

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 3.325, 230.281)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 3.325, 230.281) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(91, 3.494, 225.837)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEE7EA
RGB	222, 231, 234
RGB Percent	87%, 91%, 92%
CMY	0.1301, 0.0948, 0.0831
CMYK	0.05, 0.01, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	195°, 22%, 89%
HSV	195°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	73.4211, 78.4833, 88.9856
YIQ	228.6510, -6.3270, -0.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

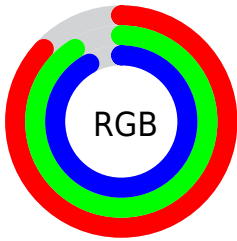
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	222, 227, 234
Decimal	14608362
CIE Lab	91.00, -2.43, -2.51
CIE LCh	91, 3.494, 225.837
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3048, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292798442 (0xFFDEE7EA)
YUV	228.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -7.0991, 2.4593

# Details

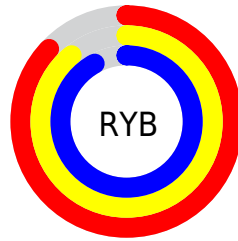
The CIELCh color **91, 3.494, 225.837** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **90, 3.595, 44.992**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 3.345, 228.698** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 10.057, 226.309**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 3.374, 44.995**.

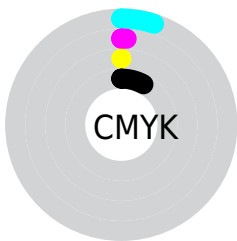
# Distribution



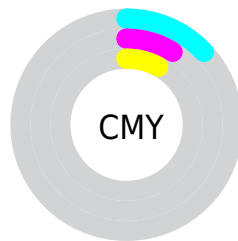
- Red (87%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 3.494, 225.837

91, 3.494, 225.837

100, 3.494,  
225.837

81, 3.494, 225.837

71, 3.494, 225.837

61, 3.494, 225.837

51, 3.494, 225.837

41, 3.494, 225.837

31, 3.494, 225.837

21, 3.494, 225.837

11, 3.494, 225.837

1, 3.494, 225.837

91, 3.494, 225.837

91, 3.494, 225.837

88, 10.057,  
226.309

94, 3.374, 44.995

85, 16.230,  
227.115

96, 6.300, 64.132

82, 21.920,  
228.197

98, 7.746, 91.545

99, 10.312,  
107.752

79, 27.032,  
229.617

99, 10.720,  
109.366

77, 31.481,  
231.454

74, 35.203,  
233.801

72, 38.185,  
236.749

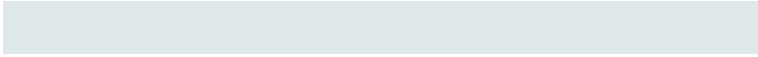
70, 40.482,  
240.376

■ 68, 42.237,  
244.701

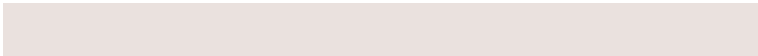
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 3.494, 225.837



90, 3.595, 44.992

# Rectangle

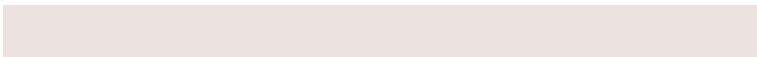
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



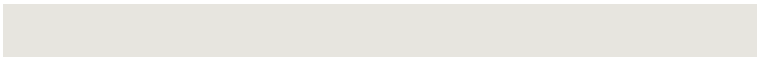
91, 3.494, 225.837



91, 3.494, 275.837



91, 3.494, 45.837



91, 3.494, 95.837

# Sweetspot

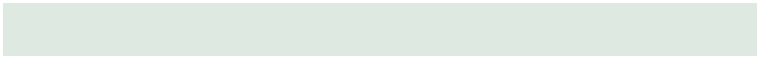
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 3.494, 225.799



99, 1.473, 225.901



92, 6.430, 151.443



53, 0.838, 225.918



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 3.494, 225.799



98, 4.375, 225.823



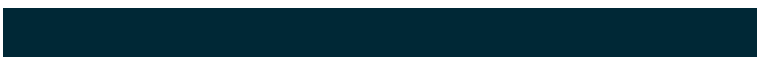
90, 4.700, 276.768



48, 2.706, 225.843



53, 35.352, 246.107



14, 14.657, 238.368



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 6.380, 332.603



96, 8.009, 332.670



92, 4.670, 95.439



47, 4.963, 332.714



41, 73.844, 341.314

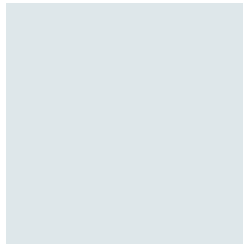


8, 32.459, 338.952



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

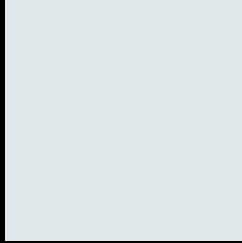
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

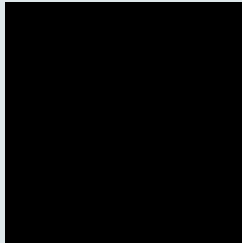
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

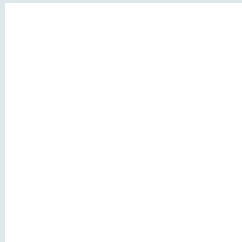
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 3.494, 225.837

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 3.494, 225.837.

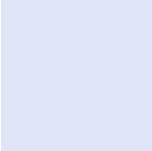
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

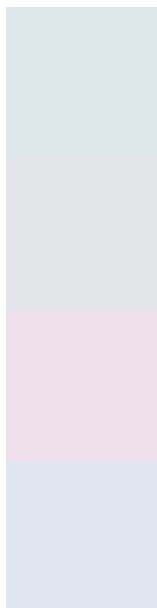






**Tritanopia**  
91, 9.460, 280.495

# Trichromacy



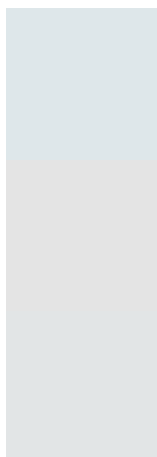
**Original Color**  
91, 3.494, 225.837

**Protanomaly**  
91, 2.106, 280.729

**Deuteranomaly**  
91, 6.986, 331.924

**Tritanomaly**  
91, 6.634, 269.298

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 3.494, 225.837

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 1.179, 225.992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 3.494, 225.837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 231, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 231, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 231, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 231, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 3.494, 225.837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 231, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 231, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 231, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 231, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 231, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 231,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 3.494, 225.837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 231, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
231, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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