIELCh	91, 29.040, 178.698
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2735, 0.3497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288869859 (0xFFA2F5E3)
YUV	218.1310, 4.3724, -49.2269
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -31.3666, 5.4337

Details

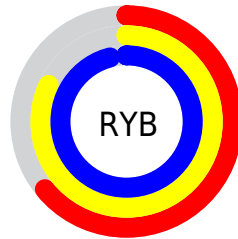
The CIELCh color **91, 29.040, 178.698** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **75, 33.285, 5.959**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 12.126, 198.696**, and **71, 28.667, 179.306** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 36.518, 177.568**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 20.945, 179.747**.

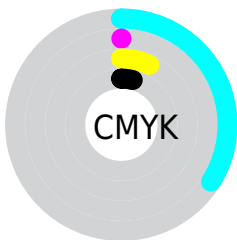
Distribution



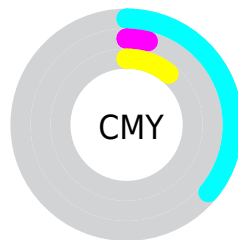
- Red (64%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 29.040,
178.698


 91, 29.040,
178.698

 100, 29.040,
178.698

 81, 29.040,
178.698


 71, 29.040,
178.698

 61, 29.040,
178.698

 51, 29.040,
178.698

 41, 29.040,
178.698

 31, 29.040,
178.698

 21, 29.040,

178.698

■ 11, 29.040,
178.698

■ 1, 29.040, 178.698

■ 91, 29.040,
178.698

■ 91, 29.040,
178.698

■ 90, 36.518,
177.568

■ 92, 20.945,
179.747

■ 89, 43.224,
176.341

■ 94, 12.385,
180.744

■ 88, 49.030,
174.993

■ 96, 3.504, 181.790

■ 87, 53.846,
173.497

■ 97, 3.936, 354.615

■ 97, 5.651, 328.985

■ 87, 57.651,
171.833

■ 98, 6.265, 324.610

■ 87, 60.509,
169.987

■ 87, 61.923,
168.800

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



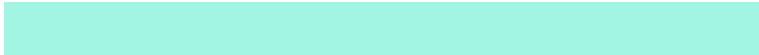
91, 29.040, 178.698



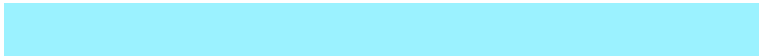
75, 33.285, 5.959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 29.040, 178.698



91, 29.040, 228.698



91, 29.040, 358.698



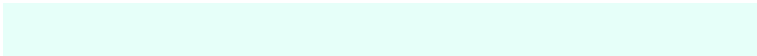
91, 29.040, 48.698

Sweetspot

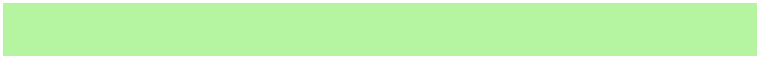
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 29.041, 178.696



98, 9.262, 181.126



91, 48.580, 136.028



52, 6.308, 180.986



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 29.041, 178.696



93, 35.565, 177.892



85, 22.014, 230.440



50, 5.096, 181.179



67, 50.156, 169.159



21, 21.499, 172.045

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 33.285, 5.959



74, 42.070, 7.195



80, 27.521, 46.053



48, 5.282, 2.809



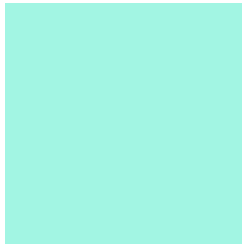
39, 72.583, 28.190



9, 29.934, 15.907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

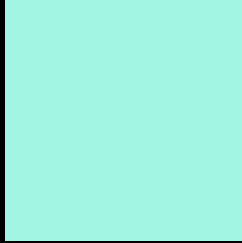
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

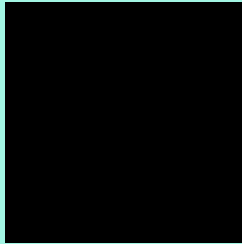
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 29.040, 178.698

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698.

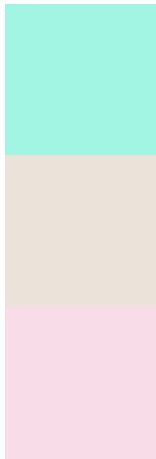


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 29.040, 178.698.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
91, 29.040, 178.698

Protanopia
91, 5.919, 80.158

Deuteranopia
91, 11.285, 349.917



Tritanopia
91, 20.196, 224.419

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 29.040, 178.698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 245, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 245, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 245, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 245, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 29.040, 178.698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 245, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 245, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 245, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 245, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 245, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 245,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 29.040, 178.698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 245, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
245, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor