

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 31.258, 86.174)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 31.258, 86.174) contains.

CIELCh(91, 31.134, 86.119)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(91, 31.134, 86.119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE2AA
RGB	255, 226, 170
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 67%
CMY	0.0004, 0.1141, 0.3337
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.33, 0.00
HSL	40°, 100%, 83%
HSV	40°, 33%, 100%
XYZ	75.6232, 78.4833, 49.1493
YIQ	228.2870, 35.2600, -11.2680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

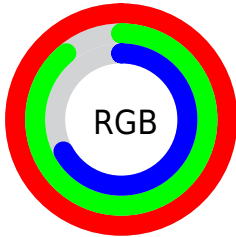
Format	Color
RYB	214, 255, 170
Decimal	16769706
CIELab	91.00, 2.11, 31.06
CIELCh	91, 31.134, 86.119
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3721, 0.3861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959786 (0xFFFFE2AA)
YUV	228.2870, -28.7355, 23.4273
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -2.6621, 29.1201

Details

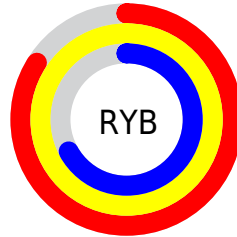
The CIELCh color **91, 31.134, 86.119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **80, 30.812, 275.893**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 14.673, 109.069**, and **71, 31.333, 86.524** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 40.825, 84.727**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 21.571, 87.480**.

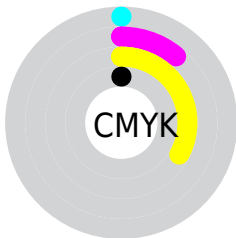
Distribution



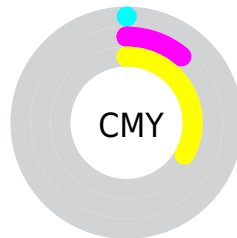
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 31.134, 86.119


 91, 31.134, 86.119

 100, 31.134,
86.119

 81, 31.134, 86.119

 71, 31.134, 86.119

 61, 31.134, 86.119

 51, 31.134, 86.119

 41, 31.134, 86.119

 31, 31.134, 86.119

 21, 31.134, 86.119

 11, 31.134, 86.119

 1, 31.134, 86.119

91, 31.134, 86.119

91, 31.134, 86.119

88, 40.825, 84.727

94, 21.571, 87.480

86, 50.514, 83.283

96, 12.189, 88.788

84, 59.952, 81.772

99, 3.011, 89.987

81, 68.678, 80.143

100, 0.034,
219.248

79, 75.927, 78.292

77, 80.708, 76.035

76, 82.472, 74.274

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 31.134, 86.119



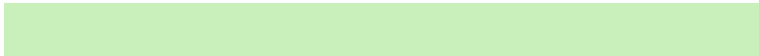
80, 30.812, 275.893

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 31.134, 86.119



91, 31.134, 136.119



91, 31.134, 266.119



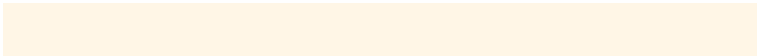
91, 31.134, 316.119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 31.135, 86.125



97, 9.102, 89.210



79, 35.275, 356.328



52, 6.220, 89.034



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

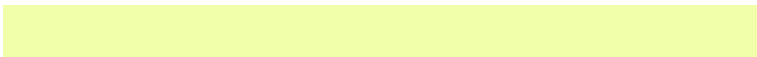
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 31.135, 86.125



89, 37.590, 85.199



97, 42.850, 113.544



52, 5.171, 89.272



58, 66.453, 74.834



19, 27.993, 77.602

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 30.812, 275.893



76, 37.169, 277.350



74, 46.410, 299.242



50, 5.166, 271.793



33, 78.013, 296.252



8, 31.290, 291.047

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

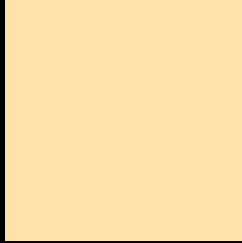
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

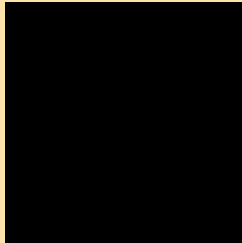
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 31.134, 86.119

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 31.134, 86.119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 31.134, 86.119

Protanopia

91, 30.550, 95.073

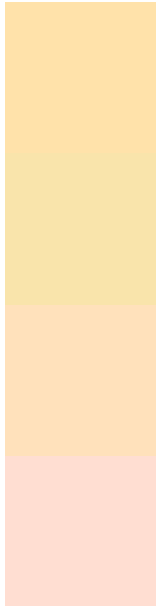
Deuteranopia

91, 18.378, 68.869



Tritanopia
91, 14.315, 352.485

Trichromacy



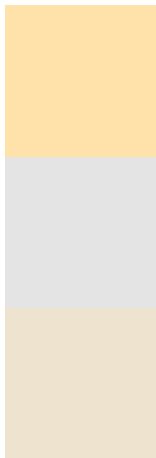
Original Color
91, 31.134, 86.119

Protanomaly
91, 30.489, 91.996

Deuteranomaly
91, 22.895, 78.017

Tritanomaly
91, 13.866, 46.560

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 31.134, 86.119

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 11.105, 87.691

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 31.134, 86.119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 226, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 31.134, 86.119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 226, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 226, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 31.134, 86.119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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